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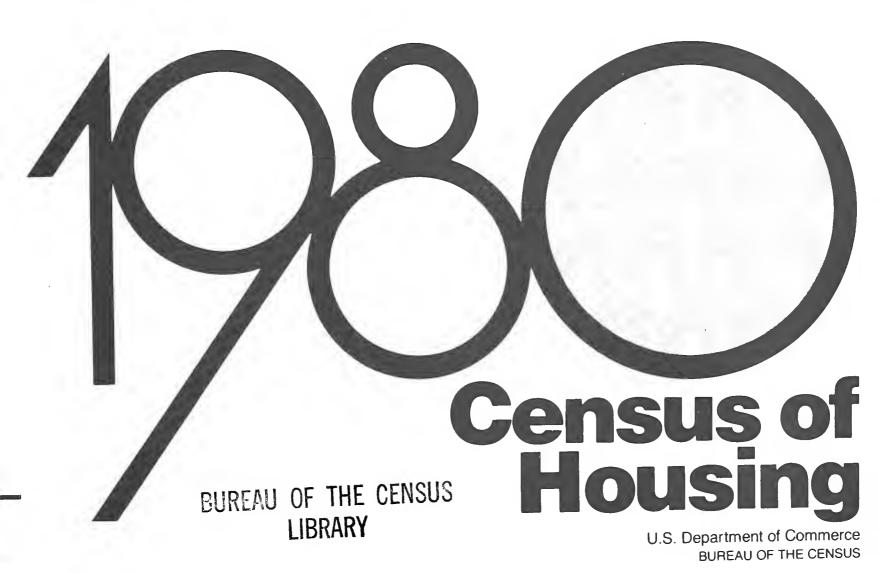
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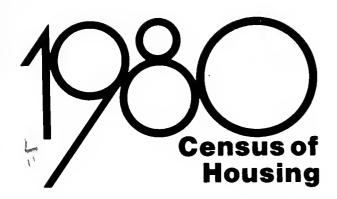
Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

GREAT FALLS, MONT.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA



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VOLUME 2

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Data Index

Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

GREAT FALLS, MONT.

HC80-2-173

For list of contents see page IX.

For list of contents see page IX.	
	Table
Value	1, 14, 25, 36, 47, 58
Gross Rent	2, 15, 26, 37, 48, 59
Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units	3, 16, 27, 38, 49, 60
Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units	4, 17, 28, 39, 50, 61
Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units	5, 18, 29, 40, 51, 62
Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units	6, 19, 30, 41, 52, 63
Year Structure Built	7, 20, 31, 42, 53, 64
Units in Structure	8, 21, 32, 43, 54, 65
Size of Household	9, 22, 33, 44, 55, 66
Household Composition and Age of Householder	10, 23, 34, 45, 56, 67
One-Person Households	11, 24, 35, 46, 57, 68
Duration of Vacancy	12
Price Asked and Rent Asked	13

Issued September 1983



U.S. Department of Commerce
Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary
Robert G. Dederick,
Under Secretary for
Economic Affairs

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION
Arthur F. Young, Chief

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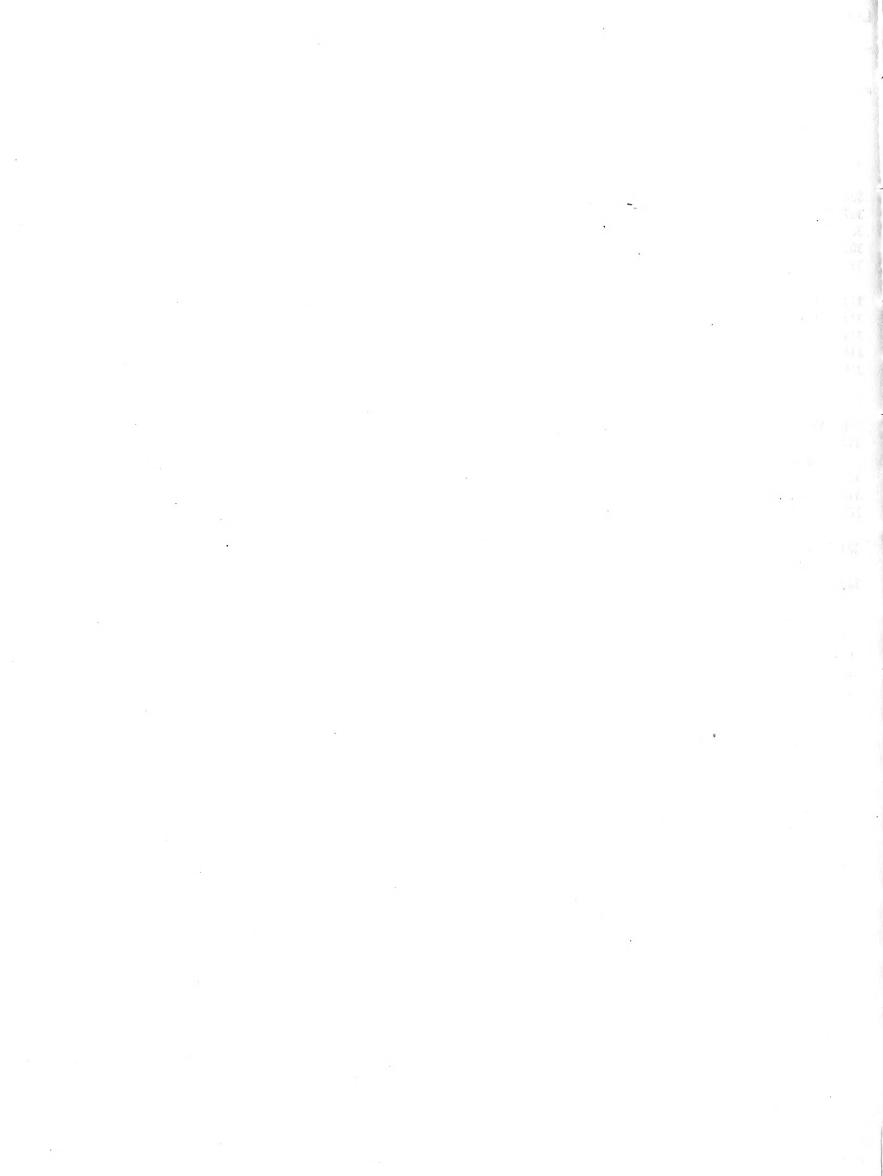
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List of HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics, Reports

Report	:	Report		Report		Report	
No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area
1	U.S. Summary	41	Rhode Island	77	Atlanta, Ga.	114	Charleston-N orth
2	Alabama	42	South Carolina	78	Atlantic City, N.J.		Charleston, S.C.
3	Alaska	43	South Dakota	79	Augusta, GaS.C.	115	Charleston, W. Va.
4	Arizona	44	Tennessee	80	Austin, Tex.		
5	Arkansas	45	Texas		,	116	Charlotte-Gastonia, N.C.
	7111000	,,,	1 0/40	81	Bakersfield, Calif.	117	Charlottesville, Va.
6	California	46	Utah	82	Baltimore, Md.	118	Chattanooga, TennGa.
7	Colorado	47	Vermont	83	Bangor, Maine	119	Chicago, III.
8	Connecticut	48	Virginia	84	Baton Rouge, La.	110	Ottleago, III.
9	Delaware	49	Washington	85	Battle Creek, Mich.	120	Chico, Calif.
10	Not assigned	50	West Virginia			121	
10	NOT assigned	30	West Virginia	86	Bay City, Mich.		Cincinnati, Ohio-KyInd.
11	Florida	51	Wisconsin	87	Beaumont-Port Arthur-	122	Clarksville-Hopkinsville,
12	Georgia				Orange, Tex.	122	TennKy.
13	Hawaii	52	Wyoming	88	Bellingham, Wash.	123	Cleveland, Ohio
14	Idaho	53	Puerto Rico	89	Benton Harbor, Mich.	124	Colorado Springs, Colo.
15	Illinois	54	Not assigned	90	Billings, Mont.	125	Columbia, Mo.
10	Hilliois	55	Not assigned				
16	Indiana			91	Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss.	126	Columbia, S.C.
17		56	Not assigned	92	Binghamton, N.YPa.	127	Columbus, GaAla.
18	lowa Kansas	57	Not assigned	93	Birmingham, Ala.	128	Columbus, Ohio
		58	Abilene, Tex.	94	Bismarck, N. Dak.	129	Corpus Christi, Tex.
19	Kentucky	59	Akron, Ohio	95	Bloomington, Ind.	130	Cumberland, MdW. Va.
20	Louisiana	60	Albany, Ga.	00	Disa disa Marmal III		
21	Maine			96	Bloomington-Normal, III.	131	Dallas-Fort Worth, Tex.
22	Maryland	61	Albany-Schenectady-	97	Boise City, Idaho	· 132	Danbury, Conn.
23	Massachusetts		Troy, N.Y.	98	Boston, Mass.	133	Danville, Va.
24	Michigan	62	Albuquerque, N. Mex.	99	Bradenton, Fla.	134	Davenport-Rock Island-
25	Minnesota	63	Alexandria, La.	100	Bremerton, Wash.		Moline, Lowa-III.
20	W Milliosota	64	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton,		5.44	135	Dayton, Ohio
26	Mississippi		PaN.J.	101	Bridgeport, Conn.		- -, , -
27	Missouri	65	Altoona, Pa.	102	Bristol, Conn.	136	Daytona Beach, Fla.
28	Montana			103	Brockton, Mass.	137	Decatur, III.
29	Nebraska	66	Amarillo, Tex.	104	Brownsville-Harlingen-	138	Denver-Boulder, Colo.
30	Nevada	67	Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden		San Benito, Tex.	139	Des Moines, Iowa
U			Grove, Calif.	105	Bryan-College Station, Tex.	140	Detroit, Mich.
31	New Hampshire	68	Anchorage, Alaska			140	Denoit, with.
32	New Jersey	69	Anderson, Ind.	106	Buffalo, N.Y.		
33	New Mexico	70	Anderson, S.C.	107	Burlington, N.C.	141	Dubuque, I owa
34	New York			108	Burlington, Vt.	142	Duluth-Superior, Minn.
35	North Carolina	71	Ann Arbor, Mich.	109	Caguas, P.R.		Wis.
•		72	Anniston, Ala.	110	Canton, Ohio	143	Eau Claire, Wis.
36	North Dakota	73	Appleton-Oshkosh, Wis.			144	El Paso, Tex.
37	Ohio	74	Arecibo, P.R.	111	Casper, Wyo.	145	Elkhart, Ind.
38	Oklahoma	75	Asheville, N.C.	112	Cedar Rapids, Iowa		
39	Oregon	. 5		113	Champaign-Urbana-	146	Elmira, N.Y.
	Pennsylvania	76	Athens, Ga.		Rantoul, III.	147	Enid, Okla.

			•				_
Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
1/10	Crin Do	187	Indianapolis, Ind.	227	Louisville, KyInd.	265	Norfolk-Virginia Beach-
148 149	Erie, Pa. Eugene-Springfield, Oreg.	188	Iowa City, Iowa	228	Lowell, MassN.H.	203	Portsmouth, VaN.C.
150	Evansville, IndKy.	189	Jackson, Mich.	229	Lubbock, Tex.		r or contouring va. 14.0.
130	Lagusanie, iliuiky.	190	Jackson, Miss.	230	Lynchburg, Va.	266	Northeast Pennsylvania
151	Fall Diver Moss D I					267	Norwalk, Conn.
152	Fall River, MassR.I. Fargo-Moorhead, N. Dak	101	Indepositio Ele	231	Macon, Ga.	268	Ocala, Fla.
132	Minn.	191 192	Jacksonville, Fla. Jacksonville, N.C.	232	Madison, Wis.	269	Odessa, Tex.
153	Fayetteville, N.C.	193	Janesville-Beloit, Wis.	233	Manchester, N.H.	270	Oklahoma City, Okla.
154	Fayetteville-Springdale,	194	Jersey City, N.J.	234	Mansfield, Ohio	2,0	O Kidirollia O Ity, O Kid.
104	Ark.	195	Johnson City-Kingsport-	235	Mayaguez, P.R.	271	Olympia, Wash.
155	Fitchburg-Leominster, Mass.	100	Bristol, TennVa.		, , ,	272	Omaha, NebrLowa
	, real Burg Economics, muss.		Bristor, Form. Va.	236	McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg,	272	Orlando, Fla.
156	Flint, Mich.	100	Johnstown Do		Tex.	274	Owensboro, Ky.
157	Florence, Ala.	196 197	Johnstown, Pa. Joplin, Mo.	237	Medford, Oreg.	275	Oxnard-Simi Valley-
158	Florence, S.C.	198	Kalamazoo-Portage, Mich.	238	Melbourne-Titusville-	2,0	Ventura, Calif.
159	Fort Collins, Colo.	199	Kankakee, III.		Cocoa, Fla.		v diredia, ourn.
160	Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood,	200	Kansas City, MoKans.			270	December 51a
100	Fla.	200	Kansas Orty, moKans.	239	Memphis, TennArk.—	276 277	Panama City, Fla.
	· 10.	004		200	Miss.	277	Parkersburg-Marietta,
161	Fort Myers-Cape Coral, Fla.	201	Kenosha, Wis.	240	Meriden, Conn.	278	W. VaOhio
162	Fort Smith, ArkOkla.	202	Killeen-Temple, Tex.	2.0	moridan, com.	2/0	Pascagoula-Moss Point, Miss.
163	Fort Walton Beach, Fla.	203	Knoxville, Tenn.	241	Miami, Fla.	279	Paterson-Clifton-Passaic, N.J.
164	Fort Wayne, Ind.	204	Kokomo, Ind.	242	Midland, Tex.	280	Pensacola, Fla.
165	Fresno, Calif.	205	La Crosse, Wis.	243	Milwaukee, Wis.	200	rensacola, i la.
	·	206	Lafavette La	244	Minneapolis-St. Paul,	281	Peoria, III.
166	Gadsden, Ala.	207	Lafayette, La. Lafayette-West Lafayette,		MinnWis.	282	Petersburg-Colonial
167	Gainesville, Fla.	207	Ind.	245	Mobile, Ala.	202	Heights-Hopewell, Va.
168	Galveston-Texas City, Tex.	208	Lake Charles, La.			283	Philadelphia, PaN.J.
169	Gary-Hammond-East	209	Lakeland-Winter Haven,	246	Modesto, Calif.	284	Phoenix, Ariz.
100	Chicago, Ind.	203	Fla.	247	Monroe, La.	285	Pine Bluff, Ark.
170	Glens Falls, N.Y.	210	Lancaster, Pa.	248	Montgomery, Ala.		,
		2.0	Lanouston, ru.	249	Muncie, Ind.	286	Pittsburgh, Pa.
171	Cond Fools N. Dale	211	Lansing-East Lansing,	250	Muskegon-Norton Shores-	287	Pittsfield, Mass.
171	Grand Forks, N.Dak Minn.		Mich.		Muskegon Heights, Mich.	288	Ponce, P.R.
172	Grand Rapids, Mich.	212	Laredo, Tex.		J	289	Portland, Maine
173	Great Falls, Mont.	213	Las Cruces, N. Mex.	251	Nashua, N.H.	290	Portland, OregWash.
173	Greeley, Colo.	214	Las Vegas, Nev.	252	Nashville-Davidson, Tenn.		
175	Green Bay, Wis.	215	Lawrence, Kans.	253	Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.	291	Portsmouth-Dover-
173	dieen bay, wis.			254	New Bedford, Mass.		Rochester, N.HMaine
176	Greensboro-Winston-Salem-	216	Lawrence-Haverhill,	255	New Britain, Conn.	292	Poughkeepsie, N.Y.
170	High Point, N.C.		MašsN.H.			293	Providence-Warwick-
177	Greenville-Spartanburg, S.C.	217	Lawton, Okla.	256	New Brunswick-Perth		Pawtucket, R.IMass.
178	Hagerstown, Md.	218	Lewiston-Auburn, Maine		Amboy-Sayreville, N.J.	294	Provo-Orem, Utah
179	Hamilton-Middletown, Ohio	219 220	Lexington-Fayette, Ky. Lima, Ohio	257	New Haven-West Haven, Conn.	295	Pueblo, Colo.
180	Harrisburg, Pa.			258	New London-Norwich,	296	Racine, Wis.
100	Trainisburg, Fu.	221	Lincoln, Nebr.		ConnR.I.	297	Raleigh-Durham, N.C.
400	11 . (- 1 0	222	Little Rock-North Little	259	New Orleans, La.	298	Reading, Pa.
181	Hartford, Conn.	000	Rock, Ark.	260	New York, N.YN.J.	299	Redding, Calif.
182	Hickory, N.C.	223	Long Branch-Asbury			300	Reno, Nev.
183	Honolulu, Hawaii	224	Park, N.J.	261	Newark, N.J.		
184 185	Houston, Tex.	224	Longview-Marshall, Tex.	262	Newark, Ohio	301	Richland-Kennewick-
103	Huntington-Ashland, W. VaKyOhio	225	Lorain-Elyria, Ohio	263	Newburgh-Middletown,		Pasco, Wash.
	**. v a1.yU1110	000	las America I Pro-I		N.Y.	302	Richmond, Va.
100	H	226	Los Angeles-Long Beach,	264	Newport News-Hampton,	303	Riverside-San Bernardino-
186	Huntsville, Ala.		Calif.		Va.		Ontario, Calif.

		Report		Report		Report	
Report No.	Area	Ño.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area
304	Roanoke, Va.	323	San Juan, P.R.	343	State College, Pa.	362	Vineland-Millville-
305	Rochester, Minn.	324	Santa Barbara-Santa	344	Steubenville-Weirton,		Bridgeton, N.J.
			Maria-Lompoc, Calif.		Ohio-W. Va.	363	Visalia-Tulare-Porterville,
306	Rochester, N.Y.	325	Şanta Cruz, Calif.	345	Stockton, Calif.		Calif.
307	Rockford, III.					364	Waco, Tex.
308	Rock Hill, S.C.	326	Santa Rosa, Calif.	346	Syracuse, N.Y.	365	Washington, D.CMdVa.
309	Sacramento, Calif.	327	Sarasota, Fla.	347	Tacoma, Wash.	200	Markethan Com
310	Saginaw, Mich.	328	Savannah, Ga.	348	Tallahassee, Fla.	366	Waterbury, Conn.
		329	Seattle-Everett, Wash.	349	Tampa-St. Petersburg, Fla.	367	Waterloo-Cedar Falls, Iowa
311	St. Cloud, Minn.	330	Sharon, Pa.	350	Terre Haute, Ind.	368	Wausau, Wis.
312	St. Joseph, Mo.				·	369	West Palm Beach-Boca
313	St. Louis, MoIII.	331	Sheboygan, Wis.	351	Texarkana, Tex	303	Raton, Fla.
314	Salem, Oreg.	332	Sherman-Denison, Tex.		Texarkana, Ark.	370	Wheeling, W. VaOhio
315	Salinas-Seaside-Monterey,	333	Shreveport, La.	352	Toledo, Ohio-Mich.	370	Wheeling, W. Va. Onio
	Calif.	334	Sioux City, Iowa-Nebr.	353	Topeka, Kans.	371	Wichita, Kans.
		335	Sioux Falls, S. Dak.	354	Trenton, N.J.	372	Wichita Falls, Tex.
316	Salisbury-Concord, N.C.			355	Tucson, Ariz.	373	Williamsport, Pa.
317	Salt Lake City-Ogden,	336	South Bend, Ind.			374	Wilmington, DelN.JMd.
	Utah	337	Spokane, Wash.	356	Tulsa, Okla.	375	Wilmington, N.C.
318	San Angelo, Tex.	338	Springfield, III.	357	Tuscaloosa, Ala.	0,0	,
319	San Antonio, Tex.	339	Springfield, Mo.	358	Tyler, Tex.	376	Worcester, Mass.
320	San Diego, Calif.	340	Springfield, Ohio	359	Utica-Rome, N.Y.	377	Yakima, Wash.
				360	Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa,	378	York, Pa.
321	San Francisco-Oakland,	341	Springfield-Chicopee-		Calif.	379	Youngstown-Warren,
	Calif.		Holyoke, MassConn.				Ohio
322	San Jose, Calif.	342	Stamford, Conn.	361	Victoria, Tex.	380	Yuba City, Calif.



APPENDIXES

A.	Area Classifications
В.	Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics
C.	General Enumeration and Processing Procedures
D.	Accuracy of the Data
E.	Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages
F.	Publication and Computer Tape Program F-

Introduction

GENERAL	VII
CONTENTS OF THE REPORT	VII
DERIVED FIGURES (Means,	
Medians, and Percents)	VIII
SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC	
ABBREVIATIONS	VIII
SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR	
CONFIDENTIALITY	VIII

GENERAL

This report is part of the Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

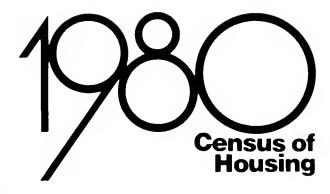
To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

GREAT FALLS, MONT.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-173

Contents

Arrangement of Tables	findex of Tables—shows the pages on w
This report presents a set of tables for the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 inhabitants or more. The report is organized to provide a set of 68 tables for	for each geographic area appear and the which data for the various race/Spanis holders appear
each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate	List of Tables—shows the table numb each of the 68 tables
race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown only when certain population criteria are met. See page VII of the Introduction for further information. To assist the	Table Finding Guide—shows the tables various subject cross-classifications pre report appear
reader in using this report, the listings are presented as follows:	Map—Standard Metropolitan Statistics

Index of Tables—shows the pages on which the tables for each geographic area appear and the pages on which data for the various race/Spanish origin house-holders appear	. IX
List of Tables—shows the table numbers and titles for each of the 68 tables	. x
Table Finding Guide—shows the tables in which the various subject cross-classifications presented in the report appear	. XII
Map—Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties,	YIV

INDEX OF TABLES

Tables for the total SMSA have the prefix letter "A"; tables for central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, in alphabetical order, have the prefix letter "B," "C," etc.

Area	Prefix letter	Tables 1-13 Total	Tables 14-24 White	Tables 25-35 Black	Tables 36-46 American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut	Tables 47-57 Asian end Pacific Islander	Tables 58-68 Spanish Origin
		Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pagas	Pages
SMSA total Great Fells	A B	1 to 12 13 to 24			<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	_

Page

LIST OF TABLES

(Tables 14 to 24 for the White population are shown if any of the other three racial groups in the area qualify; tables 25 to 35 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Black population; tables 36 to 46 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut population; tables 47 to 57 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Asian and Pacific Islander population; and tables 58 to 68 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Spanish origin population)

TABLES

- 1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980
- 6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980
- 7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980
- Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980
- 13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980
- 14. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 15. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 16. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 17. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980

TABLES

- 18. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 19. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 20. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 21. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 22. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 23. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 24. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 25. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 26. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 27. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 28. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 29. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 30. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 31. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 32. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 33. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 34. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 35. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980

TABLES

- 36. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 37. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 38. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 39. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 40. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 41. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 42. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 43. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 44. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 45. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 46. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 47. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 48. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 49. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 50. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 51. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980

TABLES

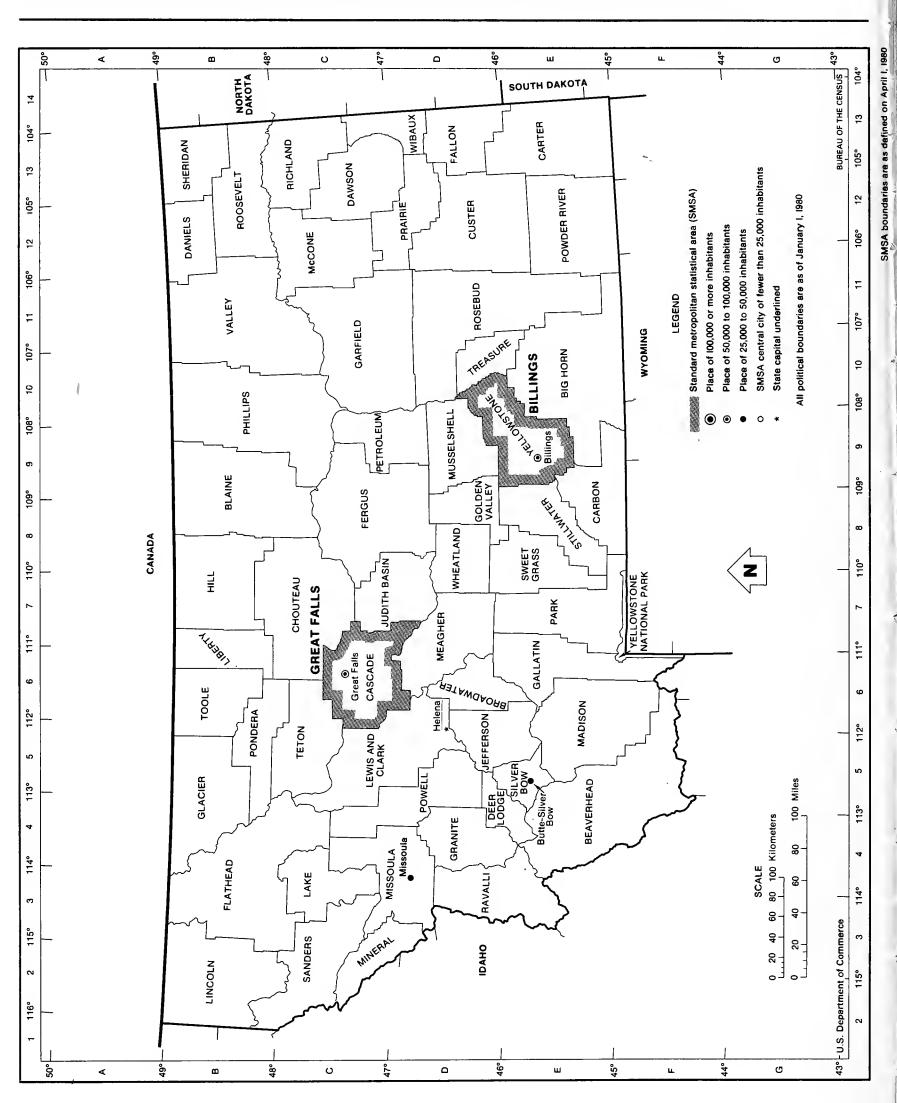
- 52. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 53. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 54. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 55. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 56. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 57. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 58. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 59. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 60. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 61. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 62. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 63. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 64. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 65. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 66. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 67. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 68. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980

Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Value	Gross rent	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ _ 1	_ 2		_	_ _ 5	6
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	1 - 1 1	2 - 2 2	- - 3	- - - 4	5 5 - 5	6 6 - 6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	_ 1 _	2 2 2	- -		- 5 -	- 6 -
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	_	_
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment	1 1 - -	2 2 - - -	3 3 3 -	4 4 4	5 5 - 5 -	6 6 - 6
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	_ _	<u>-</u>	_ _	<u>-</u>	5 -	6
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	-	-	3	-	_	-
percentage of household income Contract rent	1 1	- - -	- - -	4 4 —	5 -	- - -
Gross rent as percentage of household income	-	2		4	-	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS	1		3	-	_	_
Household type by age of householder	1 1 1	2 - 2	3 - -	4 - -	5 -	6 - -
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the group.						
White	14 25 36	15 26 37	16 27 38	17 28 39	18 29 40	19 30 41
Asian and Pacific Islander	47 58	48 59	38 49 60	50 61	51 62	52 63

Table Finding Guide—Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 7	8 8	- -	- 1	-		_
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 - 7	8 - 8 8	9 - - 9	_ 10 _ _	- - -	12 - 12 12	- - 13
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	7 - -	- -	9 - -		11 _ _	12 12 -	13 13 -
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment	7 7 - 7 -	8 8 8 8	- - - -	- - - -	[] []	12 - - - -	- - - -
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	-		9 –	-	- - 11	_ 12	_ _
monthly owner costs	-	-	9 - 9	-	11 - 11	_ _ _	- - -
Rent asked	-	-	9	- 10	11	12 -	_
owner costs as percentage of household income	1	-	_	10	-	_	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	7 7 7	8 8 8	_ 9 9	- -	_ 11 11	- - -	
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro	or all househoup comprises	olds. Similar of 10 percent o	data are showr f the area pop	n in the tables listerulation. For furthe	d below when there er explanation, see	are 10,000 or other introduction	more persons of n on page VII.
White	20 31 42	21 32 43	22 33 44	23 34 45	24 35 46	_ _ _	_ _
Aleut	53 64	54 65	55 66	56 67	57 68		-



CORRECTION NOTE

Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

NOTE TO USERS:

- In tables where the median age for total persons in owner-occupied and renter-occupied housing units is shown as 05+, the correct entry should be three dots (...).
- 2. The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.

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Table A-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

The SMSA		Less than	\$10,000 to	\$20,000 to	\$30,000 to	\$40,000 to	\$50,000	\$60,000	\$80,000 to	\$100,000 to	\$150,000	Medion	Meon
THE SMISA	Total	\$10,000	\$19,999	\$29,999	\$39,999	\$49,999	\$59,999	\$79,999	\$99,999	\$149,999	or more	(dollors)	(dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	14 329	261	725	1 365	2 384	3 297	2 595	2 618	683	326	75	47 600	50 000
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 35 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median oge	10 975 299 2 252 2 784 4 188 1 452 1 208 103 354 198 250 303 2 146 39 172 340 792 803 47.3	117 -3 15 15 29 70 46 -7 19 20 98 -8 -8 -8 -8 -8 -8 -8 -8 -8 -	343 30 55 171 63 130 17 13 22 252 252 4 4 22 25 69 157 58.3	839 53 83 101 340 262 224 18 86 23 20 77 302 - 16 35 96 155 58.0	1 643 58 469 284 514 318 274 21 104 23 52 74 467 7 22 97 151 190 48.5	2 539 104 544 621 956 314 253 38 38 38 70 40 505 7 75 102 198 123 45.7	2 204 37 597 579 803 188 114 8 22 45 17 22 277 25 16 32 121 83 44.0	2 337 16 420 797 923 181 107 10 16 37 29 174 15 37 30 44.5	572 7 93 166 276 30 51 5 25 6 9 60 - 6 8 29	311 - 13 157 133 8 4 - - - 11 - - 5 6	70 	50 000 41 200 50 000 54 100 50 900 40 300 38 000 38 400 37 200 48 700 48 700 39 100 39 100 41 600 41 600 42 100 32 000	53 000 40 000 50 900 58 500 54 600 43 900 41 100 49 300 39 400 37 500 48 100 41 900 43 900 43 900 43 900 43 900 40 37 700 30 500 41 000 42 700 33 700 34 900 42 700 33 700
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	1 773 4 089 2 196 3 146 3 125	17 47 36 23 138	56 137 76 183 273	99 285 187 276 518	270 620 320 501 673	421 866 552 712 746	364 775 478 669 309	374 885 427 581 351	131 291 59 120 82	32 168 43 56 27	9 15 18 25 8	50 600 50 900 48 700 48 400 39 400	53 400 54 600 51 200 50 300 40 900
1 to 3 rooms	460 2 284 3 166 2 681 2 219 3 519 6.0	71 99 83 - 8 4.1	147 296 139 96 39 8 4.2	105 466 442 225 54 73 4.8	71 596 723 416 374 204 5.2	38 526 897 671 568 597 5.8	20 197 459 648 489 782 6.5	8 95 372 485 471 1 187 7.2	9 38 109 157 370 7.8	- 13 14 67 232 8.5+	- 17 - 58 8.5+	20 900 33 700 42 000 49 200 51 300 61 000	24 900 34 500 42 700 50 400 55 100 66 300
BEDROOMS None	5 658 3 725 5 743 3 269 929	56 146 43 8 8	5 209 305 171 35	167 691 404 97 6	109 999 883 335 58	51 880 1 537 690 139	35 383 1 114 804 259	23 257 1 157 884 297	8 50 291 234 100	- 8 121 144 53	- 6 22 38 9	12 500 23 600 37 200 49 000 55 100 59 800	12 500 27 900 38 100 51 900 60 300 65 500
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	1 510 1 004 3 481 3 461 1 503 3 370	16 10 12 30 21 172	15 12 24 111 96 467	23 47 117 224 255 699	80 65 347 522 437 933	247 170 844 1 010 417 609	321 255 864 757 164 234	439 332 948 640 83 176	190 82 209 132 17 53	161 22 89 27 6 21	18 9 27 8 7 6	61 900 55 300 54 100 48 500 38 700 33 900	68 200 59 900 57 800 50 100 39 800 35 200
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$19,999. \$20,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 or more	696 1 669 944 898 2 546 2 268 3 145 1 461 702 \$20 795 \$23 323	66 100 43 23 21 3 - - 5 \$7 936 \$10 013	133 141 63 80 142 74 62 26 4 \$13 297 \$14 307	124 306 168 87 303 165 191 21 - \$14 928 \$15 440	147 452 222 228 535 359 295 117 29 \$16 117 \$17 509	90 337 233 253 637 643 735 288 81 \$20 724 \$21 989	49 214 119 89 510 531 734 40 \$22 648 \$24 040	54 94 67 113 309 384 852 205 \$27 278 \$30 143	30 25 12 16 73 85 218 103 121 \$29 461 \$34 704	3 - 17 2 16 16 49 57 166 \$50 389 \$50 675		31 800 36 900 39 900 41 100 44 300 48 500 53 400 58 900 78 600 	34 500 37 200 40 400 42 900 44 900 49 700 55 700 60 500 89 400
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Nedian Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 15 to 19 percent 35 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not computed Median	9 907 3 086 1 907 1 710 1 093 643 1 444 24 19.9 4 422 2 199 927 494 270 175 82 236 39 10.0	50 31 11 	301 117 60 33 35 4 52 - 17.8 424 156 112 25 22 41 17 39 12	623 184 122 132 51 32 102 742 325 162 110 42 24 14 50 15	1 392 405 249 245 231 104 153 5 20.8 992 397 242 133 104 47 13 56	2 420 782 401 401 339 153 344 - 20.3 877 503 163 163 79 57 22 - 53 -	2 102 607 493 357 157 135 353 	2 153 672 391 423 236 151 267 13 20.1 465 315 42 38 10 21 12 22 5	523 124 119 96 27 44 107 6 20.8 160 121 13 26 -	272 128 52 23 8 20 41 	61 36 9 - 9 7 7 14.2 14 - 14 - 12.5	50 600 50 300 51 700 50 800 46 900 52 500 51 500 67 700 38 500 42 700 36 600 36 600 36 700 36 200 25 200	53 900 55 000 53 800 53 100 50 300 55 700 54 100 64 600 37 800 40 600 35 500 34 900 26 500 36 400 33 200
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Hearing equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	14 271 250 58 23 14 329 13 195 2 904 996 641 4.5	235 11 26 6 261 189 38 19 67 25.7	711 35 14 12 725 563 136 6 75	1 360 18 5 5 1 365 1 166 216 33 81 5.9	2 377 55 7 2 384 2 207 466 74 133 5.6	3 291 54 6 - 3 297 3 095 560 104 92 2.8	2 595 41 2 595 2 449 533 169 84 3.2	2 618 36 2 618 2 486 584 281 69 2.6	683 656 218 172 37 5.4	326 326 309 113 98 3	75 - - 75 75 40 40	47 600 45 000 11 100 12 300 47 600 48 100 50 600 67 900 37 800	50 100 41 000 18 100 14 200 50 000 50 900 55 300 73 200 39 200

Table A=2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cash rent	Median (dollars)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	10 238	1 061	1 293	2 322	2 434	1 284	722	294	181	65	582	203
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	4 088	106	283	856	1 190	575	390	131	152	54	351	222
15 to 24 years	1 055 1 577	26	38 110	440 162	300 548	88 226	69 218	6 62	11 53	16	94 156	223 199 230
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	635 408	9 35	21 45	108 58	182 75	118 82	55 23	41 10	41 35	24 14	36 31	246 225
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	413 2 378	27 329	69 373	88 656	85 443	61 264	25 107	12 68	12 18	11	34 1 09	203 180
15 to 24 years	677 635	34 34	140 53	240 179	128 156	61 110	35 46	~_13 31	18	_ 5	26 3	180 212
35 to 44 years	271 538	8 173	46 89	79 104	40 68	41 37	13 13	10 14	-	6	28 40	190 135
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	257 3 772	80 626	45 637	54 810	51 801	15 445	225	95	าเ	-	12 122	148 185
15 to 24 years	754 858	120 78	116 131	177 237	229 172	79 118	26 75	42		-	5	185 197
35 to 44 years	295 793 1 072	23 113 292	22 129 239	41 164 191	63 167 170	84 102 62	21 79 24	24 9 13	4 - 7	_	13 30 74	245 193 139
65 years and over Median age	33.1	59.6	42.7	29.3	30.5	33.7	31.1	33.7	38.0	37.4	35.7	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	5 644	422	524	1 350	1 447	764	546	213	144	36	198	213
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	2 783 1 009	339 211	352 176	523 264	679 156	402 90	148 19	66 7	32 5	23 6	219 75	206 168
1960 ta 1969 1959 or earlier	524 278	59 30	152 89	138 47	110 42	28 -	9 -	8 -	-	-	20 70	170 133
ROOMS	55/	200	20	101	90	10					10	04
1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms	556 805 2 125	300 190 272	38 289 502	101 108 767	80 154 391	12 98	11 28	15	7	-	18 19 57	96 126 165
4 raams	2 969 1 928	156 107	256 97	666 418	829 506	648 322	217 207	50	7 46	24	140 143	223 221
6 rooms 7 or mare raoms	1 119 736	22 14	71 40	195 67	363 111	105	155 104	58 75 90	27 90	14 27	92 113	234 299
Median	4.1	2.6	3.1	3.8	4.2	4.3	5.0	5.7	6.5	6.1	4.9	•••
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979												
All income levels in 1979Complete plumbing for exclusive use	10 238 9 826 5 959	1 061 802 485	1 293 1 258 903	2 322 2 276	2 434 2 416 1 387	1 284 1 261 774	722 716 361	294 294 163	181 181	65 65	582 557	203 206 199
0.50 or less 0.51 ta 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	3 543 218	285 13	323 20	1 428 754 59	957 957 65	446 36	346 - 2	120	57 114	35 30	366 168 17	214 208
1.51 or more	106 412	19 259	12	35 46	7	5 23	7 6	5	10	=	6	160 87
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	200 199	96 155	35 27 8	35 11	18 -	8 15	6	-	-	-	25 10 10	100 77
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	13	8		=	-	1	_	7.	-	-	5	65
income in 1979 below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 105 1 981	543 458	316 311	496 481	295 295	183 177	106 106	41	27 27	8	90 77	165 169
1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	147 124	18 85	12	55 15	- 11 -	19	-	ĩi	10	-	11	168
1.01 or more persons per room	13	8	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	5	74 65
BEDROOMS None	692	334	113	119	86	19	_	_	, ,	_	21	100
1 23	3 164 3 896 1 840	439 195 77	771 292 75	1 062 826 262	614 1 078 526	143 807 248	29 377 230	35 71 122	11 19 92	14 26	60 217 182	163 227 237
4	574 72	16	42	53	114	67	86	47	50	19	80 22	261 374
UNITS IN STRUCTURE					,0							
1, detached or attached	3 390 1 419	194 18	308 118	676 294	761 443	398 257	317 177	188 30	132 1 <u>8</u>	54 6	362 58	221 221
3 and 4 5 to 9	1 361 918	127 90	200 119	420 321 393	372 183	149 105	56 42	6	/ - 5	_	24 52 29	190 181 184
10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	2 337 548 265	476 151 5	440 70 38	393 143 75	513 106 56	319 42 14	109 5 16	53 11	7 12	5	8 49	163 196
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	263]	30	/3	36	14	10		12	_	7'	170
1975 to March 1980 1970 ta 1974	965 970	126 71	94 54	106 243 337	223 308	215 189	116 47	29 8	19 17	5 -	32 33	235 217
1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959	2 253 2 177	108 153	149 154	577	753 605	326 264	225 167	111 43 77	46 61	42 -	156 153	231 210
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	1 269 2 604	112 491	229 613	286 773	263 282	127 163	68 99	77 26	20 18	18	87 121	196 157
STORIES IN STRUCTURE 1 to 3	9 530	953	1 188	2 096	2 256	1 230	707	289	169	60	582	205
4 or more With elevator	708 527	108 68	105 33	226 190	178 158	54 47	15 9	5 5	12 12	. 5 . 5	-	175 186
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF MOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979												•
Less than 15 percent15 to 19 percent	1 865 1 609	339 144	371 182	432 338	420 461	157 249	78 158	23 61	34 10	11		177 214
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	1 665 1 159	153 153	178 178 124	338 1 390 291	451 452 314	249 246 157	144 144 92	56	30	16 8.	•••	213 207
30 to 34 percent	762 1 025	67 111	78 190	176 262	223 225	123 93	49 83	35 26 16	23 20 29	16		213 191
50 percent or more	1 500 653	106 26	151	414 19	339	252 7	118	77 	35 -	8	582	212 135
Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	24.0	21.1	22.4	24.9	23.7	24.7	24.3	26.0	28.6	24.8	•••	•••
Heating equipment Central heating system	10 224 9 080	1 061 955	1 293 1 065	2 308 1 933	2 434 2 217	1 284 1 221	722 655	294 287	181 171	65 65	582 511	203 207
Air conditioning Central system	2 262 960	182 87	246 87	354 154	584 228	435 192	206 119	81 22	52 29	11	111 37	227 235
	,00	<u> </u>	٠,	1.74	220	1/2		~~				

Table A -3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Octa are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					H	ousehold inco	me in 1979		-				
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 fo \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dallars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-eccupied housing units	18 746	1 164	2 309) 339	1 312	3 315	2 810	3 915	1 750	832	19 889	22 305	1 083
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	14 058	306	1 179	872	806	2 521	2 441	3 571	1 593	769	22 476	25 163	454
15 to 24 years	588 2 839 3 385 5 270 1 976 1 765	55 43 147 61 207	95 126 84 264 610	97 138 121 257 259	84 177 129 267 149	166 736 520 713 386	86 625 711 891 128	49 720 1 075 1 551 176	200 405 844 133	62 297 336 74	15 398 21 260 25 612 25 552 13 473	16 393 22 994 28 874 27 515 18 257	14 82 121 183 54
Male heuseholder, ne wife present	165 499 300 361 440 2 923	- 9 - 56 142 651	269 38 41 31 50 109 861	173 16 75 12 29 41 294	239 16 98 24 55 46 267	345 23 136 77 59 50 449	204 32 54 52 37 29	210 29 56 54 61 10	92 11 19 44 2 6 75	36 - 11 6 12 7	14 942 16 359 15 728 20 517 14 568 8 640 9 703	16 837 18 213 18 208 22 688 16 574 10 994 11 866	104
15 to 24 years	67 267 415 1 065 1 109 47.4	15 30 64 187 355 64.0	18 72 110 274 387 64.0	7 27 32 135 93 52.2	3 41 68 101 54 45.9	24 72 93 148 112 41.6	165 - 18 35 63 49 42.4	4 13 65 52 44.7	3 - 65 7 48.5	27 - - 27 - 46.7	10 179 12 774 12 555 11 324 7 044	10 564 12 138 11 866 14 528 9 321	15 42 108 151 209 53.2
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	2 616	87	310	227	240	648	433	465	142	64	18 406	20 217	125
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	5 601 2 973 3 684 3 872	211 208 274 384	482 308 352 857	340 174 247 351	403 153 212 304	1 051 492 511 613	975 528 502 372	1 350 642 898 560	489 289 504 326	300 179 184 105	21 351 21 362 22 347 15 239	23 876 23 564 24 379 18 505	261 239 209 249
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Ladding complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Hearling equipment	18 631 389 115 30 18 746	1 128 19 36 - 1 164	2 283 13 26 3 2 309	1 324 19 15 15 1 339	1 308 40 4 -	3 289 85 26 12 3 315	2 808 75 2 - 2 810	3 915 86 - - 3 915	1 744 26 6 -	832 26 - - 832	19 972 20 826 8 125 12 000 19 889	22 382 23 239 9 885 13 916 22 305	1 037 36 46 3 1 083
Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Validas available 2 or more	17 023 4 395 1 720 18 167 3 981 14 186	982 261 136 918 454 464	1 984 463 153 2 069 1 019 1 050	1 193 255 89 1 310 610 700	1 149 323 86 1 293 429 864	2 958 853 302 3 302 744 2 558	2 620 543 196 2 789 318 2 471	3 629 1 001 355 3 909 273 3 636	1 711 417 192 1 745 94 1 651	797 279 211 832 40 792	20 414 20 337 21 911 20 301 12 121 22 586	22 855 23 913 27 267 22 794 13 904 25 289	925 305 144 915 374 541
House heafing fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other	18 746 15 070 846 1 245 677 908	1 164 834 149 71 64 46	2 309 1 824 88 168 99 130	1 339 1 050 53 111 56 69	1 312 982 100 90 63 77	3 315 2 609 100 231 157 218	2 810 2 284 166 185 68 107	3 915 3 267 116 222 111 199	1 750 1 545 38 100 31 36	832 675 36 67 28 26	19 889 20 459 16 100 19 053 16 962 17 828	22 305 22 836 18 623 21 948 19 327 19 639	1 083 758 126 77 65 57
Median rooms	5.7	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.2	5.4	6.0	6.3	6.7	7.9	•••		5.0
Spedified owner-occupied housing units MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS	14 329	6 96	1 669	944	898	2 546	2 268	3 145	1 461	702	20 795	23 323	641
With a mortgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more	9 907 640 . 1 554 1 282 1 259 1 209 2 077 1 047 619 220	237 30 39 38 27 25 16 30 18	614 74 112 74 96 102 100 31 25	518 67 122 51 53 63 133 11 14	580 80 130 114 80 52 99 12 11	1 915 157 280 237 292 255 404 161 103 26	7 766 73 299 224 222 259 404 211 68 6	2 606 109 377 317 292 286 612 347 219 47	1 074 46 147 209 124 122 164 156 59	597 4 48 18 73 45 145 88 102 74	22 832 17 212 21 106 22 135 20 892 21 334 23 313 25 913 26 052 31 773	25 670 19 083 22 972 23 930 24 728 24 789 26 296 29 515 32 057 42 101	346 24 59 66 34 57 28 39 25
Median Not mortgaged Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	\$359 4 422 54 272 998 1 243 916 659 209	\$321 459 18 75 137 104 60 51	\$324 1 055 22 90 307 361 161 85 22	\$318 426 	\$285 318 - 29 98 82 44 48 12	\$349 631 5 16 132 217 172 62 27	\$363 502 9 16 70 105 154 125 5 18	\$386 539 - 9 102 144 118 131 32 3	\$355 387 - 7 9 70 135 99 57 10	\$481 105 - - 5 14 17 8 33 28	14 631 6 324 7 210 10 996 12 820 18 583 21 309 31 862 37 980	18 065 9 016 9 961 13 287 16 510 20 942 21 387 33 178 37 944	\$335 295 10 61 66 57 3B 56
Median MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	\$118	\$100	\$108	\$108	\$ 110	\$119	\$133	\$128	\$145	\$213	•••	•••	\$105
With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion	9 907 3 086 1 907 1 710 1 093 643 1 444 24 19.9	237 - - - 213 24 50+	614 	518 20 30 102 57 70 239 -	580 33 96 140 110 77 124 - 26.0	1 915 198 359 408 410 239 301 24.9	1 766 448 442 446 239 124 67 -	2 606 1 065 737 514 196 71 23 -	1 074 800 169 74 15 11 5 -	597 522 66 9 - - - 10—	22 832 32 503 25 187 22 166 18 788 17 018 10 387 2500—	25 670 38 002 26 174 22 433 19 486 17 960 11 087 -3 654	346 8 7 6 4 - 297 24 50+
Net mertgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed	4 422 2 199 927 494 270 175 82 236 39	459 - 7 33 56 74 56 194 39	1 055 27 359 318 184 101 26 40	426 86 244 74 22 - -	318 168 107 33 8 - - 2	631 442 171 18 - - -	502 455 29 18 	539 539 - - - - - -	387 383 4 - - - -	105 99 6 - - - -	14 631 23 933 10 999 8 632 6 496 5 422 4 292 3 662 2500—	18 065 27 418 11 915 9 183 6 840 5 296 4 848 3 566 -93	295 2 6 16 24 22 32 154 39 39.3
Median	10.0	33.6	17.2	12.6	10-	10-	10	10—	10	10—	• • • •	•••	37.3

Table A-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

					Н	ousehold incom	me in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or mare	Medion (dollars)	Meon (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	10 639	2 476	2 852	1 253	1 000	1 436	776	570	175	101	9 986	12 103	2 184
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families 15 ta 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 55 years ond over 55 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	4 357 1 069 1 704 683 481 420 2 437 682 640 271 546 298 3 845 782 872 308 793 1 090 33.2	276 89 63 31 54 573 95 71 29 220 158 1 627 338 285 259 663 55,3	1 104 411 366 59 83 185 562 186 144 61 99 72 1 186 291 278 253 269 30.6	505 172 220 102 53 58 296 140 61 23 53 19 352 51 127 101 101 52 31,2	557 143 256 78 30 50 215 94 36 27 37 21 228 49 84 49 84 33 33 32 29	158 383 174 68 43 373 78 161 53 53 28 237 40 42 47 63 31.4	481 71 269 78 52 11 179 31 80 26 42 - 116 13 33 33 14 39 17	332 14 118 113 66 21 176 58 67 34 19 - - 18 9 23 10 35,7	113 11 29 37 -28 8 23 - - 23 - 23 - 5 7 22 5 44,7	63 	13 368 10 501 14 482 16 375 16 220 9 578 10 705 11 071 15 230 14 583 8 115 4 850 6 254 5 872 7 978 8 062 4 464	15 164 11 589 15 181 18 688 20 821 11 986 13 086 11 723 17 414 18 298 10 541 6 834 8 010 6 643 8 795 9 933 6 197	484 154 162 58 81 11 29 412 91 47 15 178 81 1 288 369 289 105 225 300 34.4
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT		•				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•				•••		
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	5 787 2 945 1 026 559 322	1 265 586 345 157 123	1 616 708 298 134 · 96	739 332 80 65 37	541 322 73 57 7	745 507 104 45 35	447 227 40 53 9	284 192 67 27	99 46 14 11 5	51 25 5 10 10	10 042 11 344 7 890 9 425 7 317	12 070 13 019 10 346 12 004 10 072	1 338 450 218 96 82
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	10 000	2 240	2 707	7 100	047	1 400	774	670	176	101	10 164	10 202	2.056
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	10 222 6 145 3 734 237 106 417 200 204 	2 240 1 576 600 42 22 236 108 115 —	2 797 1 690 1 006 57 44 55 15 40	1 188 720 429 35 4 6\$ 41 24	967 550 366 29 22 33 17 16	745 640 23 - 28 19 9	776 394 345 37 	570 320 235 7 8 - -	175 88 74 7 6	101 62 39 - - - - - -	10 156 9 461 11 521 11 393 8 452 4 570 4 733 4 618	12 323 11 738 13 278 13 032 11 038 6 690 7 169 6 590 902	2 055 1 108 800 86 61 129 53 63
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS													
Heating equipment Central heating system Air canditioning Central system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Median rooms	10 625 9 374 2 300 982 8 806 5 150 3 656 10 625 8 827 199 1 154 220 225 4.1	2 468 2 077 612 296 1 246 961 285 2 468 2 004 82 295 34 53 3.3	2 846 2 484 261 2 400 1 795 2 846 2 383 555 293 68 47 3.9	1 253 1 114 225 82 1 216 715 501 1 253 1 017 9 193 13 21 4.3	1 000 890 199 86 982 577 1 000 862 19 71 12 36 4.4	1 436 1 321 286 82 1 394 664 730 1 436 1 199 10 166 26 35 4.7	776 728 129 53 752 220 532 776 680 5 77 8 6	570 511 154 69 557 161 396 570 460 15 36 32 27 4.9	175 160 59 26 170 46 124 175 144 4 17 10	101 89 32 27 89 11 78 101 78 - 6 17	9 998 10 283 9 375 7 437 11 556 9 547 15 192 9 998 10 065 6 620 9 839 11 538 11 488	12 112 12 364 12 391 12 702 13 456 10 872 17 097 12 112 12 117 9 062 11 449 17 993 12 229	2 176 1 817 432 194 1993 875 418 2 176 1 714 75 282 38 67 3.7
Specified renter-occupied housing units	10 238	2 410	2 770	1 192	975	1 369	750	542	153	77	9 900	11 935	2 105
CONTRACT RENT Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or mare No cash rent Medion	1 479 1 792 2 742 2 116 1 050 256 139 77 5 582 \$176	911 497 538 221 105 - 11 8 - 119 \$121	298 716 934 473 128 36 14 14 157 \$161	69 181 369 392 96 9 - - 76 \$191	52 87 229 350 130 45 9 - 73 \$213	77 124 328 381 296 56 18 10 - 79 \$214	31 95 216 129 164 64 35 - 16 \$208	41 65 89 120 113 36 27 29 - 22 \$228	18 23 27 18 10 12 11 - 34 \$226	- 9 16 23 13 5 5 6 \$215	4 331 7 690 9 512 12 321 16 100 18 714 22 083 27 031 75000+ 10 493	6 477 9 799 11 108 13 935 15 844 18 845 25 409 25 497 150 500 12 712	663 423 526 210 133 32 20 8 - 90 \$138
GROSS RENT													540
Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$149 \$200 to \$299 \$250 to \$299 \$3300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent Median	1 061 1 293 2 322 2 434 1 284 722 294 181 65 582 \$203	728 449 504 322 190 69 16 5 8 119 \$146	181 478 939 629 203 92 61 30 - 157 \$184	36 95 332 392 180 65 7 9 - 76 \$211	43 51 136 347 172 92 35 20 6 73 \$234	16 129 174 419 300 166 47 29 10 79 \$239	30 54 111 193 126 116 66 38 - 16 \$244	27 37 99 75 90 95 57 16 24 22 \$267	- 27 14 18 27 5 22 6 34 \$301	- - 43 5 - 12 11 6 \$243	4 030 7 101 8 609 11 696 13 503 16 493 17 841 19 306 30 107 10 493	5 857 8 579 10 032 13 378 13 981 16 613 17 364 22 485 38 533 12 712	543 316 496 295 183 106 41 27 8 90 \$165
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
Less than 15 percent	1 865 1 609 1 665 1 159 762 1 025 1 500 653 24.0	55 103 145 155 122 366 1 274 190 50+	176 221 430 539 463 558 226 157 29.4	92 225 388 252 103 56 - 76 23.1	128 239 323 123 54 35 - 73 21.3	401 522 269 68 20 10 - 79 17.3	432 200 88 14 - - 16 14.0	397 93 22 8 - 22 11.5	113 6 34 10—	71 6 10—	20 689 15 161 11 659 9 226 8 104 5 913 3 242 9 375	22 558 15 188 11 954 9 533 8 134 6 079 3 267 11 330	73 74 135 112 104 335 1 111 161 50+

Table A-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Tatal	Less thon \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 ta \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dallars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	9 907	640	1 554	1 282	1 259	1 209	2 077	1 047	619	220	359
PERSONS IN UNIT						, 10,	2 0		0.7	1	337
l person	753	129	92	137	75	118	118	58	.11	15	312
2 persons	2 615 2 161	236 100	493 359	330 298	370 296	298 256	464 504	270 217	124 101	30 30	334 355
4 persons	2 554 1 193	114 40	363 143	267 135	274	348 147	621	304	195	68	387
5 persons6 persons	432	15	73	80	130 56	23	269 78	133 50	132 44	64	401 343
7 persons8 or more persons	133 66	- 6	19 12	30 5	40 18	5 14	18	15	6		322 328
Medion	3.23	2.31	3.03	3.08	3.12	3.24	3.41	3.40	3.88	4.01	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER											
Married-couple families	8 1 72 276	433	1 261 44	1 011	1 039 40	945 51	1 817 88	914 39	549	203	368 389
25 to 34 years	2 178	,33	160	184	284	328	670	330	150	39	414
35 to 44 years	2 570 2 819	124 201	314 641	319 464	303 382	282 259	586 437	318 214	218 172	106	390 314
65 years and over Male hauseholder, no wife present	329 7 30	75 72	102 86	30 118	30 96	25 116	36 1 53	13 51	32	9	314 244 34 6
15 to 24 years	103	9	13	-	16	27	12	20	6	-	375
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	311 176	32 18	19 42	56 38	53 13	50 12	67	11 14	17 4	6	346 287
45 to 64 years	94 46	13	12	24	7	23	35 16	6	5	-	357 1
65 years and averFemale householder, no husband present	1 005	135	207	153	124	148	23 107	82	38	11	400 303 522
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	39 154	20	18	12	10	7 46	7 29	25 13	6	_	522 368
35 to 44 years	304	15	75	45	69	54	13	9	19	5	312
45 to 64 years65 years and over	382 126	75 25	69 45	72 24	42	26 15	51 7	28 7	13	6	283 242
Median age	41.2	49.1	46.8	44.4	40.8	37.9	37.2	37.7	39.1	41.5	•••
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	1 (00	24	40	٠,	104			222	1/7		.,,
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	1 609 3 740	26 108	49 270	56 296	194 464	200 630	446 1 137	389 435	167 288	82 112	465 409
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	1 821 2 177	104 274	337 732	399 440	323 233	180 150	279 160	101 103	88 69	10 16	311 259
1959 or earlier	560	128	166	91	45	49	55	19	7	'-	246
ROOMS					1						
1 to 3 rooms	197	.40	73	32	26	14	12	_	-	-	240
4 raams5 raams	1 132 1 962	166 176	303 320	144 274	191 261	168 259	140 375	20 193	90	14	284 340
6 raams 7 raams	1 870 1 723	83 83	314 274	276 224	221 210	257 179	441 376	187 169	73 130	18 78	358 370
8 ar mare raams	3 023	92	270	332	350	332	733	478	326	110	421
Median	6.4	5.1	5.8	6.2	6.2	6.1	6.7	7.2	7.7	7.5	•••
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	1 375	18	24	24	0.4	142	449	204	159	145	401
1970 ta 1974	894	25	36 59	36 109	84 116	162 141	229	286 140	69	6	481 399
1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959	3 019 2 205	156 210	522 435	410 329	374 340	321 219	658 343	317 215	222 89	39 25	357 319
1940 to 1949	887	75	190	142	125	134	162	19	40 40	5	315 309
1939 or earlier	1 527	156	312	256	220	232	236	70	40	ا	309
VALUE Less than \$10,000	60	46		_	_	5	3	_	_	_	109
\$10,000 to \$19,999	301	82	142	.22	25	23	-1		7	-	224
\$20,000 ta \$29,999 \$30,000 ta \$39,999	623 1 392	100 139	178 302	159 291	118 248	23 28 225	18 179	15	7 8		261 294
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	2 420 2 102	161 59	473 339	265 323	351 228	356 264	598 520	158 299	58 70	_	344 369
\$60,000 to \$79,999	2 153	40	102	210	226	250	607	411	274	33	441 530
\$80,000 ta \$99,999 \$100,000 ta \$149,999	523 272	13	6	12	59 4	49	91 50	106 58	108 55	79 90	625
\$150,000 or mare Median	\$50 600	\$37 000	\$43 500	\$46 900	\$46 700	\$49 200	\$53 600 l	\$62 100	32 \$69 900	18 \$99 600	691
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS	, ,,,	40, 555	4.0 300	VIO 700	410 700	V 200	****	402 100	40	, , , , , ,	
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979											
Less than 15 percent	3 086	428	919	627	398 319	228 312	279 413	106 171	75 39	26 39	266 353
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	1 907 1 710	99 34	281 166	234 203	230	227	488	250	87	25	399
25 to 29 percent	1 093 643	18	85 26	75 49	111 64	198 48	301 218	158 136	132 53	15 42	419 460
35 percent ar more	1 444	54	72	94	130	196	378	226	221	73	455 475
Nat camputed Median	24 19.9	12.2	5 13.5	15.3	18.6	21.4	23.6	24.9	12 28.9	30.6	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS											
Heating equipment	9 907	640	1 554	1 282	1 259	1 209	2 077	1 047	619	220	359
Steam or hat water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	661 8 054	26 482	60 1 285	99 1 046	105 1	1 000	106	67 887	111 462	19 167	380 360
Other built-in electric units	349	7 39	38	32	22 45	26 19	119	46	27	32	449
Flaor, wall, ar pipeless furnace Other means	209 634	86	52 119	42 63	67	96	135	47	19	2	266 337
Air conditioning	2 072 721	134 34	298 58	265 49	294 97	236 40	42 0 198	171 71	168 98	8 6 76	360 439
i or more individual room units	1 351	100	240	216	197 1 259	196 1 209	222 2 077	100 1 047	70 619	10 220	330
House heating fuel	9 907 8 588	640 573	1 554 1 364	1 282 1 157	1 113	1 040	1 751	888	538	164	359 354
Bottled, tank, ar LP gas Electricity	187 514	12	50 45	3 43	23 42	38 36	22 160	21 90	26 32	2 54	370 456
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	156 462	14	32 63	27 52	34 47	12 83	26 118	6 42	5 18		307 368
Other	462	37	03	32	4/	03	110	42	10	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	300

Table A - 6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Doto ore estimote	s oosea on o sam	ne, see introducti	on. For meaning	or symbols, see i	rinodoction. For	Jenninons of Term	is, see oppendixes	A GIIO DJ	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Median (dallars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	4 422	54	272	998	1 243	916	659	209	71	118
PERSONS IN UNIT										
l person	1 176	37	141 100	402 459	308	141	105	30	12	101
2 persons3 persons	2 176 568	12	21	459 81	708 127	502 159	294 106	80 45	21 29	118 134
4 persons	263		4	34	74	55	87	5	4	134
5 persons	134 72	5	2	16	15 11	38 19	38 13	18 20	2 3	144 150
7 persons	15	-	4	-	<u>'-</u>	- 1	~11	_		166
8 or more persons	18 1,98	1.23	1.46	1.71	1.94	2.13	5 2.26	11 2.43	2.59	209
	1.,0	1.25	1.40	,	1.74	2.13	2.20	1.43	2.57	• • •
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	2 803 23	14	117	506	774 6	673 5	492	174	53	125 127
25 to 34 years	74	- 1	2	29		26	12	5	-	131 133
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	214 1 369	5	6 27	23 . 1 79	54 351	56 387	43 307	25 86	2 30	133
65 years and over	1 123	7	82	270	363	199	123	58	21	114
Male householder, no wife present	478	19	58	152	137	71	23	12	6	102
25 to 34 years	43	-	7	24	-	12	- 1	-	<u>-</u>	90
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	22 156	14	20	46	6 42	8 22	8 5	7	_	141 99
65 years and over	257	5	31	82	89	29	10	5	6	103
Femole householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	1 141	21	97	340	332	172	144	23	12	108
25 to 34 years	18	5	_	_]	5	8		_	145
35 to 44 years	36 410	_	32	111	11 159	19 23	2 68	7	10	129 110
45 to 64 years65 years and over	677	16	65	225	162	125	66	16	2	105
Median age	64.1	66.0	70.1	67.9	64.9	62.1	59.5	61.3	63.7	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to March 1980	164	.2	24	54	46	11	6	2]	=	101
1975 to 1978	349 375	17	42 34	84 54	61 112	78 92	53 56	6 25	8 2	113 122
1960 ta 1969	969	.7	41	170	258	226	191	44	32	126
1959 or earlier	2 565	28	131	636	766	509	353	113	29	116
ROOMS										
1 to 3 roams	263	33	.66	87	35	.40	- 1	_	2	84
4 rooms 5 rooms	1 152 1 204	/ /	111 56	440 304	368 378	137 250	69 160	20 38	9	101 115
6 raems	811	5	16	92	253	238	129	56	22	129
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	496 496	-1	15 8	39 36	149 60	112 139	131 170	43 52	7 31	135 151
Median	5.2	3.3	4.1	4.4	5.1	5.6	6.3	. 6.3	6.9	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to March 1980	135	9	12	50	22	29	6	5	2	98
1970 to 1974	110 462	5	10 7	9 78	31 92	23 109	21 127	11 30	17	125 137
1950 ta 1959	1 256	10	41	135	312	377	262	86	33	134
1940 to 1949	616 1 843	7 21	39 163	178 548	204 582	121 257	58 185	9 68	19	110 108
TO VI WING SESSEE SESSE	1 043	2'	103	340	362	257	183		17	100
VALUE					:	_	_			
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	201 424	28	72	60 168	27 96	7 32	7 17	14	5	75 93
\$20,000 to \$29,999	742	5	85 52	250	247	102	72	14	_	106
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	992 877	5	53 10	253 184	336 348	259 220	84 103	_	2 5	114 117
\$50,000 to \$59,999	493	·	-	59	120	149	137	23	5	136
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	465 160	2	_	10 14	57	108 30	178 45	101 49	9 16	166
\$100,000 to \$149,999	54	-	-	- 1	6	ا ق	8	l š	23	183 225
\$150,000 or more Median	14 \$38 500	\$10000 <u></u>	\$17 400	\$30 600	\$37 900	\$42 700	\$52 400	\$75 500	\$85 900	194
	400 500	4,000	417 400	400 000	40, 700	4.2 700	402 100	4,0 000	400 /00	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	2 199	28	120	472	579	508	339	122	31	121
10 to 14 percent	927	15	75	287	270	148	103	19	10	108
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	494 270	11	24 19	99 40	159 103	97 59	66 34	20 12	18 3	118
25 to 29 percent	175	-	16	38	48	38	34 35 7	_	-	117
30 ta 34 percent	82 236	-	10	17 41	22 62	13 51	7 55	13 18	9	116 132
Not computed	39	_	8	4	_	2	20	5	_	164
Median	10.0	10	10.8	10.4	10.8	10—	10—	10—	. 12.2	•••
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment Steam or hat water system	4 422 428	54	272	998 54	1 243 112	916 118	6 59 89	209 38	71 13	118 134
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	3 109	16	177	634	900	695	486	151	50	120
Other built-in electric units Flaor, wall, or pipeless furnace	146 239	16	35 31	41 90	24 83	13	17 10	-	-	88 100
Other means	500	22	25	179	124	25 65	57	20	8	105
Air conditioning	832	-	45	147	223	200	157	31	29 12	125 144
Central system 1 or more individual room units	275 557		16 29	25 122	61 162	46 154	91 66	24 7	17	120
House heating fuel	4 422	54	272	998	1 243	916	659	209	71	118
Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas	3 731 159	20	189 12	775 64	1 109 42	836 12	555 19	191 -	56 10	120 102
Electricity	170	16	38	41	24	19	32 33	, <u></u>	_	94
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	201 161	7	8 25	73 45	24 44	33 16	33 20	18	5	113 100
		''	2.5	73			40			

Table A -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see introduction. For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		Ov	mer-occupied h						ter-occupied ho			
The SMSA	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	18 746	2 551	2 020	4 169	5 772	4 234	10 639	989	973	2 301	3 638	2 738
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	14 058 588 2 839 3 385 5 270 1 7765 1 765 165 499 300 361 440 2 923 67 267 267 267 415 1 065 1 109 47.4	2 102 210 778 610 470 34 209 34 86 48 20 21 240 16 74 40 86 24 35.9	1 578 101 329 469 558 121 159 20 70 33 23 13 283 5 40 88 104 46 42.6	3 316 91 528 1 116 1 318 263 355 18 104 85 84 498 30 44 95 217 112	4 275 83 769 793 1 881 749 597 58 164 94 122 159 900 16 57 109 423 295 52.1	2 787 103 435 397 1 043 809 445 35 75 40 112 183 1 002 - 52 83 235 632 59.3	4 357 1 069 1 704 683 481 420 2 437 682 640 271 546 298 872 3 845 782 872 308 793 1 090 33.2	354 121 165 29 39 166 57 56 26 20 7 469 114 103 74 88 90 30,9	326 100 115 34 15 62 155 37 84 18 12 4 492 154 81 38 102 117 32.0	1 083 260 459 196 89 79 431 165 117 28 84 37 787 113 172 67 171 264 32.7	1 789 470 681 354 170 114 835 304 213 127 137 54 1 014 219 367 74 174 180 29.9	805 118 284 99 178 126 850 119 170 72 293 196 1 083 182 149 55 258 439 50.3
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	2 616 5 601 2 973 3 684 3 872	987 1 564 - - -	262 802 956 —	472 1 118 726 1 853	586 1 266 853 1 135 1 932	309 851 438 696 1 940	5 787 2 945 1 026 559 322	775 214 - - -	589 275 109 -	1 263 664 231 143	2 056 1 081 259 178 64	1 104 711 427 238 258
ROOMS 1 room	134 671 3 602 4 339 3 388 6 612 5.7	11 47 485 725 502 781 5.5	20 57 379 563 325 676 5.5	13 83 569 731 678 2 095 6.5	44 229 1 127 1 364 1 150 1 858 5.6	46 255 1 042 956 733 1 202 5.3	561 805 2 176 3 076 2 052 1 198 771 4.1	7 112 210 416 157 45 42 3.9	26 94 166 420 188 70 9	141 115 358 666 463 333 225 4.3	49 158 744 1 000 862 496 329 4.4	338 326 698 574 382 254 166 3.5
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	18 631 12 348 5 894 359 30 115 54 31 20	2 530 1 420 1 045 63 2 21 9	2 010 1 053 880 72 5 10 5	4 164 2 772 1 330 46 16 5 -	5 751 4 087 1 549 115 	4 176 3 016 1 090 63 7 58 34 14 3 7	10 222 6 145 3 734 237 106 417 200 204 -	955 607 307 28 13 34 28 6	962 683 250 18 11 11 5 6	2 249 1 223 919 90 17 52 36 16	3 560 2 055 1 409 73 23 78 35 38 5	2 496 1 577 849 28 42 242 96 138 - 8
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons Medion Total persons	2 828 6 368 3 581 3 429 1 593 947 2.55 55 695	245 672 570 662 312 90 3.13 8 135	238 561 451 408 178 184 2.97	468 1 211 860 928 471 231 2.97	879 2 310 1 009 965 359 250 2.37 16 457	998 1 614 691 466 273 192 2.19	4 120 2 891 1 575 1 279 494 280 1.91	365 338 170 73 36 7 1.88	425 351 100 68 21 8 1.68	772 608 299 377 133 112 2.12 5 480	1 091 979 716 579 179 94 2.24	1 467 615 290 182 125 59 1.43 4 853
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile hame or trailer, etc.	15 967 478 139 124 211 35 1 792	1 775 15 7 27 85 -	1 176 5 16 42 50 7	3 732 87 14 - 5 23 308	5 386 185 36 19 42 5	3 898 186 66 36 29 -	3 791 1 419 1 361 918 2 337 548 265	104 41 121 75 521 91 36	99 73 176 123 418 39 45	743 334 330 128 415 196 155	1 766 709 451 357 318 8 29	1 079 262 283 235 665 214
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	18 746 1 334 14 252 817 620 1 723 4 395 1 720 2 675 18 746 15 070 1 245 677 908 1 083 5.8	2 551 66 1 699 457 38 291 709 476 233 2 551 1 403 82 781 46 239 172 6.7	2 020 101 1 662 85 22 150 759 433 326 2 020 1 557 207 112 62 82 131	4 169 311 3 563 46 224 966 385 581 4 169 3 722 187 80 53 127 227 5.4	5 772 479 4 531 91 214 457 1 362 336 5 772 5 132 123 117 202 198 281 4.9	4 234 377 2 797 138 322 600 599 90 509 4 234 3 256 247 155 314 262 272 6.4	10 625 2 001 6 155 700 518 1 251 2 300 982 1 318 10 625 8 827 199 1 154 220 225 2 184 20.5	989 104 493 335 14 43 606 297 309 989 478 10 483 	973 306 546 75 14 32 410 170 240 973 787 28 158 — 207 21.3	2 301 1 606 74 37 157 607 354 253 2 301 2 054 43 163 22 19 344 15.0	3 624 312 2 351 124 257 580 246 46 200 3 624 3 213 77 212 78 64 633 17.4	2 738 852 1 159 92 196 439 431 115 316 2 738 2 295 61 138 120 124 759 27.7
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$40,000 or more Median	1 164 2 309 1 339 1 312 3 315 2 810 3 915 1 750 832 \$19 889 \$22 305	132 204 194 170 460 435 612 201 143 \$21 224 \$23 404	112 247 120 106 377 357 386 191 124 \$20 600 \$22 991	216 324 207 233 582 642 1 176 531 258 \$23 984 \$25 834	318 675 445 394 1 058 876 1 158 623 225 \$19 978 \$22 576	386 859 373 409 838 500 583 204 82 \$15 455 \$17 474	2 476 2 852 1 253 1 000 1 436 776 570 175 101 \$9 986 \$12 103	252 249 139 81 98 67 55 30 18 \$9 894 \$13 325	207 240 149 135 117 77 26 17 5 \$10 663 \$11 492	350 626 259 265 375 220 144 47 15 \$11 684 \$13 278	654 1 047 443 344 653 228 178 34 57 \$10 666 \$12 551	1 013 690 263 175 193 184 167 47 6 \$7 700 \$10 295

Table A — 8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	(Owner-occupied 1	ousing units				Re	enter-occupied	housing units			
The SMSA	Total	1 unit, detached or ottoched	2 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.	Total	l unit, detached or ottoched	2 units	3 ond 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.
Occupled housing units Condominium housing units	18 746 250	15 967 53	987 197	1 792 -	10 639 171	3 791 40	1 419 7	1 361 24	918 27	2 337 69	548 4	265
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	14 058 588 2 839 3 385 5 270	12 261 301 2 462 3 120 4 680	5 97 32 117 54	1 200 255 260 211 375	4 357 1 069 1 704 683 481	2 148 414 911 403 294	755 124 307 235 37	484 188 161 18 31	278 150 84 15	509 150 184 12	72 6 5	111 37 52
45 to 64 years	1 976 1 765 165 499 300	1 698 1 346 103 384 213	215 179 136 21 20 42	99 283 41 95 45	420 2 437 682 640 271	126 761 206 211	52 268 78 100 46	86 310 154 77 29	22 7 271 100 86 15	75 88 645 120 133 54	61 127 - 13	22 - 55 24 20 6
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	361 440 2 923 67 267	278 368 2 360 39 185	35 18 254 3 25	48 54 309 25 57	546 298 3 845 782 872	141 91 882 193 280	30 14 396 75 78	42 8 567 148 168	61 9 369 89 116	227 111 1 183 229 207	40 65 349	5 99 48 12
35 to 44 years	415 1 065 1 109 47.4	364 860 912 47.7	11 109 106 54.6	40 96 91 40.2	308 793 1 090 33.2	88 · 129 192 32.0	51 148 44 33.6	63 97 91 28.7	18 82 64 28.6	70 257 420 45.7	9 71 258 72.7	9 9 21 28.9
1979 to Morch 1980	2 616 5 601 2 973 3 684 3 872	1 923 4 553 2 431 3 450 3 610	196 307 163 85 236	497 741 379 149 26	5 787 2 945 1 026 559 322	2 074 1 091 236 213 177	903 306 99 59 52	787 344 177 30 23	516 276 83 31 12	1 162 661 254 208 52	185 200 143 14 6	160 67 34 4 -
1 room	134 671 3 602 4 339 3 388 6 612 5.7	105 424 2 514 3 531 3 039 6 354 6.0	5 79 355 234 146 168 4.7	24 168 733 574 203 90 4.5	561 805 2 176 3 076 2 052 1 198 771 4.1	19 75 543 898 965 749 542 4.9	29 264 386 397 207 136 4.6	14 94 333 574 175 129 42 3.9	21 60 277 257 217 66 20 3.9	254 411 656 751 232 19 14 3.3	247 130 84 68 5 9 5	6 19 142 61 19 12 4.2
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	18 631 12 348 5 894 359 30 115 54	15 885 10 596 4 987 277 25 82 45	954 737 196 21 - 33 9	1 792 1 015 711 61 5	10 222 6 145 3 734 237 106 417 200 204	3 759 2 089 1 550 91 29 32 24	1 394 734 600 45 15 25 20	1 305 847 402 38 18 56 47	881 553 320 5 3 37 . 29	2 082 1 516 512 43 11 255 68 179	536 234 272 6 24 12	265 172 78 9 6 -
1.01 to 1.50	20 10	20 3 5	7	_ _ 5	13	- - 35	5	- - 20	- - 27	8 345	260	- - 6
1	986 5 630 7 340 3 721 1 059	746 4 158 6 451 3 568 1 039	108 546 188 125 20	132 926 701 28 -	3 226 4 017 2 003 619 77	813 1 272 1 134 476 61	364 527 444 73 7	436 680 188 37	337 475 61 18	1 056 830 97 - 9	197 72 14 5	23 161 65 10
Less than \$5,000	1 164 2 309 1 339 1 312 3 315 2 810 3 915 1 750 832 \$19 889 \$22 305	873 1 889 1 031 1 033 2 765 2 478 3 517 1 591 790 \$20 696 \$23 121	83 137 79 112 176 99 178 102 21 \$17 615 \$19 881	208 283 229 167 374 233 220 57 21 \$15 118 \$16 377	2 476 2 852 1 253 1 000 1 436 776 570 175 101 \$9 986 \$12 103	733 866 445 293 601 383 329 84 57 \$11 666 \$13 921	125 348 194 216 326 112 57 13 28 \$12 992 \$14 256	317 445 106 135 158 121 62 17 \$9 106 \$10 934	184 265 189 98 104 38 12 28 - \$10 132 \$10 872	754 682 267 202 212 98 88 23 11 \$8 212 \$10 174	308 155 25 15 27 - 13 - 5 \$4 646 \$7 527	55 91 27 41 8 24 9 10 - \$9 363 \$11 307
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, woll, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available 1 2 or more	18 746 1 334 14 252 817 620 1 723 4 395 1 720 18 167 3 981 14 186	15 967 1 201 12 073 683 543 1 467 3 259 1 166 15 487 3 107 12 380	987 120 743 52 23 49 415 230 934 363 571	1 792 13 1 436 82 54 207 721 324 1 746 511 1 235	10 625 2 001 6 155 700 518 1 251 2 300 982 8 806 5 150 3 656	3 785 165 2 406 137 307 770 295 79 3 472 1 535 1 937	1 411 32 1 143 35 79 122 123 9 1 297 690 607	1 361 250 822 97 22 170 170 48 1 148 834 314	918 220 525 65 40 68 167 90 750 539 211	2 337 1 071 856 315 48 47 1 054 428 1 685 1 282 403	548 263 195 48 16 26 377 282 218 188 30	265
House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Water heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	18 746 15 070 846 1 245 677 908 18 704 14 532 570 3 554 18	15 360 15 967 12 995 608 927 614 823 15 937 12 720 380 2 791	987 802 34 97 33 21 975 786 28	1 792 1 273 204 221 30 64 1 792 1 026 162 602	10 625 8 827 199 1 154 220 225 10 568 8 394 203 1 913 30	3 767 2 975 94 687	1 411 1 344 7 57 3 - 1 414 1 274 18 119	1 361 1 173 20 135 5 28 1 361 1 145 11 205	918 795 3 98 13 9 911 759 22 121	2 337 1 771 24 502 18 22 2 302 1 631 23 613 18	548 445 7 96 - 548 451 8 89	265 230 18 15 - 2 265 159 27 79
Other Family householder With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years Female householder, na husband present With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years Nonfamily householder Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	30 15 610 8 043 3 148 1 196 651 89 3 136 1 083 5.8	30 13 593 7 124 2 634 1 015 545 63 2 374 822 5.1	693 213 115 79 24 5 294 72 7.3	1 324 706 399 102 82 21 468 189 10.5	5 737 3 735 2 353 1 180 992 513 4 902 2 184 20.5	2 634 1 840 1 062 379 337 180 1 157 716 18.9	919 641 399 132 105 30 500 167	716 441 293 222 185 70 645 331 24.3	6 438 302 245 145 118 80 480 185 20.2	17 794 411 276 253 209 119 1 543 536 22.9	83 17 13 11 11 7 465 182 33.2	153 83 65 38 27 27 112 67 25.3

Table A=9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see introduction. For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

				oduction, for me		,			.,,	,	
The SMSA	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelotives present	18 746 580	2 828	6 368 255	3 581 140	3 429 107	1 593 47	610 13	215 4	1 22 14	2.55 2.75	55 695 1 858
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms	805 3 602 4 339 3 388 2 548 4 064 5.7	416 984 660 416 162 190 4,5	273 1 643 1 705 1 049 772 926 5.2	82 531 948 729 494 797 5.8	24 284 636 766 593 1 126 6.5	144 257 308 296 588 6.8	3 12 92 77 146 280 7.3	7 26 22 64 96 7.3	- 4 15 21 21 61 7.5	1.47 2.00 2.39 2.81 3.19 3.61	1 427 8 152 12 161 10 431 8 6 76 14 848
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less	18 631 18 242 359 30 115 85	2 795 2 795 	6 352 6 352 - - 16	3 571 3 560 11 - 10	\$ 403 3 379 13 11 26 26	1 573 1 449 124 — 20	607 503 104 - - 3	208 160 48 - 7	122 44 59 19 -	2.55 2.50 5.80 7.74 3.35 2.09	55 314 52 942 2 186 186 381 235
1.01 to 1.50	20 10 15 967 987 1 792	2 169 258 401	5 332 427 609	3 070 152 359	3 055 105 269	20 1 484 13 96	577 20 13	7 177 7 31	103 5 14	5.00 6.79 2.66 2.05 2.31	71 75 47 963 2 703 5 029
Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more Median	14 329 261 725 1 365 2 384 3 297 2 595 2 618 683 326 75 \$47 600	1 929 121 253 358 469 324 169 157 65 13 -	4 791 92 238 556 828 1 194 844 727 200 66 46 \$45 100	2 729 7 104 246 386 684 459 651 130 62 - \$49 200	2 817 21 47 148 402 679 645 606 160 89 20 \$51 400	1 \$27 6 36 41 191 277 315 296 92 64 9	504 3 32 10 64 98 102 133 30 32 - \$53 400	148 9 	84 2 15 6 8 12 24 17 - - - - \$49 200	2.66 1.60 1.96 2.08 2.37 2.69 3.12 3.15 3.09 3.75 2.32	42 704 529 1 599 3 194 6 750 9 920 8 569 8 708 2 182 1 072 181
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income With a mortgage	18 746 \$19 889 16.9 19.9	2 828 \$9 857 20.5 27.9	6 368 \$19 077 14.3 19.9	3 581 \$22 202 15.8 18.1	\$ 429 \$23 224 18.8 19.8	1 593 \$24 343 18.8 19.9	610 \$23 971 17.2 20.0	215 \$25 491 16.7 18.2	\$23 750 \$23 750 16.3 20.0	2.55 	55 695
Not mortgaged	10.0 1 083 \$3 249 50+ 50+ 39.3	16.1 368 \$2 604 50+ 50+ 43.6	10- 222 \$3 200 50+ 50+ 37.2	10— 189 \$2500— 50+ 50+ 35.0	10— 141 \$4 816 50+ 50+ 22,5	10— 75 \$4 779 50+ 50+ 50+	10— 51 \$8 551 48.0 48.0	10— 14 \$7 500 45.8 45.8	10— 23 \$10 125 27.5 35.0 10—	2.28 	
Renter-occupied housing units	10 639 977	4 120	2 891 639	1 575 174	1 279	494 37	205 39	48	27	1.91 2.26	22 653 2 405
ROOMS 1 room	561 805 2 176 3 076 2 052 1 198 771 4.1	519 652 1 402 1 184 238 98 27 3.1	42 124 542 1 074 662 362 85 4.2	20 132 428 594 228 173 4.8	6 52 273 373 335 240 5.3	- 3 31 65 126 141 128 5.7	- - - 42 45 25 93 6.1	- 17 5 4 - 22 5.0	- - - 5 10 9 1 3 3 5.3	1.04 1.12 1.28 1.83 2.71 3.11 3.92	574 972 3 265 6 117 5 614 3 479 2 632
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	10 222 9 879 237 106 417 404	3 788 3 788 - 332 332	2 838 2 804 - 34 53 45 - 8	1 572 1 552 20 - 3 3	1 255 1 197 52 6 24 24	494 395 65 34 — —	205 118 87 - - - -	48 22 4 22 	22 3 9 10 5 -	1.97 1.91 5.22 4.88 1.13 1.11	22 056 20 404 1 207 445 597 502 - 95
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 ar more Mobile home or trailer, etc	3 791 1 419 1 361 918 2 337 548 265	871 337 530 395 1 442 457 88	1 010 399 432 263 613 74 100	760 269 222 168 112 11 33	740 257 98 61 111 -	259 103 43 21 36 -	108 41 27 - 23 6	21 8 9 10 -	22 5 - - -	2.52 2.43 1.85 1.74 1.31 1.10	9 618 3 684 2 675 1 816 3 639 643 578
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$149 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$3550 to \$349 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent Median	10 238 1 061 1 293 2 322 2 434 1 284 722 294 181 65 582 \$203	4 049 757 761 1 037 778 352 109 55 7 7 55 188 \$170	2 801 168 329 630 800 443 209 62 33 8 119 \$214	1 446 55 92 311 368 219 176 51 29 6 139 \$222	1 204 44 51 235 280 175 156 81 37 40 105 \$235	458 28 16 75 136 66 55 18 37 6 21 \$231	205 - 34 17 72 25 14 22 16 - 5 \$234	48 - 10 17 - 4 - 5 12 - - \$167	27 9 3 10 5 \$333	1.88 1.20 1.35 1.70 2.05 2.15 2.74 3.09 4.08 3.84 2.37	21 606 1 598 2 116 4 738 5 198 2 717 2 031 852 613 197 1 546
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Medion income Medion gross rent as percentage of household income Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income	10 639 \$9 986 24.0 2 184 \$3 320 50+	4 120 \$6 510 28.0 980 \$2 640 50+	2 891 \$12 033 21.3 434 \$3 322 50+	1 575 \$11 471 24.2 312 \$3 546 50+	1 279 \$14 279 22.1 225 \$4 608 47.7	\$14 048 22.2 112 \$6 227 45.8	205 \$13 062 19.5 65 \$8 407 34.6	\$8 889 24.8 32 \$7 778 24.4	\$2500— \$9.0 24 \$2500— 39.7	1.91 1.76 	22 653

Table A-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units:

(Data are estimates based on a sample, see introduction. For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B)

											$\left \right $					r	
The SMSA		15 to 24	Morrie 25 to 34	Morried-couple tamilies	15 45 to 64	AS vages	15 to 24	Male househo	, no wife p	2	KS years	5	emale househol	remaie householder, no husband present	d present	AS years	Modion
	Totol	years	years	years	years	ond over	yedrs	years	yedrs	years	ond over	yedrs	years	years	years	and over	ago oge
Owner-occupted housing units	18 746	588	2 839	3 385	5 270	1 976	165	489	300	361	\$	29	267	415	1 065	1 109	47.4
PERSONS IN UNIT person	2 828 6 368 3 581 3 429 1 593 1 593 2.55 55 695	266 168 168 131 23 2 1 709	619 764 764 966 364 126 3.54 10 509	243 611 1 248 801 482 4.17	2 580 1 258 815 815 233 284 2.54	1 652 279 30 30 15 15 4 360	75 73 73 1.60 1.60 288	345 106 43 5 1,22 718	136 78 55 54 24 7 7 1.68	278 77 - - - 6 1.15 487	373 422 109 109 540	26 24 24 17 17 1.81	78 102 64 23 2.04 594	70 86 111 115 19 19 1 296 1 273	618 223 152 46 20 20 6 1.36 1 895	829 197 51 24 24 1.17	52.0 58.0 58.0 58.0 42.0 42.1
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	18 631 389 115 30	576 6 12 12	2 827 103 12	3 370 168 15 8	5 253 17 3	1 960 7 16	861 8 1 - 1	489	300	74.	419 2 12 1	79	267	415	900		47.4 40.8 53.9 41.9
OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979																	
Specified owner-occupied housing units With a mortgage — Less than 15 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 29 percent 35 percent or more Not computed — Median — Not mertgaged — Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 20 to 29 percent 20 to 29 percent 20 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Mot computed — Mot anothed — Median — Med	24 22 24 22 24 22 24 22 24 22 24 22 24 22 24 22 24 22 24 22 24 22 24 22 24 22 24 22 24 22 24 24	25. 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 252 2 178 2 178 349 484 484 484 336 336 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 6	2 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	2 819 1 2 819 1 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	1	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	25. 54 25 4 25 4 25 6 25 6 25 6 25 6 25 6 2	86 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22	25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27	25 27 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	88 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	25. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.	35 22 2 2 2 2 8 8 8 8 4 1 8 1 8 1 2 4 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	25. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28	22.22 22.12.22 22.12.12.12.13.13.13.13.13.13.13.13.13.13.13.13.13.	######################################
Renter-occupied housing units	10 639	1 069	1 704	683	187	420	682	95	172	35	298	782	872	308	793	8	33.2
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 persons 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons Median Total persons	4 120 2 891 1 275 1 279 1 279 280 1.91 22 653	491 431 111 22 14 260 260 260 260	423 414 590 185 92 3.53 5 491	62 112 275 275 148 86 4.11	211 74 72 72 33 2.90 1 459	403 8 8 2.02 739	379 221 23 29 29 1.40	434 166 17 1.24 20	169 71 25 71 86 1,30 393	479 46 21 21 1.07 608	279 19 10 1.03 303	397 260 81 34 10 1.48	310 209 219 219 25 1 19 1 886	100 233 224 750 750	540 66 66 1.23 1.23	1 033 57 - - 1.03 1 086	53.5 27.8 31.2 35.5 35.5
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	10 222 343 417 13	1 057 50 12	1 681 115 23	683 53	470 11 11 5	415 11 5	675 7 7	618 - 22 -	271	424 122	247	735 14 47 8	27 27 25	308 27 -	764 17 29	1 027	32.9 32.0 55.9 19.1
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 to 49 percent 35 to 49 percent Mot computed Mot computed	10 238 1 865 1 665 1 159 1 500 1 500 24.0	1 055 1 168 151 1215 144 92 104 23.8	1 577 280 381 281 281 116 74 74 78 156	88 168 168 168 168 168 168 168 168 168 1	25 25 25 25 25 26 26 27 27	23.22.23.23.23.23.23.23.23.23.23.23.23.2	67 198 128 22 23 24 24 24 24	638 131 131 131 133 33 19,7	27 119 38 38 27 27 22 22 15.3	538 134 134 50 134 137 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 138	257 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 17	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	858 844 118 118 101 73 73 73 73 74 14	25 88 88 88 83 12 12 13 13 13 13	793 138 138 121 121 100 168 30 28.3	1 072 102 102 110 110 111 111 111 111 111 11	22.22.8.22.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.

Table A -11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		Male hauseholder Female hauseholder											
The SMSA	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 ta 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	2 828	1 207	75	345	136	278	373	1 621	26	78	70	618	B29
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 795 33	1 177 30	75 -	345	136	269 9	352 21	1 618 3	26 -	78 -	70 ~	618	826 3
UNITS IN STRUCTURE), detached or offached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	2 169 258 401	896 96 215	43 4 28	267 20 58	79 30 27	204 26 48	303 16 54	1 273 162 186	8 3 15	52 20 6	53 - 17	498 59 61	662 80 87
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000——————————————————————————————————	688 747 340	182 206 144	31 6	2 34 70	15 6	40 31 29	140 95 33	506 541 196	7 8 -	20 14 —	20 16 15	126 200 110	333 303 71
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	314 427 141 115	207 251 85 88	16 14 - 8	74 109 24 23	24 33 23 15	53 53 26 37	40 42 12 5	107 176 56 27	3 8 - -	11 29 4 -	12 5 -	58 71 33 8	33 56 14 19
\$50,000 to \$49,999	31 25 \$9 857 \$11 297	31 13 \$13 364 \$14 271	\$12 578 \$12 571	9 - \$14 747 \$15 779	14 6 \$17 212 \$21 233	7 \$14 340 \$15 990	\$7 526 \$9 400	12 \$7 616 \$9 083	\$9 375 \$9 957	\$13 636 \$11 234	\$9 773 \$9 066	12 \$9 665 \$11 025	\$5 948 \$7 406
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS	1 000	704	49	245	70	177	240	1 195		40	40	470	F33
Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 929 753 129 92 137 75 118 118 118	794 436 64 32 72 43 72 100 36	43 43 9 - - 7 7 7 20	245 214 24 15 43 37 44 38	70 18 5 11 6 - 16	176 70 13 - 18 - 17 16 6	260 39 - 12 - - 4 23	1 135 317 65 60 65 32 46 18	- - - - - 8	43 30 8 - - 6 9 - 7	43 36 - 26 - 7 -	470 185 50 19 47 23 15 18	571 58 7 15 18 3 15
\$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Median Not mortgaged Less than \$50	11 15 \$312 1 176 37	\$355 358 16	\$489	7 6 \$334 31	\$308	\$362 106	\$429 221 2	\$276 818 21	\$550 =	\$356 13 5	\$235 7	\$275 285	\$269 513
\$50 to \$74	141 402 308 141 105 30 12 \$101	56 125 105 34 10 12 -	-	7 24 - - - - - - \$84	-	20 28 29 8 - 7 - \$92	29 73 76 26 10 5 - \$102	85 277 203 107 95 18 12 \$103	- - - - -	 8 - \$159	- - 5 - 2 - - \$117	22 102 103 14 32 2 10 \$104	63 175 95 93 53 16 2 \$101
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979 With a martgage Nat martgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	20.5 27.9 16.1 368 13.0	20.0 26.4 11.8 79 6.5	31.6 31.6 - -	24.2 27.1 10— 2 0.6	20.0 20.0	15.3 24.2 10— 19 6.8	17.5 43.9 14.7 58 15.5	20.9 31.3 18.1 289 17.8	37.5 37.5 - 7 26.9	27.5 28.9 12.5 15	21.6 23.8 10— 20 28.6	19.7 30.2 15.4 68 11.0	21.1 37.8 20.5 179 21.6
Renter-occupied housing units	4 120	1 740	379	434	169	479	279	2 380	397	310	100	540	1 033
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	3 788 332	1 543 197	377 2	412 22	169	357 122	228 51	2 245 135	364 33	285 25	100	526 14	970 63
1, detached or attached	871 337 530 395 1 442 457 88	437 135 244 199 561 127 37	102 19 107 57 88 - 6	108 57 61 63 112 13 20	57 21 26 15 35 9 6	98 24 42 55 215 40 5	72 14 8 9 111 65	434 202 286 196 881 330 51	77 45 78 53 124 - 20	65 36 64 23 110 - 12	15 30 17 6 23 9	95 47 45 62 226 63 2	182 44 82 52 398 258
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$19,999. \$20,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999.	1 680 1 235 412 240 309 123 82 28	538 493 201 113 213 83 65 23	76 159 81 37 13 13	65 130 53 15 109 29 22	25 52 12 12 33 6 29	214 80 46 37 30 35 14 23	158 72 9 12 28 	1 142 742 211 127 96 40 17	139 187 40 31 - -	79 114 57 53 - 7 -	31 28 6 9 26 - -	242 166 63 9 37 16 7	651 247 45 25 33 17 10 5
\$50,000 or more	\$6 510 \$8 558	\$8 403 \$10 807	\$8 104 \$8 415	\$11 038 \$15 564	\$11 563 \$13 433	\$6 932 \$9 992	\$4 692 \$6 466	\$5 309 \$6 914	\$6 390 \$6 374	\$8 516 \$8 615	\$9 196 \$9 754	\$5 946 \$7 503	\$4 375 \$6 029
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	4 049 757 761 1 037 778 352 109 55	700 323 324 468 267 161 51	374 28 102 146 51 20 10	429 34 49 128 100 66 26 18	169 8 39 54 20 28 9	471 173 89 86 45 32 6	257 80 45 54 51 15 -	2 349 434 437 569 511 191 58 37 7	384 49 84 100 126 15 10	310 14 39 120 76 23 15 18	100 - 7 13 35 39 - 6	540 95 76 145 124 52 18	1 015 276 231 191 150 62 15 13
\$500 or more No cash rent Median	5 188 \$170	5 83 \$162	17 \$170	5 3 \$201	11 \$176	40 \$110	12 \$148	105 \$174	\$175	5 \$195	\$245	30 \$182	70 \$138
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1079 Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	28.0 980 23.8	23.6 333 19.1	24.6 41 10.8	21.9 41 9.4	18.8 5 3.0	27.5 165 34.4	29.5 81 29.0	31.0 647 27.2	30.7 131 33.0	27.9 36 11.6	33.0 24 24.0	30.9 169 31.3	32.4 287 27.8

Table A=12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					ror meaning or symbols, see introduction. For definitions of			-,	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	382	76	185	121	Vacant for rent housing units	1 428	642	562	224
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	28 92 84 67 49 62 5.3	- 3 23 13 10 27 6.4	10 45 34 42 36 18 5.6	18 44 27 12 3 17 4.5	1 room	182 187 357 386 202 56 58 3.5	68 69 133 218 94 28 32 3.7	78 87 167 111 74 23 22 3.2	36 31 57 57 34 5 4 3.3
PLUMBING FACILITIES	000	7,	105	121	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Camplete plumbing for exclusive useLacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	382	76 - 	185 -	121	Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 209 219	561 81	482 80	166 58
BEDROOMS None					BEDROOMS				
1 2	26 156 130 65 5	32 22 17 5	14 63 77 31	12 61 31 17	None	221 545 537 93 29	86 188 306 37 25	93 259 156 51	. 42 98 75 5
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	3	-	3	-
1975 to March 1980	98 35 59 42 66 82	41 4 14 - 17	41 19 26 24 37 38	16 12 19 18 29 27	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	99 118 160 264 190 597	38 83 103 131 68 219	45 23 49 95 88 262	16 12 8 38 34 116
1, detached ar attached 2 or more	306 53	58 11	156 21	92 21	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
Mobile home or trailer	23	'7	8	8	1, detached or attached	361 179	166 69	143 70	52 40 47
HEATING EQUIPMENT Central heating system Other meons None	363 19 -	76 - -	172 13 -	115 6 -	3 ond 4	220 102 463 38 65	79 61 216 22 29	94 36 183 16 20	47 5 64 - 16
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED	/ 1			
Specified vacant for sale only housing units	282 14 26 22 30 64 70 19 37	52 - 7 - 5 5 9 10 16	150 10 	80 4 19 8 8 12 20 9	Specified vacant for rent housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$400 or more	1 428 340 328 371 222 122 41 4 \$154	642 162 112 137 138 72 17 4 \$163	562 114 176 149 66 33 24 - \$146	224 64 40 85 18 17
\$100,000 or more	\$44 900	\$65 000	\$44 100	\$40 600	Median	Þ1 04	\$103	\$140	\$152

Table A -13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Dato ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		Price osked	— Specified	vocant for s	ale only hou	sing units		Rent asked—Specified vocant for rent housing units								
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 ta \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Median (dollors)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dollars)		
Tatal	282	14	48	94	126	-	44 900	1 428	340	699	344	41	4	154		
PLUMBING FACILITIES																
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	28 <u>2</u> -	1 <u>4</u> -	48 _	94 -	126	_	44 900 -	1 209 219	155 185	665 34	344 _	41 _	4	162 91		
BEDROOMS																
None	26 78 114 59 5	- 5 5 4 -	12 30 6 	9 27 38 15 5	- 16 66 44 -	=======================================	20 500 34 000 52 000 65 800 47 500	221 545 537 93 29 3	159 110 61 10 -	58 358 240 28 15	4 74 215 51 -	3 21 - 14 3	- - 4 -	93 135 185 214 180 325		
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT																
1975 to March 1980	60 25 48 36 48 65	- - 5 9	- 6 7 - 35	7 25 5 33 24	60 18 17 19 6 6	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	73 000 53 400 42 300 50 600 42 900 26 900	99 118 160 264 190 597	16 9 11 64 30 210	24 10 59 129 135 342	59 99 81 48 22 35	- 9 19 3 10	- - 4 -	208 235 210 162 133 115		
UNITS IN STRUCTURE																
1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer	282 	14	48	94 	126 	:::	44 900 	361 1 002 65	72 253 15	188 480 31	59 266 19	38 3 -	4 - -	164 146 164		

Table B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Data are estima		o dompie, doc	mirodociion	. Tor meanin	9 01 371115013,	, see illitoude	non. Tor der	initions or ter	ilia, see oppein	dixes A ond b		
Great Falls city	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	11 712	137	476	1 074	1 995	2 819	2 258	2 176	506	206	65	47 800	50 200
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	9 023	64	203	632	1 376	2 183	1 915	1 962	429	199	60	50 200	53 100
15 to 24 years	239 1 834 2 211 3 510	- - 4 8	12 16 18 122	51 54 68 249	43 391 234 436	86 434 526 849	31 518 490 709	16 350 645 797	- 58 124	13 93	- - 9	41 300 50 400 53 900	39 700 51 100 58 100
65 years and over	1 229 945	52 29	35 103	210 184	272 238	288 207	167 88	154 59	222 25 28	85 8 4	33 18 5	51 100 41 300 37 400	54 700 45 300 39 700
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	82 302 142	-	8 13 22	18 73 12	21 95 17	12 75 33	8 22 31	10 10 23	5 14 -	- - 4	-	37 900 37 300 47 000	42 700 40 300 46 800
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	190 229 1 744	12 17 44	32 28 1 70	17 64 258	47 58 381	59 28 429	10 17 255	8 8 1 55	- 9 49	- - 3	5 -	38 100 31 400 40 400	38 700 34 200 40 800
15 to 24 years	39 117 288	- 5	4	14	7 17	7 46	25 10	15	6	-	=	51 600 43 600	48 100 44 500
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over	637 663	2 21 16	18 21 127	29 90 125	73 115 169	90 178 108	30 107 83	37 82 21	6 23 14	3 - -	=	42 900 43 400 33 700	44 600 44 000 35 000
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	47.6	70.7	61.4	57.9	48.6	46 .6	44.4	44.7	48.5	44.0	53.6		
1979 to March 1980	1 452 3 216 1 798	12 20 16	33 109 55	76 206 141	229 504 263	324 724	332 629	311 716	102 216	24 83	9	51 400 50 500	54 000 53 500
1960 to 1969	2 617 2 629	12 77	92 187	226 425	418 581	461 629 681	415 584 298	355 515 279	43 79 66	31 41 27	18 21 8	49 200 48 900 40 500	51 900 51 100 42 000
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	326	35	113	73	60	19	20	6	_	_	_	21 500	26 200
4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms	1 808 2 478 2 204	63 31 -	199 85 60	378 345 182	483 616 327	455 746 549	179 372 539	45 271 436	6 12 86	- - 8	- 17	34 200 41 900 49 800	34 700 42 600 51 300
7 rooms 8 or more rooms 8	1 905 2 991 6.1	- 8 4.0	19 - 4.1	38 58 4.7	321 188 5.2	518 532 5.8	464 684 6.5	378 1 040 7.4	119 283 7.8	48 150 8.5+	48 8.5+	51 000 60 300	54 500 65 000
BEDROOMS	J.,	7.0		7/	3.2	3.0	0.5	/. -1	7.0	0.5+	6.5+	•••	•••
None	511 2 896	24 74	165 183	138 547	99 845	- 36 727	35 302	- 6 185	8 33	- - -	Ξ	12 500 24 600 37 700	12 500 28 300 38 200
3 4 5 or more	4 701 2 790 809	23 8 8	109 14 -	309 74 6	717 277 57	1 312 618 126	990 702 229	933 794 258	216 170 79	70 99 37	22 34	49 100 55 000 59 100	51 900 59 800 64 200
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	926	2	,	0	43						10		
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	702 2 997	4 7	12 13	9 90	50 241	105 108 763	240 220 767	304 230 858	137 44 153	68 16 82	18 9 23	63 000 54 700 54 500	70 000 61 000 58 300
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	3 081 1 269 2 737	15 4 105	68 77 306	189 217 560	454 371 836	950 367 526	684 144 203	575 65 144	123 11 38	15 6 19	8 7 -	48 700 39 200 35 100	50 600 40 300 36 100
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	478	31	81	77	109	66	45	36	30	3	-	35 000	37 600
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	1 307 743 698	34 30 23	112 41 48	247 138 83	368 196 174	284 205 198	179 86 78	64 43 80	19 4 7	-	- 7	37 600 38 400 40 900	38 100 38 300 42 600
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	2 072 1 864 2 701	14	92 42 37	251 123 147	451 322	527 551	449 438 672	248 310 729	24 63 173	16 7 25	- 8 9	44 000 48 300 53 300	44 700 49 800 55 400
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	1 242 607	- - 5	19	8	255 92 28	654 257 77	271 40	479 187	92 94	24 131	41	59 000 75 200	59 800 87 100
Median	\$21 416 \$23 945	\$10 292 \$12 451	\$12 708 \$14 193	\$14 759 \$15 300	\$16 383 \$17 755	\$21 177 \$22 435	\$23 254 \$24 395	\$27 953 \$31 265	\$31 104 \$36 508	\$55 565 \$55 787	\$62 648 \$58 402	:::	:::
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
With a mortgage	8 287 2 728	28 21	194 84 ·	494 145	1 185 353	2 087 697	1 824 558	1 83 1 632	418 116	1 69 90	57 32	50 700 51 000	53 900 55 500
15 to 19 percent	1 543 1 459 895	-	37 19 20	104 115 40	197 214 195	350 367 272	409 318 132	331 345 192	76 72 27	30 9 8	9 - 9	51 600 50 300 47 100	53 400 52 200 51 200
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed	531 1 107 24	7	30 -	25 65 -	102 119 5	134 267 -	103 304 -	133 185 13	26 95 6	28	7	50 100 52 200 67 700	52 900 55 000 64 600
Medion Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent	19.5 3 425 1 732	10— 109 46	16.8 282 109	19.9 580 240	20.9 810 316	19.9 732 424	19.3 434 260	19.2 345 236	21.0 88 75	14.4 37 26	14.5 8	39 200 42 900	41 400 45 100
10 to 14 percent	706 381 217	27 12 11	73 12 15	130 95 35	223 100 73	131 72 52	83 40 21	27 30 10	13	4 7	8 -	36 100 37 300 37 700	37 400 40 800 36 900
20 to 24 percent	144 54	6 7	39 15	17 7	31 13	16 -	14	21 12	=	=	_	32 100 21 800	35 100 34 200
35 percent or more Not computed Medion	158 33 10—	11.6	11 8 11.9	41 15 11.6	54 - 12.0	37 - 10—	11 5 10—	4 5 10—	10—	10-	- 12.5	36 500 25 500	36 000 34 300
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use	11 705	137	476	1 074	1 988	2 819	2 258	2 176	506	206	65	47 800	50 200
1.01 or more persons per room	159 7 –	6 - -	25 	6 - -	31 7 -	33 . - -	34 - -	24 - -	-		=	46 000 37 500	42 400 37 500
Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning	11 712 11 090 2 541	137 108 35	476 382 117	1 074 933 201	1 995 1 880 417	2 819 2 682 509	2 258 2 176 445	2 176 2 158 508	506 500 181	206 206 88	65 65 40	47 800 48 400 49 800	50 200 51 100 54 900
Central system Income in 1979 below poverty level	863 436 3.7	16 26	6 32 6.7	33 58 5.4	57 105 5.3	93 61 2.2	157 65 2.9	247 49 2,3	135 37 7.3	88 79 3 1.5	40	66 700 39 800	73 100 43 100
Percent below poverty level	3.7	19.0	6.7	5.4	5.3	2.2	2.7	2.3	7.3	1.3		•••	•••

Table B-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see introduction. For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Great Falls city	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cash .	Median (dollars)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	7 969	1 001	1 129	1 834	1 731	1 043	610	200	146	59	216	198
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER						200						
Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	2 296 603 779 258 295 361 2 153 645 576 211	75 9 12 9 20 25 310 29 32 8	203 36 53 21 36 57 313 127 50	488 181 92 84 44 87 620 233 172	566 218 187 17 72 72 415 128 131	399 77 163 33 70 56 222 54 88 28	290 64 174 18 14 20 107 35 46	65 - 37 16 - 12 56 13 31	117 11 35 36 23 12 18	16 24 8 	45 7 10 8 20 81 26 3 21	231 216 262 244 223 201 181 184 209
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	492 229 3 520 688 764 268 773 1 027 34.5	162 79 616 120 78 23 109 286 60.4	84 38 613 113 117 22 127 234 46.6	102 37 726 139 225 35 150 177 32.0	65 51 750 206 153 56 167 168 30.0	37 15 422 77 102 79 102 62 33.4	13 - 213 26 63 21 79 24 30.1	7 79 7 26 24 9 13	- 11 - 4 - 7 38.2	36.8	22 9 90 4 30 56 58.4	135 145 185 187 194 247 195 138
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	4 372 2 007 866 491 233	408 312 195 56 30	472 295 151 136 75	1 013 414 236 134 37	1 025 413 144 107 42	650 291 74 28	487 95 19 9	141 44 7 8 -	114 27 5 - -	36 23 - -	26 93 35 13 49	213 194 168 172 135
ROOMS 1 room	532 766 1 942 2 633 1 161 553 382 3.8	300 190 252 148 89 15 7 2.5	24 282 463 202 90 40 28 3.1	101 95 704 595 231 82 26 3.5	80 151 372 770 195 138 25 3.8	19 12 91 595 248 45 33 4.2	28 203 158 132 81 4.9	- 15 - 30 48 50 57 5.6	- 7 4 7 46 21 61 5.9	- - 24 8 27 6.2	8 6 28 83 32 22 37 4.3	96 124 166 224 240 247 333
AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use	7 969 7 614 4 950 2 433 144 87 355 166 181 —	1 001 746 459 255 13 19 255 92 155	1 129 1 107 825 262 11 9 22 22	1 834 1 808 1 172 554 54 28 26 15	1 731 1 713 1 105 565 36 7 18 18 	1 043 1 020 691 300 24 5 23 8 15	610 604 316 284 - 4 6 6	200 200 111 84 - - - -	146 146 47 89 	59 59 35 24 	216 211 189 16 6 - 5 5 -	198 201 197 211 193 158 84 95 74
Income in 1979 below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	1 794 1 700 119 94 8	526 443 18 83 8	302 302 9 - -	384 379 48 5 -	237 237 4 - -	157 151 19 6 -	90 90 - - -	29 29 5 	15 15 10 - -	8 8 -	46 46 6 -	158 163 167 68 65
BEDROOMS None	652 2 939 3 200 896 236 46	334 425 171 62 9	99 734 215 53 28 -	106 980 611 133 4 -	86 585 908 140 12	19 121 761 129 13	26 363 158 63	29 42 84 36 9	- 11 19 68 39 9	- 14 26 13 6	8 28 96 43 19 22	99 162 233 262 334 433
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2	2 098 1 018 1 151 703 2 296 537 166	154 14 117 87 473 151 5	190 113 190 116 432 65 23	433 247 327 233 381 143 70	409 235 313 123 513 106 32	247 188 142 96 314 42 14	245 163 36 42 109 5	100 30 6 6 53 5	116 11 7 - 5 7	54 5 	150 17 13 - 16 8 12	227 219 190 177 184 162 191
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	855 842 1 633 1 416 988 2 235	117 69 105 143 106 461	82 53 131 144 176 543	85 223 262 373 230 661	209 271 485 347 187 232	199 165 257 168 104 150	109 36 178 138 57 92	29 8 85 11 61 6	- 17 46 51 20 12	5 - 42 - - 12	20 42 41 47 66	235 215 235 204 195 155
STORIES IN STRUCTURE 1 to 3	7 266 703 522	893 108 68	1 029 100 28	1 608 226 190	1 553 178 158	989 54 47	595 15 9	195 5 5	134 12 12	54 5 5	216 - -	200 175 186
INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Median	1 438 1 165 1 310 856 655 915 1 346 284 24.7	304 143 150 106 67 111 94 26 21.3	266 164 159 115 78 182 146 19 23.9	357 253 314 192 133 200 369 16 24.8	282 254 309 177 173 220 316 	118 184 179 128 116 78 233 7 26.4	73 131 108 79 42 75 102 – 24.7	5 25 45 28 26 16 55 -	22 5 30 23 20 23 23 23 - 28.5	11 6 16 8 - 10 8 - 23.9	 216	172 204 205 206 215 193 211 132
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Hearting equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system	7 955 7 092 2 067 935	1 001 904 168 87	1 129 967 236 82	1 820 1 494 343 154	731 1 595 559 220	1 043 996 408 183	610 567 1 90 119	200 193 58 22	146 136 40 29	59 59 5 5	216 181 60 34	198 203 226 235

Table B-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oota are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Но	ousehold inco	me in 1979						
Great Falls city	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Meon (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	13 831	652	1 638	908	896	2 475	2 103	3 100	1 413	646	20 757	23 223	577
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years	10 334 332 2 082 2 405 4 027 1 488 1 253 119 365 215 274 280 2 244 59 179 315 835 856	136 	803 59 67 41 167 469 171 13 21 26 31 80 664 10 45 61 234 314 355.8	558 17 86 56 189 210 141 16 59 6 29 31 209 7 5 28 104 65 55,9	497 43 105 69 161 119 186 77 24 51 25 213 3 36 58 62 54	1 815 99 575 355 540 246 268 18 95 66 53 36 392 24 55 91 127 95	1 788 59 478 683 109 175 32 49 33 37 24 140 —	2 849 44 553 816 1 303 131 29 45 16 38 3 120 4 13 58 45	1 289 11 165 310 691 112 666 4 14 444 - 4 58 - 3 3 - 48 7	599 45 257 239 58 22 - 12 7 25 - 25 - 46.0	23 763 16 703 21 810 26 684 26 550 13 193 15 493 20 430 17 476 15 313 9 500 10 419 11 607 13 785 13 987 11 478 7 500	26 247 18 113 23 875 30 682 28 302 28 302 17 364 19 202 17 763 11 843 12 570 10 911 12 451 13 266 15 003 10 079	208 8 40 57 71 32 34 - 13 21 335 15 26 55 109 130 54.6
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 829 3 960 2 209 2 880 2 953	46 108 134 166 198	183 304 203 252 696	118 206 118 172 294	158 240 104 162 232	502 774 367 365 467	301 705 392 393 312	358 1 020 526 785 411	119 371 221 434 268	232 144 151 75	19 104 22 117 22 386 24 212 15 436	20 941 25 038 24 493 25 614 18 921	60 118 136 143 120
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Medican rooms Specified owner-occupied housing units	13 813 191 18 13 631 13 073 3 467 1 325 13 352 3 139 10 213 13 831 13 035 5 443 5 5 3 43 5.8	652 7 	1 631 -7 1 638 1 486 374 118 1 426 660 1 638 1 522 -72 -44 4.8 1 307	908 17 	892 4 4 896 811 236 49 883 349 534 896 851 	2 468 28 7 2 475 2 301 661 218 2 464 1 833 2 475 2 272 98 105 5.6	2 103 54 	3 100 52 3 100 2 996 806 296 3 094 2 859 3 100 2 939 5 86 70 6.4 2 701	1 413 21 	646 8 	20 777 22 469 13 750 20 757 21 161 20 969 23 655 21 233 655 21 233 624 058 20 757 24 058 26 250 18 750 11 250 19 238 21 416	23 236 24 778 13 271 23 223 23 608 24 541 28 599 23 791 14 507 26 645 23 223 25 745 23 261 11 795 20 737 	570 9 7 577 554 182 95 454 231 223 577 546 31 5.1
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage Less thon \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Median Net mortgaged Less thon \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Median	8 287 502 1 310 1 124 1 069 1 009 1 753 850 494 176 \$357 3 425 7 194 1 011 756 529 166 488 \$120	170 14 17 26 19 25 14 23 18 14 \$368 308 - 57 74 76 52 44 5-	\$108 \$463 \$58 \$85 \$67 \$75 \$77 22 14 	382 46 95 40 51 39 96 11 4 \$310 361 - 30 107 132 40 45 7 - \$108	456 58 110 96 62 46 67 12 5 - \$281 242 - 26 68 33 31 12 - \$108	1 617 127 227 196 252 205 345 142 103 20 \$352 455 7 100 173 131 37 7	1 468 58 248 190 186 221 340 160 59 6 \$362 396 7 10 38 72 130 116 5 18 18	2 296 98 344 296 267 256 522 313 158 42 \$378 405 - 48 124 103 103 27 - \$132	919 39 137 195 106 101 151 114 47 29 \$342 323 - - 9 58 111 78 57 10 \$146	516 4 47 18 61 41 141 141 53 90 61 \$469 91 - - 5 14 11 8 33 20 \$21	23 527 17 869 21 786 23 056 21 261 21 707 23 698 26 067 25 395 29 231 21 250 7 326 10 514 12 629 18 663 21 841 36 633 42 818	26 186 19 945 23 885 24 569 25 267 25 475 27 183 28 349 32 582 42 760 18 522 22 365 8 370 12 929 16 885 20 559 21 755 37 894 41 959	239 6 28 666 20 37 20 23 25 14 \$349 197 48 22 41 300 51 51 51
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent 37 percent 38 percent 39 percent 30 to 34 percent 315 percent 315 percent 315 percent 315 percent 315 percent 326 more percent 337 percent or more Not computed Median	8 287 2 728 1 543 1 459 895 531 1 107 24 19.5 3 425 1 732 706 381 217 144 54 158 33	170 146 24 50+ 308 9 45 43 35 143 33 35.6	463 - 17 44 44 358 - 49.0 844 13 291 257 148 101 19	382 7 22 86 39 66 162 - 32.8 361 72 208 62 19 - - -	456 28 68 119 86 71 84 25.8 242 133 81 23 5 -	1 617 165 271 360 343 202 276 25.2 455 341 102 12 - -	1 468 376 366 376 204 88 58 	2 296 980 626 449 164 23 16.3 405 405 	919 711 144 43 15 6 - 11.3 323 319 4 10 -	516 461 46 9 - - 10- 91 91 - - - - 10-	23 527 32 643 25 513 21 931 19 046 16 625 10 764 2500— 14 561 24 246 10 745 8 790 6 541 5 906 4 429 3 559 2500— 	26 186 38 264 26 372 22 156 19 776 17 431 11 501 -3 654 18 522 28 070 11 474 9 480 6 903 5 563 5 315 3 293	239 8 7 6 - 194 24 50+ 197 2 4 - 19 14 13 112 33 40.0

Table B-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Н	ousehold incor	me in 1979						
Great Falls city	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	8 048	2 223	2 191	885	708	891	556	414	126	54	9 158	11 365	1 815
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families	2 332 603	200 69	606 184	295 107	301 75	364 107	27) 41	198 14	81	16	13 040 11 133	14 833 12 009	288 79
25 to 34 years	786 270	38 24	124 59	79 25	123 31	178 25	156 27	72 56	16 23	=	15 954 14 677	16 108 17 517	69 51
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	312 361	33 36	73 166	30 54	24 48	29 25	42 5	37 19	28 8	16	14 583 9 283	19 104 11 074	60 29 362
Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	2 161 645	516 95	499 163	275 138	1 84 88	301 72	1 79 31	1 56 58	' 13 -	38	10 595 11 168	13 088 11 814	362 86
25 to 34 years	576 211	57 25	137 56	52 23	33 14	130 37	80 26	67 12	-	20 18	15 313 12 768	17 987 17 945	86 36 15
45 to 64 years65 years and over	500 229	205 134	88 55	53	37 12	43 19	42	19	13	=	8 045 4 616	10 102 6 396	168 57
Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	3 555 710	1 507 310	1 086 257	315 41	223 49	226 40	106 13	60	32	_	6 255 5 798	8 044 6 681	1 165 339
25 to 34 years	771 268	250 69	251 84	100 21	81 33	40 38	26 14	18 9	5	=	8 075 9 069	8 936 10 316	253 85
45 to 64 years65 years and over	773 1 033	254 624	238 256	101 52	33 27	63 45	39 14	23 10	22 5	_	8 181 4 486	10 032 6 237	220 268
Median age	34.6	56.3	34.5	30.6	29.2	29.9	31.5	33.4	50.2	36.9			37.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT													
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978	4 401 2 041	1 147 519	1 193 523	520 197	396 190	476 312	340 126	226 134	70 35	3 3 5	9 446 9 820	11 591 11 994	1 124 354
1970 to 1974	872 501	327 144	263 133	70 65	67 48	68 27	32 49	40 14	5 11	10	7 034 8 675	9 047 11 574	200 87
1959 or eorlier	233	86	79	33	7	8	9	-	5	6	7 575	9 815	50
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	7 693	2 022	2 151	832	675	863	556	414	126	54	9 274	11 571	1 721
0.50 or less	4 985 2 470	1 405 556	1 401 674	578 229	432 215	522 341	290 240	249 150	76 43	54 32 22	8 899 10 055	11 150 12 441	1 721 969 633
1.01 to 1.50	151 87	42 19	39 37	21 4	213 9 19	341	26	7 8	7	-	9 276 8 512	12 321 9 638	68 51
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	355	201	40 15	53 29	33 17	28 19	-	• -	-	-	4 600	6 912	94 31
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	166 181	86 107	25	24	16	9	=	=	_	-	4 885 4 49 7	7 474 6 637	55
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	- 8	8	_	_	_	=	_	_	_	_	2500—	1 465	8
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS													
Heating equipment Centrol heating system	8 034 7 149	2 215 1 917	2 185 1 925	885 771	708 644	891 844	556 5 2 1	414 369	126 116	54 42	9 169 9 325	11 376 11 525	1 807 1 565
Air conditioning	2 081 935	580 290	570 242	223 82	169 86	242 80	111 53	119 62	53 26	14 14	8 955 7 452	11 634 12 032	392 188
Vehicles available	6 299 4 053	1 045 888	1 763 1 384	856 543	690 457	849 442	532 173	401 127	121 33	42	10 997 9 168	12 953 10 476	973 747
2 or more	2 246 8 034	157 2 215	379 2 185	313 885	233 708	407 891	359 556	274 414	88 126	36 54	15 454 9 169	17 425 11 376	226 1 807
Utility gasBottled, tank, or LP gas	6 989 79	1 894 41	1 893 22	735	629 16	791 -	503	375	121	48	9 245 4 830	11 516 5 860	1 489
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	875 26	266	235 15	135	57	90	53	28 11	5	6	8 882 9 667	10 690 17 480	255 8
Other	65 3.8	14 3.2	20 3.6	15 3.9	6 4.1	10 4.2	4.3	4.6	4.6	5.2	9 812	9 751	14 3.6
Specified renter-occupied housing units	7 969			875	708	891	545	398	119	54	9 138	11 306	1 794
CONTRACT RENT	7 707	2 209	2 170	6/3	706	071	343	376	117		, , 130	11 300	1 774
Less than \$100	1 295	861	261	52	43	30	9	39	-	-	4 124	5 773	619
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	1 591 2 192	467 501	628 712	172 284	62 176	111 238	87 184	49 58	6 23	9 16	7 474 9 269	9 392 10 882	371 435
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	1 508 844	211 89	359 115	246 77	254 117	219 211	57 141	117 76	27 18	18 -	11 870 15 638	13 768 15 594	172 114 15
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	1 56 9 5	_ 5	19 14	9	25 9	36 18	37 25	20 6	10 12	6	18 900 20 179	19 726 23 938	14
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	67 5	8 -	14	_	_	10	_	24	11	5	25 469 75000+	21 750 150 500	8 -
No cosh rent Medion	216 \$169	67 \$121	48 \$157	35 \$178	22 \$215	18 \$21 4	5 \$195	9 \$222	12 \$243	\$203	8 542	10 828	46 \$133
GROSS RENT											.,		•
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	1 001 1 129	707 433	172 43 9	34 80	43 20	9 78	9 49	27 30	_	-	3 970 6 522	5 449 7 936	526 302
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	1 834 1 731	451 303	684 498	260 238	99 235	147 234	105 107	66 66	22 7	43	8 535 10 678	9 864 12 97 9	384
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	1 043	177	175 81	151	156 84	197 135	102 79	67 85	18 27	-	12 796 16 029	13 404 16 681	237 157
\$350 to \$399	200 146	58 5	55	61 7 9	35 14	34 29	51 38	13 11	5 22	=	15 417 19 444	15 832 20 811	90 29
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	59	8	18	_	_	10	_	24 9	6	11	30 792	41 088	15 8 46
No cosh rent Medion	216 \$198	67 \$141	48 \$182	35 \$209	22 \$240	18 \$243	5 \$250	\$258	12 \$312	\$2 3 5	8 542	10 828	\$158
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979					•						50 F04	00.044	,,
Less than 15 percent	1 438 1 165	55 103	167 1 99	83 176	86 155	287 314	303 155	302 57	101 6	54 -	20 534 14 185	22 366 14 519	66 74
20 to 24 percent	1 310 856	145 143	363 362	268 158	253 120	191 51	68 14	22 8	Ξ	Ξ	11 371 9 121	11 716 9 528	135 89 61
30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent	655 915	122 3 53	363 475	101 54	49 23	20 10	=	_	-	-	8 143 5 778	8 140 5 970	283
50 percent or more Nat computed	1 346 284	1 153 135	193 48	35	22	18	5	9	12	=	3 220 5 486	3 254 8 235	972 114
Median	24.7	50+	29.6	23.0	22,0	17.4	14.2	11.2	10—	10—		•••	50+

Table B -5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Dota are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Part	Great Falls city	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Medion (dollars)
	Specified owner-occupied housing units	8 287	502	1 310	1 124	1 069	1 009	1 753	850	494	176	357
2	PERSONS IN UNIT											
	1 person	2 256	199	414	300	336		405			9 21	332
September	3 persons	2 138	87	302	255	246 205	186 286	550	236	173	25 44	348 388
3 - Francisco - 1	6 persons	353		66	55	49		62				397 351
Note Property Pr	7 persons 8 or more persons	56		10	5	18	- 6	12 5	15	- 6		320 319
		3.21	2.31	3.03	3.08	3.04	3.19	3.43	3.26	3.96	4.25	•••
15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15		6 848	353	1 053	891	887	785	1 547	723	442	167	365
Section 1	15 to 24 years	233	-	25	14	40	38	77	39	_	-	399
	35 to 44 years	2 102	74	272	276	267	216	498	231	175	93	388
15 5 5 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 6 7 7 7 7 6 6 -	65 years and over	281	55	89	24	30	16	36	13	9		248
35 to 4 years 128 171 37 22 -	15 to 24 years	82	- 1	. 13	-	16	20	7	20	6	<u>-</u>	380
Second order	35 to 44 years	128	12		32	44 –	6	29	8	4	_	273
15 to 2 years		23	_		-	7	4	-	-	_	_	248
25 to 34 years		39	-	-1	_	-	7	7	25	25 _	9 -	522
## 14 September 138 Septembe	25 to 34 years				12 45						- 3	
Maching Mach	45 to 64 years	336		63	59		26		28	-		282
1779 to North 1989	Median oge					40.8		37.5	37.5	38.8	41.7	
1975 in 1976		1 325	13	26	42	161	162	372	351	130	68	472
1 951 1969	1975 to 1978	3 000	74	201	250	379	517	937	326	227	89	408
1 to 3 rooms	1960 to 1969	1 951	239	670	384	219	140	139	89			259
103 170 200 164 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170		400	100	143		30	~~	30	"	_		24/
5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1								6	-	_	-	253
FORTITION 1 1546 58 258 2262 178 214 377 187 63 13 343 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 7			160	260	229			299		68		332
8 or more rooms	6 rooms									63 90		363 353
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	8 or more rooms	2 634	83	238	305	308	285	677	374	273 7.9	91	416
1970 to 1974					•							
1990 to 1999 2 718 115 478 386 330 282 605 273 210 39 359 1990 to 1999 2 017 193 396 312 304 196 324 201 71 20 318 1990 to 1999 754 60 159 116 114 127 135 13 30 3 333 1990 to 1999 1 255 103 238 215 189 220 226 58 33 3 323 ***PAULE**** **PAULE**** **PAULE*** **PAULE**** **PAULE*** **PAUL											114	
1949 to 1949	1960 to 1969	2 718	115	478	386	330	282	605	273	210		359
VAUE	1940 to 1949	754	60	159	116	114	127	135	13	30	_	318
Set No \$10 000 194		1 285	103	238	215	189	220	226	56	33	3	323
194		28	28	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	100-
\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$10,000 to \$19,999	194	43					19	13	_ 7	-	226
\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	1 185	102	249	254	209	205	166	-	_	-	298
\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$50 000 to \$59 999	1 824	52	309	302	174	216	447	261	63	1 -	367
\$10,000 to \$149,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	418		102			42	85	81	84	67	528
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 1543 600 226 181 260 275 350 333 32 26 267 15 to 19 percent 1459 34 141 175 203 196 417 225 51 17 395 25 to 29 percent 895 12 58 62 93 155 257 136 107 15 424 30 35 percent 107 36 39 82 89 145 284 191 181 60 464 401 4	\$100,000 to \$149,999		-1	-	-	4 -		7	_	32	18	701
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon 15 percent	Median	\$50 700	\$40 100	\$44 100	\$47 600	\$46 400	\$48 900	\$53 800	\$60 500	\$69 800	\$98 100	•••
15 to 19 percent												
20 to 24 percent						353 260						358
30 to 34 percent	20 to 24 percent	1 459	34	141	175	203	196	417	225	51	17	395
Not computed	30 to 34 percent	531	7	26	38	64	40	183	100	41	32	450
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment 8 287 502 1 310 1 124 1 069 1 009 1 753 850 494 176 357	Not computed	24	-	5	- [7	-	-	_	12	-	475
Heating equipment		19.5	11.9	13.1	14.7	18.4	20.8	23.2	25.1	27.1	30.6	
Steam or hot water system		R 287	502	1 310	1 124	1 069	1 009	1 753	850	494	176	357
Other built-in electric units	Steam or hot water system	510	21	44	74	82	54	80	56	80	19	381
Other means	Other built-in electric units	147	-	10	9	15	7	51				476
Central system	Other means	358	57	91	40	35	62	45			-	289
1 or more individual room units		617	28	55	48	58	40	166	64	87	71	445
Utility gos 7 809 479 1 245 1 079 1 012 939 1 643 800 464 148 355 Bottled, tank, or LP gas 228 5 17 16 22 14 73 32 21 28 469 Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -) or more individual room units		502	1 310	1 124	1 069	1 009	1 753	850	494	176	357
Electricity 228 5 17 16 22 14 73 32 21 20 407 Fuel oil, kerosene, etc 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	Utility gos				1 079	-	-	-	_	_	-	- 1
1951 VII, NOI VIII, NOI VIII GIU, NOI VIII GIU GIU GIU NOI VIII GIU GIU GIU GIU GIU GIU GIU GIU GIU	Electricity	228	5	17	16	22	14	-	_	l -	_	-
Other 250 18 48 29 35 56 37 18 9 - 343		250	18	48	29	35	56	37	18	9	_	343

Table B-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	(Data are estimate	s based on o som	pie, see minodocii	on. To meaning	or symbols, see i	1	I	is, see oppendixes		, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Great Falls city	Tatal	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	3 425	7	194	714	1 011	756	529	166	48	120
PERSONS IN UNIT										
l person	911	7	112	312	244	120	99	.7	10	103
*2 persons3 persons	1 750 432	_	69 9	335 49	606 88	435 124	226 88	74 45	5 29	119 139
4 persons	181	-	<u>-</u>	8	56	40	68	5	4	142
5 persons	80	-	-	4	1]	25 10	22	18	_	150
6 persons7 persons	41 12	_	4	6	6	"	22 13 8	6	1 1	146 163
8 or more persons	18	-	_	_	_	2	5	11	_	209
Median	1.96	1.00	1.37	1.63	1.93	2.09	2.23	2.54	2.81	•••
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	2 175	-	82	347	642	536	382	154	32	126
15 to 24 years	6 50	_	- :	22	6	14	- 9	- 5	-	113 130
25 to 34 years	109	_ :	4	15	19	32	28	เว้	_	138
45 ta 64 years	1 062	-	10	96	275	337	245	80	19	136
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	948 362	7	68 54	214 110	342 116	153 61	100 8	58	13 6	114 102
15 to 24 years	_		_	_		-	-		_	-
25 ta 34 years	37 14	-	7	18		12	-	-	-	91
35 to 44 years	105	7	20	29	35	14	_		_	128 97
65 years and over	206	_	27	63	35 75	27	. 8		6	97 104
Female householder, no husband present	888	_	58 -	257	253	159	139	12	10	113
15 to 24 years	13	_	_ [-	5	8	<u> </u>	Ξ	159
35 to 44 years	17	-	,_	_	,,-	17	-	_ 5	,-	138
45 to 64 years 65 years and over	301 557	_	12 46	72 185	114 139	23 114	65 66	7	10	115 109
Median age	65.0	52.5	71.4	70.1	66.5	62.3	60.8	61.8	63.5	•••
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 ta March 1980	127	_	19	43	39	5	-	21	_	101
1975 to 1978	216	-	31	58	40	42	45	-	-	112
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	267 666	_	16 23	18 116	68 183	88 158	52 134	25 25 95	27	134 127
1959 or earlier	2 149	7	105	479	681	463	298	95	21	118
ROOMS						ļ				
1 to 3 rooms	187	7	59	76	14	31	_1	_	_	84
4 raoms	943	<u>-</u>	95	333	324	129	49	13	_	103
5 rooms	903	-	20	210	323	195	125	24	.6	117
6 roams 7 rooms	620 415	_	7 13	53 36	181 118	217 89	105 1 09	42 43	15	133 136
8 or more rooms	357	_	-	6	51	95	141	44	20	159
Median	5.1	3.0	3.9	4.3	5.0	5.6	6.4	6.6	6.9	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				j						
1975 to March 1980	60	_	-	38	11	2	4	5	_	95
1970 to 1974	55 279	-	7	6	5	15	17	5	17	141
1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959	1 064		33	30 108	43 266	71 327	86 228	25 79	17 23	146 135
1940 to 1949	515	7	33 21	137	173	120	52	5		113
1939 ar earlier	1 452	-	126	395	513	221	142	47	8	110
VALUE										
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	109 282	-	54 59	30 127	18 75	7 16	5	-	_	75 91
\$20,000 to \$29,999	580	_	36	174	199	98	59	14	_	110
\$30,000 to \$39,999	810	=	45	206	260	234	65	-	~	115
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	732 434	7	-	127 42	336 101	175 140	87 128	18	5	117 138
\$60 000 to \$79.999	345			8	22	83	143	83	6	171
\$80,000 to \$99,999	88	-	-]	_	-	3	26	43	16	217
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	37 8		_	_		_	8 8	8	21	250+ 175
Median	\$39 200	\$47 500	\$17 300	\$30 900	\$38 600	\$41 100	\$52 800	\$75 900	\$88 100	,,,
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	1 732 706	7	86 51	314 242	470 234	• 422 108	290 62	117	26	124 106
10 to 14 percent	381		9	242 84	234 124	78	54	14	18.	120
20 to 24 percent	217	-	19	26	79	52	29	12	_	120
25 to 29 percent	144 54	_	14 7	19	38 14	38 13	35	13	_	126 123
35 percent ar more	158	_	-	22	52	45	39		_	128
Not camputed Median	33 10—	- 10—	10.7	-	-	10—	20 10—	10-5	10—	171
	10-	10—	10.7	10.9	10.8	10-	10—	10-	10-	•••
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	3 425	,	194	714	1 011	756	529	166	48	120
Steam or hot water system	341		-	46	97	76	. 79	32	11	134
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	2 574	-	126	479	785	620	405	128	31	122
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, ar pipeless furnace	42 204	-	16 31	18 75	8 63	25	_ 10	_ [_	82 99
Other means	264	7	21	96	58	35	35	6	6	103
Air conditioning	743	- 1	38	132	205	185	141	20	22	125
Central system 1 ar more individual room units	246 497	_	16 22	25 107	56 149	41 144	85 56	13	10 12	141 120
House heating fuel	3 425	7	194	714	1 011	756	529	166	48	120
Utility gas	3 326	7	165	676	997	756	511	166	48	120
Bottled, tank, or LP gasElectricity	- 50		16	18	_ R	_	- 8		_	88
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	5	-]	-	5	1	-	_	-	-	88 88
Other	44		13	15	6		10			90

Table B -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Ow	mer-occupied h	ousing units				Ren	ter-occupied ho	using units		
Great Falls city	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 ar earlier	Total	1975 ta March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	15 831	1 306	1 171	3 376	4 843	3 135	8 048	862	842	1 651	2 429	2 264
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years	10 334 332 2 082	1 077 52 386	897 38 207	2 737 66 464	3 603 75 663	2 020 101 362	2 332 603 786	284 110 115	216 78 56	561 141 206	761 191 250	510 83 159
35 to 44 years	2 405 4 027 1 488 1 253 119 365 215 274	341 275 23 105 29 52 17	274 300 78 83 - 30 23 23	917 1 098 192 239 18 79 58 57	639 1 609 617 483 37 142 82 106	234 745 578 343 35 62 35 81	270 312 361 2 161 645 576 211 500	22 37 153 53 56 19	22 8 52 147 37 76 18	67 74 73 389 162 100 9	129 85 106 727 282 190 103	52 123 93 745 111 154 62 278
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	274 244 59 179 315 835 856 48.0	124 16 33 12 54 9	7 191 5 21 56 72 37 43.1	27 400 22 44 84 174 76 44.4	757 16 55 91 353 242 51.8	130 772 - 26 72 182 492 59.3	329 3 555 710 771 268 773 1 033 34.6	425 100 86 74 87 78 31.1	4479 154 74 36 102 113 32.3	37 701 87 131 60 169 254 35.0	42 941 207 337 51 170 176 30.0	140 1 009 162 143 47 245 412 52.4
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	1 829 3 960 2 209 2 880 2 953	525 781 — —	145 475 551 –	394 934 605 1 443	492 1 084 735 945 1 587	273 686 318 492 1 366	4 401 2 041 872 501 233	672 190 - -	507 240 95 - -	865 447 210 129	1 431 598 203 153 44	926 566 364 219 189
PROOMS 1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or more rooms Median	69 418 2 520 3 039 2 506 5 279 5.8	- 14 195 332 316 449 5.9	24 223 314 178 432 5.6	7 39 360 603 560 1 807 6.7	24 158 975 1 100 934 1 652 5.7	38 183 767 690 518 939 5.3	532 766 1 955 2 677 1 168 568 382 3.8	7 108 176 375 141 36 19	26 94 162 394 127 39 -	135 115 315 605 213 122 146 3.9	49 136 660 866 406 170 142 3.9	315 313 642 437 281 201 75 3.3
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 1.51 to 1.00 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	13 813 9 407 4 215 179 12 18 4 14	1 306 766 538 2 	1 171 667 471 33 - - - -	3 376 2 213 1 122 36 5 - -	4 843 3 479 1 285 79 	3 117 2 282 799 31 5 18 4 14	7 693 4 985 2 470 151 87 355 166 181	838 552 257 16 13 24 18 6	836 628 179 18 11 6 	1 606 971 568 57 10 45 36	2 364 1 496 805 49 14 65 35 30	2 049 1 338 661 11 39 215 77 130 - 8
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons Medion Total persons	2 086 4 797 2 610 2 562 1 149 627 2.51 40 683	148 308 282 335 190 43 3.20	138 339 254 246 108 86 2.93 3 834	335 980 713 764 388 196 3.02	717 1 977 847 830 267 205 2.36 13 683	748 1 193 514 387 196 97 2.19	3 773 2 273 1 026 596 227 153 1.61	327 307 152 52 24 - 1.84	418 303 68 35 10 8 1.51	702 482 171 175 55 66 1.76	999 663 396 250 71 50 1.83	1 327 518 239 84 67 29 1.35
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	12 242 409 107 97 193 30 753	979 9 5 17 72 - 224	744 5 5 39 50 7 321	3 132 66 5 - 23 150	4 544 157 34 19 42 - 47	2 843 172 58 22 29	2 177 1 018 1 151 703 2 296 537 166	48 31 90 66 512 91 24	32 44 159 116 413 39 39	370 179 301 112 408 190	1 035 514 353 209 298 8 12	692 250 248 200 665 209
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Income in 1979 below poverty level	13 831 1 012 11 378 266 417 758 3 467 1 325 2 142 13 831 13 035 5 443 53 343 577	1 306 13 1 075 151 15 52 404 295 109 1 306 987 	1 171 33 1 062 23 10 43 515 - 308 207 1 171 1 119 - 35 - 17	3 376 232 3 003 7 7 127 826 319 507 3 376 3 294 4	4 843 402 4 005 41 178 217 1 198 318 880 4 843 4 696 67 - 80 159	3 135 - 332 2 233 444 207 319 524 85 439 3 135 2 939 51 140 147	8 034 1 922 4 261 549 417 885 2 081 935 1 146 8 034 6 989 875 26 65 1 815	862 98 426 307 6 25 576 284 292 862 413 - 449 - 210	842 301 430 71 14 26 383 162 221 842 684 9 149 	1 651 424 1 035 58 35 99 587 351 236 1 651 1 520 16 97 7 11 266	2 415 306 1 408 61 199 441 178 28 150 2 415 2 259 32 94 8 22 519 21.4	2 264 793 962 52 163 294 357 110 247 2 264 2 113 22 86 11 32 2530 27.8
Percent below poverty level HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 - \$5,000 to \$9,999 - \$10,000 to \$12,499 - \$12,500 to \$14,999 - \$15,000 to \$14,999 - \$20,000 to \$24,999 - \$25,000 to \$24,999 - \$25,000 to \$24,999 - \$35,000 to \$49,999 - \$50,000 ar more - Median Mean - \$1000 to \$24,000 to \$24,0	4.2 652 1 638 908 896 2 475 2 103 3 100 1 413 646 \$20 757 \$23 223	5.4 62 85 51 28 244 224 385 134 93 \$24 173 \$26 020	4.6 62 144 31 47 213 231 247 121 75 \$21 891 \$23 848	118 236 123 213 478 487 1 026 463 232 \$25 264 \$27 149	3.3 181 522 399 315 899 780 1 015 530 202 \$20 587 \$23 305	229 651 304 293 641 381 427 165 44 \$15 588 \$17 472	22.6 2 223 2 191 885 708 891 556 414 126 54 \$9 158 \$11 365	24.4 238 214 117 71 94 46 48 23 11 \$9 645 \$12 955	190 206 144 121 86 57 21 17 **10 434 \$10 977	297 481 139 186 238 138 132 31 9 \$10 854 \$12 941	585 709 274 205 346 159 100 23 28 \$9 443 \$11 467	913 581 211 125 127 156 113 32 6 \$7 028 \$9 645

Table B-8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oata are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	C	wner-occupied h	ousing units				Re	nter-occupied	housing units			
Great Falls city	Total	l unit, detoched or ottoched	2 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.	Totol	l unit, detoched or ottoched	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.
Occupied housing units	13 831 250	12 242 53	836 197	753	8 048 117	2 177	1 018	1 151 16	703	2 296 69	537	166
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	10 334	9 416	482	436	2 332	, 931	383	323	103	471	66	55
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	332 2 082	239 1 900	. 25 88	68 94	603 786	184 359	90 131	121 96	38 21	144 157	5	26 17
35 to 44 years	2 405 4 027 1 488	2 312 3 675 1 290	40 181 148	53 171 50	270 312 361	133 167 88	92 18 52	18 18 70	15 22 7	12 75 83	- 61	12
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	1 253 119	992 82	124 21	137 16	2 161 645	5\$4 179	248 71	296 154	255 97	643 120	122	43 24
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	365 215	313 151	20 42	32 22	576 211	162 76	93 40	75 17	86 15	133 54	13 9	14
45 ta 64 years65 years ond over	274 280	203 243	25 16	46 21	500 229	109 28	30 14	42 8	48 9	226 110	40 60	5
Female householder, no husband present	2 244 59 179	1 834 39 117	230 3 25	180 17 37	3 555 710 771	692 169 202	387 72 75	532 138 158	345 69 112	1 182 229 207	349 11	68 33 6
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	315 835	293 667	107	22° 61	268 773	55 115	51 147	56 94	18 82	70 257	· 71	9 7
65 years and over	856 48.0	718 47.8	95 55.6	43 45.8	1 033 34.6	151 31.5	42 33.8	86 29.1	64 31.4	419 46.7	258 72.7	13 25.0
YEAR HÖUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	1 829	1 496	141	192	4 401	1 257	676	660	384	1 140	174	110
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	3 960 2 209	3 389 1 879	293 142	278 188	2 041 872	523 144	149 82	271 167	199 83	655 241	200 143	44 12
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier ROOMS	2 880 2 953	2 718 2 760	78 182	84 11	501 233	159 94	59 52	30 23	31 6	208 52	14 6	-
1 room	69	52	<u>-</u> 5	_ 12	532 766	14 45	26	14 94	8 60	254 411	242 130	-
3 rooms4 rooms	418 2 520	296 1 879	46 319	76 322	1 955 2 677	408 645	232 372	304 533	274 232	647 725	84 62	108
5 rooms6 rooms	3 039 2 506	2 612 2 305	204 112	223 89	1 168 568	491 312	213 111	96 83	85 34	226 19	5 9	52
7 or mare rooms	5 279 5.8	5 098 6.1	150 4.7	31 4.4	382 3.8	262 4.5	64 4.2	27 3.8	10 3.5	14 3.2	1.7	4.2
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	13 813 9 407	12 235 8 318	825 636	753 453	7 693 4 985	2 177 1 295	998 633	1 10 5 739	666 466	2 056 1 496	525 234	1 66 122
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	4 215 179	3 752 153	175 14	288 12	2 470 151	810 50	341 12	310 38	195 5	512 37	267 —	35 9
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	12 18	12	າງົ	-	87 355	22	12 20	18 46	37	11 240	24 12	=
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	14	7	4 7 -	-	166 181	=	20 - -	37 9 	29 8	68 164	12	=
1.51 or moreBEDROOMS	-	-	_	-	8	-	-	~	-	8	_	-
None	5 687	5 539	79	- 69	652 2 960	14 623	332 332	20 414	14 337	345 1 046	. 255 197	,11
3	3 926 5 385 2 988	3 029 4 966 2 877	478 159 106	419 260 5	3 243 911 236	880 449 181	497 148 30	585 122 10	308 34 10	799 97	66 14 5	108
4 5 or more	840	826	14	-	46	30	7	-	-	9	=	-
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	652 1 638	512 1 365	42 126	98 147	2 223 2 191	544 485	114 302	303 384	165 176	751 655	308 144	38 45
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	908 896	791 729	53 107	64 60	885 708	248 159	99 128	76 127	153 56	267 202	25 15	17 21
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	2 475 2 103 3 100	2 140 1 919 2 861	154 92 155	181 92 84	891 556 414	223 238 189	221 78 48	105 96 55	95 28 12	212 92 88	27 13	8 24
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	1 413 646	1 302 623	91 16	20 7	126 54	69 22	7 21	5	18	23	5	4
Median	\$20 757 \$23 223	\$21 430 \$23 877	\$17 949 \$20 621	\$15 206 \$15 483	\$9 158 \$11 365	\$10 600 \$13 323	\$12 348 \$13 858	\$8 563 \$10 243	\$10 172 \$10 577	\$8 173 \$10 072	\$4 589 \$7 529	\$10 000 \$11 811
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	13 831	12 242	836	753	8 034	2 171	1 010	1 151	703	2 296	537	166
Steam or hot water system Central worm-air furnoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	1 012 11 378 266	893 10 111 199	111 639 31	628 36	1 922 4 261 549	113 1 313 55	26 775 31	250 685 48	210 333 55	1 060 836 312	263 184 48	135
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means	417 758	384 655	18 37	15	417 885	224 466	69 109	20 148	40 65	48 40	16 26	31
Air conditioning	3 467 1 325	2 684 940	387 211	396 174	2 081 935	1 78 48	89	149 41	1 53 86	1 049 428	372 277	91 46
Vehicles available	13 352 3 139 10 213	11 841 2 528 9 313	790 330 460	721 281 440	6 299 4 053 2 246	1 907 891 1 016	903 525 378	944 745 199	547 389 158	1 645 1 256 389	212 188 24	141 59 82
House hearing fuel	13 831 13 035	12 242 11 620	836 762	753 653	8 034 6 989	2 171 2 023	1 010 968	1 151 1 043	703 622	2 296 1 739	537 434	166 160
Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity	5 443	296	63	5 84	79 875	27 76	5 37	16 86	75	24 499	7 96	6
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	343	321 321	11	11	26 65	8 37	1 010	6	6	18 16	- 537	166
Water heating fuel Utility gas	13 831 12 838 47	12 242 11 518 41	836 757 6	753 563 —	8 013 6 680 138	2 177 1 978 58	1 018 949 18	1 151 1 026 9	696 564 22	2 268 1 606 23	440 8	117
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	940 -	677	73 -	190	1 160 18	141	51	116	104 -	610 18	89	49
Other	6 11 501	10 435	560 160	506	17 3 533	1 283	536 227	545 247	245	756	77	91
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years Female householder, no husband present	5 777 2 149 932	5 371 1 941 803	162 103 66	244 105 63	2 113 1 335 1 054	840 490 284	327 211 132	347 217 215	154 111 127	390 255 253	11 7 11	44 44 32
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	479 50	419 37	11 5	49 8	873 475	245 163	105 30	178 63	100 68	209 119	11 7	32 25 25 75
Nonfamily householderincome in 1979 below poverty level	2 330 577	1 807 462	276 32	247 83	4 515 1 815	894 470	482 143	606 297	458 152	1 540 534	460 176	43
Percent below poverty level	4.2	3.8	3.8	11.0	22.6	21.6	14.0	25.8	21.6	23.3	32.8	25.9

Table B -9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

(Oata are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8)

	-				olining or symbols,						
Great Falls city	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units	13 831 443	2 086 -	4 797 203	2 610 110	2 562 79	1 1 49 33	414 -	128 4	85 14	2.51 2.67	40 683 1 393
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms Median	487 2 529 3 039 2 506 2 066 3 213 5.8	260 726 488 315 129 168 4.6	192 1 178 1 212 853 638 724 5.3	35 342 664 537 409 623 6.0	203 452 518 489 900 6.7	65 - 163 - 215 - 221 - 485 - 7.1	40 46 124 200 7.4	- 10 11 35 72 8.0	- 2 10 11 21 41 7.4	1.44 1.95 2.35 2.66 3.15 3.60	789 5 600 8 263 7 458 6 916 11 657
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	,13 813 13 622 179 12 18 18	2 082 2 082 - - - 4 4	4 797 4 797 - - - - -	2 610 2 610 - - - -	2 548 2 548 - 14: 14:	1 149 1 084 65 - - -	414 370 44 - - -	128 107 21 - - -	85 24 49 12 —	2.51 2.49 6.06 8.10 3.86 3.86	40 619 39 416 1 111 92 64 64 -
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc VALUE	12 242 836 753	1 639 242 205	4 184 358 255	2 342 127 141	2 380 71 111	1 107 13 29	394 20 -	122 - 6	74 5 6	2.63 1.99 2.17	36 522 2 251 1 910
Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	11 712 137 476 1 074 1 995 2 819 2 258 2 176 506 206 65 \$47 800	1 534 59 186 294 392 280 158 110 48 7	4 006 57 166 433 694 1 063 752 601 162 38 40 \$45 400	2 210 7 57 213 323 537 396 532 104 41 - \$49 400	2 319 8 8 24 106 345 562 564 542 103 49 16 \$51,700	1 061 - 18 22 146 253 268 232 65 48 9	394 	114 4 - 30 29 30 21 - - \$49 000	74 2 15 6 6 12 16 17 - - - \$46 700	2.64 1.67 1.81 2.06 2.37 2.62 3.05 3.21 2.91 3.85 2.31	34 804 256 1 067 2 356 5 591 8 298 7 466 7 346 1 601 669 154
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income	13 831 \$20 757 16.7 19.5 10— 577 \$3 270 50+ 50+ 40.0	2 086 \$10 525 20.8 27.2 16.2 227 \$2500— 50+ 50+ 48.5	4 797 \$19 698 14.1 19.7 10— 118 \$3 451 39.8 50+ 35.6	2 610 \$24 413 15.4 17.4 10— 86 \$3 929 50+ 50+ 35.4	2 562 \$24 290 19.0 19.8 10.— 59 \$5 054	1 149 \$25 232 18.7 19.4 10— 43 \$4 417 50+ 50+ 50+	\$25 786 16.8 19.1 10— 29 \$8 352 45.0 45.0	128 \$26 522 15.0 17.5 10— 7 \$6 250 45.0	\$5 \$25 625 14.1 17.9 10— 8 \$9 167 21.7 22.5 10—	2.51	40 683
Not mortgaged	8 048 883	3 773	2 273 599	1 026	596 85	227 37	86 16	48	19	1.61 2.24	15 002 2 149
Nonrelatives present	532 766 1 955 2 677 1 168 568 382 3.8	493 629 1 267 1 100 183 76 25 3.1	39 117 507 924 427 211 48 4.0	20 112 353 340 117 84 4.6	28 211 153 117 87 4.9	- 24 57 45 38 63 5.2	- - 27 6 - 53 6.9	- 17 5 4 - 22 5.0	- - 10 9 - 5.4	1.04 1.11 1.27 1.76 2.44 2.49 3.89	543 879 2 889 5 102 2 810 1 431 1 348
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	7 693 7 455 151 87 355 347 8	3 480 3 480 - 293 293 - -	2 220 2 189 	1 026 1 006 20 - - - -	587 559 28 - 9 9	227 146 57 24 - - -	86 53 33 	48 22 4 22 - - -	19 - 9 10 - - -	1.67 1.61 4.98 5.02 1.11 1.09	14 593 13 480 764 349 409 390
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	2 177 1 018 1 151 703 2 296 537 166	637 321 498 375 1 439 452 51	634 351 343 198 596 74 77	422 194 197 70 112 11 20	302 116 50 34 90 -	110 24 27 16 36 -	32 4 27 23	21 8 9 10 - -	19 - - - - -	2.21 2.04 1.73 1.44 1.30 1.09	5 081 2 160 2 075 1 207 3 506 595 378
Specified renter-occupied housing units	7 969 1 001 1 129 1 834 1 731 1 043 610 200 146 59 216 \$198	3 752 728 699 944 744 327 109 45 7 144 \$171	2 266 165 289 497 613 394 180 50 33 8 37 \$214	1 001 55 79 196 264 184 150 23 19 6 25 \$227	577 31 20 121 62 102 123 43 31 40 4 \$267	220 13 14 45 29 32 38 18 25 - 6 \$261	86 18 14 19 10 16 9 - \$233	48 	19 9 - - - 10 - \$405	1.60 1.19 1.31 1.47 1.70 1.99 2.61 2.72 3.95 3.76 1.25	14 803 1 442 1 744 3 295 3 109 2 075 1 548 564 505 161 360
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median grass rent as percentage of household income	8 048 \$9 158 24.7 1 815 \$3 202 50+	3 773 \$6 444 28.2 880 \$2 593 50+	2 273 \$11 753 21.5 376 \$3 436 50+	1 026 \$10 845 25.2 264 \$3 438 50+	\$96 \$14 837 23.2 141 \$4 253 50+	\$12 703 \$12 703 25.5 74 \$5 556 47.9	\$6 \$11 944 21.9 29 \$7 583 50+	\$8 889 24.8 32 \$7 778 24.4	\$12 625 39.7 19 \$12 625 39.7	1.61 1.57 	15 002

Table 8-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

			Married	Married-couple families	S			Male household	Male householder, no wife present	sent	_	1 2	male househol	Female householder, no husband present	d present		
	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 3 years	35 to 44 4 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Median
	13 631	332	2 082	2 405	4 027	1 488	119	365	215	274	780 780	88	179	315	253	858	48.0
	2 086 4 797 2 610 2 562 1 149 627 2.51	7.7 7.7 7.7 7.4 7.4 7.4 936	469 557 713 263 80 3.52 7 675	190 455 455 915 559 286 4.11	1 949 927 660 273 218 2.57 12 534	1 254 198 198 2 28 3 269	84 6-1-4 1.69 203	248 75 37 5 1.24 542	107 59 36 6 7 7 1.51	226 42 - - 6 1.11 367	235 24 14 7 7 1.10	18 24 17 1.98 126	56 67 6 6 2.00 381	422 000 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	493 120 120 130 1.35 1.35	609 171 49 19 1.20 1.21	58.3 58.3 39.0 40.4 43.3
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	13 813 191 18	332	2 075 49 7	2 398 73 7	4 027 53 	1 488	9 - 1	365	215	274	276	8, 1 1 1	779	315	835	856 - -	48.1 41.7 41.4
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified awner-occupied housing units Mith a montgage	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	26.92 26.92 26.93	1 834 1 784 1 784 3387 3387 3387 224 52 4 151 151 151 151 151 151 151 161 161 161	2 211 2 102 2 102 2 102 2 102 3 88 3 88 1 186 2 103 2	2 2 4 4 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	222 223 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250	30.5 30.5 30.5 30.5 30.5 30.5 30.5 30.5	25.2 24.4 25.8 25.8 25.8 25.8 25.8 25.8 25.8 25.8	28 8 2 5 2 4 8 5 5 8 6 7 8 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	88 + 4 8 8 8 9 8 4 7 2 7 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	28.8 28.8 28.8 28.8 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0		7101 744 11 23 44 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	22.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2	25. 26. 27. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28	23 2222 - 182.00 82.00 82.00 82.00 82.00 82.00 82.00 82.00 83.00 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 8	######################################
9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	85	9	786	270	312	28	549	576	111	98	82	710	E	268	E	28	3.6
	3 773 2 273 1 026 596 227 153 1 53	276 264 264 44 11 12.60 1 623	270 217 207 207 52 40 3.07 2 288	1.14.4.5. 1.14.4	25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25.	347 8 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	353 215 48 48 29 1.41	3% 151 15 15 15 15 15 822	130 61 20 20 1.31 280	440 446 14 551	229	350 237 79 34 10 1.52	281 185 182 77 25 25 19 1 676	22 22 22 23 21 21 25 25 25	520 1779 60 60 124 1 015	980 53 53 1.03	28.22.88.24 0.04.6.1-1
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	7 693 238 355 8	594 37 9	59 8 8	270 26 -	308 16 16	356 11 5	640 7 5	559 - 17	12	378 122 122	88 - 17 -	673 11 37 8	751 20 -	, 268 27 -	746 17 27	975 - 58	34.0 31.5 57.7 17.5
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified renter-occupied housing units. Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent As to 49 percent As to 40 p	7 969 1 438 1 105 1 105 1 305 6 655 6 75 1 346 2 284 2 284	68 100 162 162 7 7 23.7 23.7	779 149 137 137 137 137 10 10 22.0	258 80 80 80 80 32 32 23 24 24 27 27 27 27 27	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	2 84312888887.7	3 22522222255	576 1116 1116 1116 113 113 113 114 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116	21 27 27 27 27 18.5 18.5	24 24 25 25 26 26 26 26 27 27 27 28	22 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97	2 8	76 84 102 148 148 77 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	22 33 33 33 34 17 77 74 74 75 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76	73 134 138 100 164 1.1	1 027 102 102 110 98 145 82 184 237 69	# 2.00.044 4.00.044 6

Table B-11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B}

			36mpic, 300	Male hous		01 371115013, 1	see introductio	iii. Tor German	ons or remis	Female hou			
Great Falls city	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	2 086	864	48	248	107	226	235	1 222	18	56	46	493	609
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 082	860	48	248	107	226	231	1 222	18	56	46	493	609
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1. deteched or ottoched	1 639	670	34	224	55	159	198	969	8	30	35	395	501
2 or moreMobile home or trailer, etc	242 205	91 103	4 10	20 4	30 22	21 46	16 21	151 102	3 7	20 6	11	59 39	69 39
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	558	87 137	13	14	15	17 24	70 71	343 421	7_	15 6	14 5	87 174	220 236
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	262 243 337	120 162 190	6 7 14	54 61 68	24 33	29 51 47	31 19 28	142 81 147	3	11 20	15 - 12	81 34 66	46 33 41
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	125 87	74 60 27	8	19 23 9	17 4 14	26 25	12	51 27	=	4	-	33 8	14 19
\$50,000 or moreMedian	\$10 525 \$11 781	7 \$13 858	\$14 286 \$14 386	\$14 795	\$16 394	7 \$14 608	\$8 694	10 \$7 921	\$14 167	\$14 091	\$10 667	10 \$9 673	\$6 214
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	\$11 781	\$14 909	\$14 386	\$16 529	\$19 049	\$16 651	\$9 746	\$9 569	\$10 824	\$11 133	\$8 774	\$11 438	\$7 935
OWNER COSTS Specified awner-occupied housing units With a martiage	1 534 623	637 352	34 34	213 188	46 46	146 68	198 16	897 271	8	30 22	30 30	383 170	446 41
Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249	89 84	40 32	-	17 15	12 5	11	12	49 52	=	Ξ	20	42 19	7 13
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	111 66 118	65 37 72	- 7	36 37 44	11 - -	18 - 17	4	46 29 46	=	6 9	- 7	40 23 15	6 15
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	83 52 11	65 30 11	7 20 —	32 7	10 4 4	16 6 -	=	18 22 -	8	7	=	18 7 	-
\$750 or more	9 \$321	\$351	\$515	\$335	\$277	\$365	\$233	\$288	\$550	\$378	3 \$238	\$280	\$254
Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74	911 7 112	285 7 54	-	25 - 7	=	78 7 2 0	182 - 27	626 - 58	, =	-	=	213 12	405 - 46
\$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124	312 244 120	99 93 24	-	18	-	22 29	59 64 24	213 151 96	-	=	Ξ	72 75 14	141 76 82
\$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	99 7	8 -	-	=	=	=	8 -	91 7	=	8	-	30	53 7
\$250 or more	10 \$103	\$96	=	\$83	-	\$89	\$102	10 \$107	=	\$175	-	10 \$107	\$105
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	20.8	19.5	33.2	23.6	22.7	15.3	15.0	21.6	37.5	31.7	21.9	20.0	21.6
Not mortgage	27.2 16.2 227	26.4 10.8 28	33.2	26.4 10—	22.7	24.0 10— 7	31.7 14.1 21	29.2 19.1 199	37.5 - 7	31.7 - 15	21.9 - 14	30.0 15.8 52	22.1 21.5 111
Percent below poverty level	10.9	3.2	=	=	=	3.1	8.9	16.3	38.9	26.8	30.4	10.5	18.2
Renter-occupied housing units PLUMBING FACILITIES	3 773	1 548	353	396	130	440	229	2 225	350	281	94	520	980
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	3 480 293	1 368 180	353	379 17	130	318 122	188 41	2 112 113	327 23	261 20	94 -	508 12	922 58
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2	637 321	298 128	79 19	85 50	33 21	73 24	28 14	339 193	58 42	50 33	9 30	81 46	141 42
3 ond 4 5 to 9 10 to 49	498 375 1 439	233 183 559	107 54 88	59 63 112	17 15 35 9	42 42 214	8 9 110	265 192 880	68 51 124	61 21 110	17 6 23	42 62 226	77 52 397
50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	452 51	122 25	- 6	13 14	9 -	40 5	60	330 26	7	- 6	9 -	63	258 13
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	1 551	487	76 141	57 123	21 50	199 69	134 55	1 064 685	120 169	64 105	31 22	237 151	612 238
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	1 123 386 223	438 190 98	79 31	44 12	12	46 37	9 12	196 125	30 31	52 53	6 9	63 9 37	45 23
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	276 120 65	180 83 48	13 13 —	98 29 22	23 6 12	27 35 14	19 - -	96 37 17	-	7 -	26 - -	16 7	33 14 10
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	18 11	13 11	- - -	11	\$9 500	13 _ \$6 875	- - AIA N2	5 - \$5 337	- \$6 335	- \$8 887	- \$9 318	<u>-</u> \$5 913	5 - \$4 403
Medion	\$6 444 \$8 465	\$8 260 \$10 619	\$7 846 \$8 349	\$11 023 \$15 980	\$11 613	\$9 520	\$4 616 \$6 396	\$6 966	\$6 302	\$8 907	\$9 784	\$5 913 \$7 55 7	\$4 403 \$6 063
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less then \$100	3 752 728	1 540 304	353 23	396 32	130 8	432 162	229 79	2 212 424 424	343 49 84	281 14 33	94 -7	520 91 74	974 270 226
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	699 944 744	275 439 250	93 146 51	46 121 86	14 51 20	84 84 42	38 37 51	505 494	73 114	117 73	7 35	131 124	177 148
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	327 109	140 51 18	13 10	59 26 18	21 9	32 6	15	187 58 27	13 10 -	21 15 8	39 - 6	52 18 —	62 15 13
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	7 5	5	- -	5	= =	- -	-	7	Ξ	-	- -	- 30	7 - 56
No cash rent	144 \$171	58 \$165	17 \$171	\$198	\$180	\$110	\$145	86 \$174	\$175	\$195	\$248	\$184	\$138
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979 Income in 1979 below poverty level	28.2 880	23.8 294	24.8 41	21.9 36	21.5	25.4 155	30.1 57	31.1 586 26.3	31.8 112 32.0	26.9 31 11.0	35.3 24 25.5	30.9 164 31.5	32.1 255 26.0
Percent below poverty level	23.3	19.0	11.6	9.1	3.8	35.2	24.9	20.3	32.0	(1.0	23.3	31.3	20.0

Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					to meaning or symbols, see infroduction. For definitions of			-,	
Great Falls city	Total	Less than 2 manths	2 up to 6 manths	6 or mare manths	Great Falls city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	301	60	151	90	Vacant for rent housing units	1 307	614	498	195
ROOMS	__			14	ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms Median	23 70 58 49 39 62 5.5	- 19 4 10 27 7.2	5 37 24 41 26 18 5.7	18 33 15 4 3 17 4.3	1 room	182 174 315 369 168 55 44 3.4	68 69 124 211 91 27 24 3.7	78 74 147 108 52 23 16	36 31 44 50 25 5 4 3.2
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use	301	60	151	90	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	-	-	-	-	Complete plumbing for exclusive useLacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 095 212	533 81	425 73	137 58
None	_	_	_	_	BEDROOMS				
1	21 130 96 49 5	25 13 17 5	9 55 66 21	12 50 17 11	None	221 490 494 74 25	86 179 299 29	93 226 136 40	42 85 59 5
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT		1			5 or more	3	-	3	-
1975 to March 1980	55 23 53 42 60 68	32 - 11 - 17	23 11 23 24 37 33	12 19 18 23 18	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	80 116 136 247 159 569	38 83 89 118 68 218	42 21 39 91 64 241	12 8 38 27
1, detached or ottoched	248	49	130	69	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
2 ar more	288 13	60	138 138	90 - -	1, detoched or attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mabile hame or trailer	316 179 205 88 457 29 33	151 69 79 55 216 22 22	126 70 79 28 177 7	39 40 47 5 64 -
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant for sale only housing units	237 14 26 19 27 60 45 19 27	43 - 7 - 5 5 5 - 10 16 - \$72 300	125 10 - 14 14 43 33 - 11 - \$43 100		Specified vocant for rent housing units	1 307 319 287 345 209 110 37 - \$154	614 155 108 137 132 69 13 - \$162	498 100 152 139 59 24 24 24 - \$149	195 64 27 69 18 17 - - \$152

Table B-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

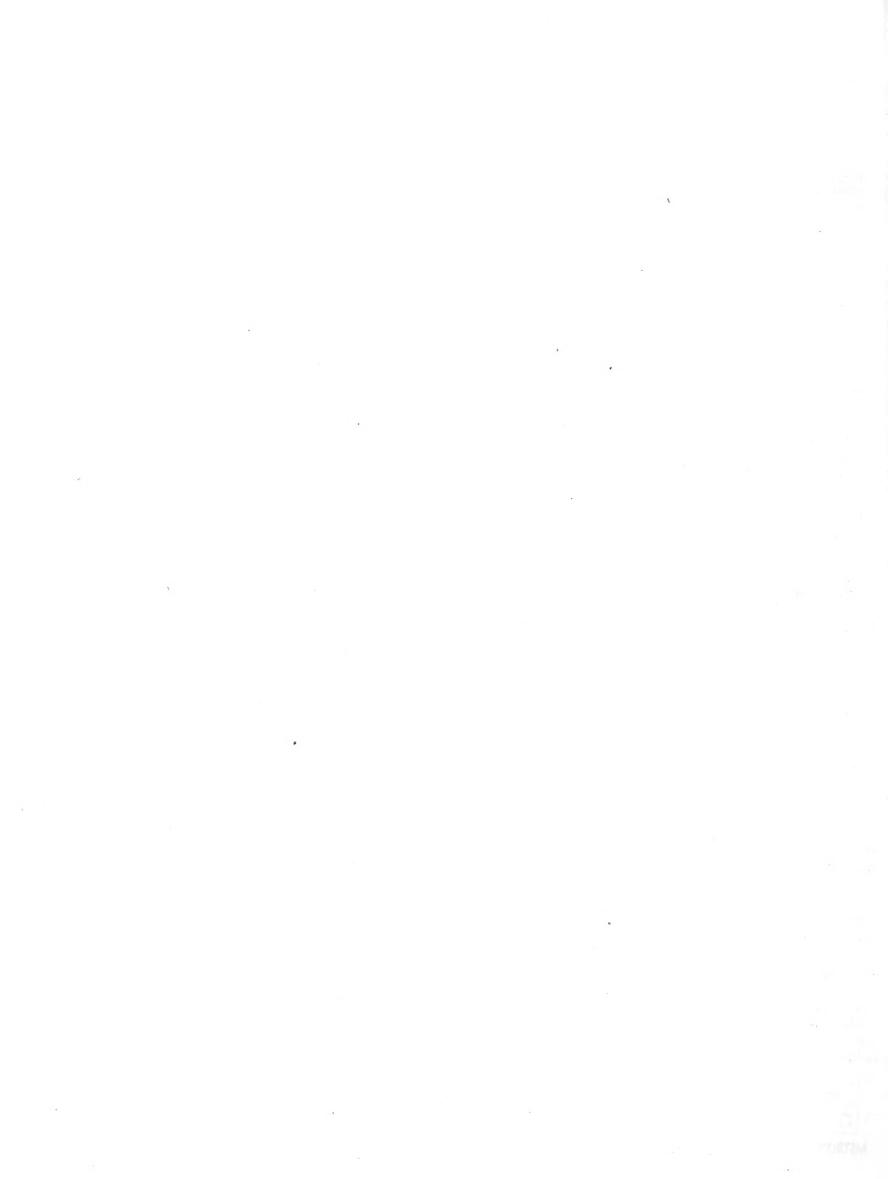
[Data ore estimates based an a sample, see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

		Price osked	Specified	vocant for s	ale only hou	sing units			Rent aske	d — Specified	d vacant for	rent housing	units	
Great Falls city	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 ta \$49,999	\$50,000 ta \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Median (dollors)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or mare	Median (dollars)
Total	237	14	45	87	91	-	43 400	1 307	319	632	319	37	-	154
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive useLacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	237	14	45 _	87 -	91 -	<u>-</u>	43 400 -	1 095 212	141 178	598 34	319 -	37	=	1,63 92
BEDROOMS														
Nane	21 75 87 49 5	5 5 4 -	12 27 6 -	4 27 36 15 5	- 16 41 34 -	- - - -	13 900 35 300 44 400 57 500 47 500	221 490 494 74 25 3	159 100 54 6 -	58 319 213 27 15	4 68 206 41 -	3 21 - 10 3	- - - -	93 138 187 207 178 325
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1975 to March 1980	33 17 45 36 48 58	- - 5 9	- 6 7 - 32	7 22 5 33 20	33 10 17 19 6 6	- - - -	74 800 56 900 42 900 50 600 42 900 26 400	80 116 136 247 159 569	16 7 4 64 30 198	8 10 46 129 113 326	56 99 81 35 13 35	- 5 19 3	-	213 238 218 159 145
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer	237	14 	45 	87 	91 	- 	43 400 	316 958 33	65 248 6	161 463 8	56 244 19	34 3 -	=	170 146 238

Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Housing	units
Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	100-percent count	Percent in somple
The SMSA	32 199	16.5
PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's		
Great Falls city	24 000	15.7



Appendix A.—Area Classifications

REGIONS	A-1
STATES	A-1
PLACES	A-1
Incorporated Places	A-1
Census Designated Places	A-1
STANDARD METROPOLITAN	
STATISTICAL AREAS	A-1
Definition	A-1
SMSA Titles	A-1
New SMSA Standards	A-2
BOUNDARY CHANGES	A-2
AREA MEASUREMENT	A-2

REGIONS

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

PLACES

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

Incorporated Places

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

Census Designated Places

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the non-metropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

SMSA Titles

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's,

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A, For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

GENERAL	B1	Persons	B6
LIVING QUARTERS	B-1	Rooms	B-6
Housing Units		Persons Per Room	B6
Comparability With 1970	B-1	Bedrooms	B-6
Census Housing Unit Data	D 2	STRUCTURAL	
Group Quarters	B-2 B-2	CHARACTERISTICS	B-6
Comparability With 1970 Cen-	D-2	Year Structure Built	B6
sus Group Quarters Data	B-2	Units in Structure	B-6
Rules for Hotels, Room-	UZ	Stories in Structure	B-6
ing Houses, Etc	B-2	Passenger Elevator	B-6
Staff Living Quarters	B-2	PLUMBING	
Year-Round Housing Units	B-2	CHARACTERISTICS	B6
OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY		Plumbing Facilities	
CHARACTERISTICS	B-2	Comparability With 1970	B6
Occupied Housing Units	B-2	Census Plumbing Facilities	
Householder	B-2 B-2	Data	B-6
Child	B-2 B-2	EQUIPMENT AND FUELS	
Nonrelative	B-3		B-6
Age of Householder	B-3	Heating Equipment	B-6
Household Type	B-3	Comparability With 1970	
Year Householder Moved		Census Heating Equipment	В
Into Unit	B-3	Data	B-6 B-7
Vacant Housing Units	B-3	Vehicles Available	В—7 В—7
Vacancy Status	B-3	Comparability With 1970	D 7
Duration of Vacancy	B-3	Census Automobiles	
Tenure	B-3	Available Data	B7
Condominium Housing Units	B-3	Fuels Used for House Heating	υ,
Comparability With 1970		and Water Heating	B-7
Census Condominium	р о	FINANCIAL	
Housing Unit Data	B-3	CHARACTERISTICS	B7
Race of the Householder	B-3	Value	B7
Comparability Between Sam-		Price Asked	B-7
ple and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder.	B-4	Mortgage Status and Selected	
Comparability With 1970	U- 4	Monthly Owner Costs	B-7
Census Data on Race of the		Mortgage Status and Selected	
Householder	B-4	Monthly Owner Costs as a	
Spanish/Hispanic Origin of	- ,	Percentage of House-	
the Householder	B-5	hold Income in 1979	B7
Limitations of the Data		Rent	B-7
on Householders of		Gross Rent as a Percentage	
Spanish/Hispanic Origin	B-5	of Household Income	
Comparability Between		in 1979	B-8
Sample and 100-Percent		Household Income in 1979	B-8 B-8
Data on Householders of		Median Income	D-0
Spanish/Hispanic Origin	B-5	Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data	B-8
Comparability With 1970		Poverty Status in 1979	B-8
Census Data on House-		Toverty Status III 1979	υ-O
holders of Spanish Origin		CENEDAL	
and Householders of	D F	GENERAL	
Spanish Heritage	B-5	The 1980 census was conducted or	imarik

CHARACTERISTICS......

through self-enumeration. The principal

determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for non-residential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data—Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters—Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group quarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Noninstitutional quarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' dormitories, and boarding houses. In addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

Staff Living Quarters—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

Year-Round Housing Units—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units—A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, step-child, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age.

Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Aga of Householder—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

Household Type—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female. householders.

Year Householder Moved Into Unit—Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for ren't or for sale. Duration of Vacancy—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

Tenure—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian were classified as "American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder-Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race populations (shown "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion—38 percent—of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race

category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder—The data on Spanish/
Hispanic origin or descent of householder
were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of
the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish/ Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin—A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980.'

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin - The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that. since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage-The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS

Persons—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

Persons Per Room—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—"Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

Stories in Structure—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

Passenger Elevator—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix F)

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

EQUIPMENT AND FUELS

Heating Equipment—Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central

heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning—"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available — Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Value — Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

Price Asked—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only

one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appen-

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979—Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Cansus Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

Poverty Status in 1979-Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

C Port la Vete	Weighted			Re	elated chil	ldren under	: 18 years			
Size of Family Unit	average thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more
1 person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686	• • •	•••		• • •	•••	•••	• • •	
Under 65 years65 years and over	3,774 3,479	3,774 3,479	• • • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	
2 persons	4,723	4,723		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		
Householder under 65 years	4,876 4,389	4,858 4,385	5,000 4,981	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844		• • •			•••	
4 persons	7,412 8,776	7,482 9,023	7,605 9,154	7,356 8,874	7,382 8,657	8,525	•••		•••	
6 persons	9,915 11,237	10,378 11,941	10,419 12,016	10,205 11,759	9,999 11,580	9,693 11,246	9,512 10,857	10,429		
8 persons 9 or more persons	12,484 14,812	13,356 16,066	13,473 16,144	13,231 15,929	13,018 15,749	12,717 15,453	12,334 15,046	11,936 14,677	11,835 14,586	14,024

Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE	C-1
Armed Forces	C-1
Crews of Merchant Vessels	
Persons Away at School	C-1
Persons in Institutions	C-1
Persons Away From Their	
Residence on Census Day	C-1
Americans Abroad	C-2
Citizens of Foreign Countries	
DATA COLLECTION	
PROCEDURES	C-2
PROCESSING PROCEDURES	

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be

away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2.500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980, census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC), For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed. "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

Appendix D.—Accuracy of the Data

INTRODUCTION
INTRODUCTION D-1
SAMPLE DESIGN D-1
ERRORS IN THE DATA D-1
Calculation of Standard Errors . D-2
Totals and Percentages D-2
Differences D-2
Means D-2
Medians D-2
Confidence Intervals D-3
Use of Tables to Compute
Standard Errors D-3
ESTIMATION PROCEDURE D-3
CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING
ERROR D-5
Undercoverage D-5
Respondent and Enumerator
Error D-5
Processing Error D-6
Nonresponse D-6
EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE
DATA D-6
ALLOCATION TABLES D-6
,

INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. For these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages-Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se and Se of estimates x and y:

Se
$$(x+y) = Se (x-y) = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to is sum. This is the lower limit of the antidence interval of the median. In a pullar manner, cumulate frequencies staing from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these

figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, *Detailed Housing Characteristics* report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of

five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

Stage I—Type of Household

Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children

Group

17

	Under 18							
1	2 persons in housing unit							
2	3 persons in housing unit							
3	4 persons in housing unit							
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit							
5	8 or more persons in housing unit							
	Persons in Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18							
6-10	2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit							
	Persons in All Other Housing Units							
11	1 person in housing unit							
12-16	2 persons in housing unit							
	through 8 or more persons							
	in housing unit							

Persons in group quarters

Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

Group

Groun

1 Householder

2 Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

White Race

Group	Wille nace
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	Male
1	0 to 4 years of age
2	5 to 14 years of age
3	15 to 19 years of age
4	20 to 24 years of age
5	25 to 34 years of age
6	35 to 44 years of age
7	45 to 64 years of age
8	65 years of age or older
	Female
9-16	Same age categories as

Persons Not of Spanish Origin
17-32 Same age and sex categories as groups 1 to 16

groups 1 to 8

33-64 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Asian, Pacific Islander Race
65-96 Same age-sex-Spanish origin
categories as groups 1 to 32

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race

97-128 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estima-

tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the However, to sample person records. avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Stage I-Type of Household

Group Housing Units With a Family

- · I-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
	With Own Children Under 18							
1	2 persons in housing unit							
2	3 persons in housing unit							
3	4 persons in housing unit							
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit							
5	8 or more persons in housing unit							
6-10	Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit							
	All Other Housing Units							
11	1 person in housing unit							
12-16	2 persons in housing unit							

Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

in housing unit

through 8 or more persons

Group	Owner
	White Race (householder)
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	(householder)
	Value of House
1	\$0 to \$9,999
2	\$10,000 to \$19,999
3	\$20,000 to \$24,999
4	\$25,000 to \$49,999
5	\$50,000 to \$99,999
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000+
8	Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

9-16	Same value categories as groups 1 to 8
17-32	Black Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
33-48	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
49-64	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
65-80	Other Race (includes those races not listed above) Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
1	Renter
	White Race
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	Rent Categories
81	\$1 to \$59
82	\$60 to \$99
83	\$100 to \$149
84	\$150 to \$199
85	\$200 to \$249
86	\$250 to \$299
87	\$300 to \$399
88	\$400 to \$499
89	\$500+
90	Other Renter
91	No Cash Rent
	Persons not of Spanish origin
92-102	Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91
	Black Race
103-124	Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
125-146	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
	American Indian, Eskimo,
	or Aleut Race
147-168	Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

VACANT HOUSING UNITS

Group

Vacant for Rent
 Vacant for Sale
 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each household. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for

households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of fabricated persons being for submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was reported for the preceding renteroccupied unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

ALLOCATION TABLES

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated	•						Slze	of public	cation area	<u>2</u> / a				
Total 1/	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16	16	16	16 22	16	16 22	16 22	16	16 22	16	16	16	16	16
250	20 25	21 30	22 35	22 35	22 35	22 35	22 35	22 35	22 35	22 35	22 35	22 35	22 35	22 35
500	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1 000	_	_	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2 500	-	-	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5 000	-	-	-	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160
10 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 540	4 470
10 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 480
L														

 $\frac{1}{2}$ For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 \hat{Y} = Estimate of characteristic total

2/ The total count of housing units in the area.

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage						Base	of percen	1/ tage			-		
	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	. 0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	6.2	0.2

1/ For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{8} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 \hat{p} = Estimated percentage

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less then 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
Household type	1.1	1.1	0.5
Age and sex of householder	1.0	1.0	0.5
Occupancy status	1.1	0.7	0.5
Vacant price asked and vacant rent asked	1.1	0.7	0.5
Tenure	1.1	0.9	0.5
Units in structure	1.1	0.9	0.5
Storles in structure	0.9	0.8	0.4
Passenger elevator	0.9	0.7	0.4
Persons in unit	1.1	1.0	0.5
Year structure built	1.1	0.9	0.5
Year householder moved Into			
housing unit	1.1	1.0	0.5
Heating equipment and fuel	1.1	0.9	0.5
Number of bedrooms	1.1	1.0	0.6
Rooms	1.1	1.0	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1.1	1.0	0.5
Air conditioning	1.3	1.1	0.6
Vehicles available	1.1	1.0	0.5
Gross rent and contract rent	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent as a percentage of household			
Income in 1979	1.1	0.8	0.5
Mortgage status and selected monthly			
owner costs	1.1	0.8	0.5
Household Income	1.1	1.0	0.5
Poverty status: Housing	1.1	1.0	0.5
Existence of complete plumbing for			
exclusive use with 1.01 persons per	1.1	0.9	ا م
	1.0		0.5
Value	1.0	1.0	0.5

Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. On not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

10. Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. This eddress means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- H5. Mark the second circle only if you *must* go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- **H6.** Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day	30
By the week	4
Every other wee	ek 2

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for individual well.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- **H20.** This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, well, or pipeless furnace delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly everage for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used elso by enother apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ({) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do *not* have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- **H26.** Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

12. This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.

If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.

13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.

Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school or if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

- b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
 - (1) The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
 - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
 - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
 - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
 - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
 - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
 - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
 - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
 - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
 - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
 - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
 - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- 20. Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
 - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
 - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
 - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- 25. If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
 - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
 - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturing
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

30. If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle:

Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.

- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
 - b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
 - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
 - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
 - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

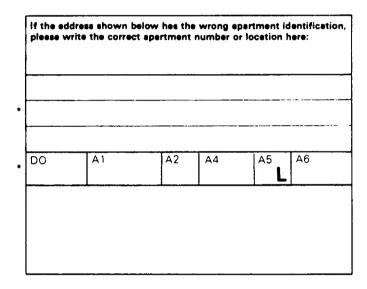
- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.

Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.

33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

1980 Census of the United States



Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2 Please continue -

How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover

Use a black pencil to answer the questions. Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens.

Fill circles "O" completely, like this. ●

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly.

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here.

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form.

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household.

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20.

Mail back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope; no stamp is needed.

1. What is the name of each person who was living

Please start by answering Question 1 below.

Question 1

List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- · Lodgers or boarders living here
- ·Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

Do Not List in Question 1

- · Any person away from here in the Armed Forces.
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- •Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere.

staying o	uesday, April 1, 19 r visiting here and	d had no other he	ome
			
			
<u></u>			-
<u> </u>			

Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box .

Then please:

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only,
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

Please continue

• 2			THE HOUSING QUESTIONS ON PAGE 3				
Here are the QUESTIONS These are the columns for ANSWERS		PERSON in column 1 Let name	PERSON in column 2				
↓	Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	First name Middle Initial	First name Middle initis				
 person listed in Question 1. 2. How is this person related to the person in column 1? Fill one circle. If "Other relative" of person in column 1, give exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, niece, grandson, etc. 		START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	If relative of person in column 1: Husband/wife				
3. Sex Fill one	e circle.	O Male	O Male				
4. Is this person		 White Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guamanian Chine'se Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Aleut Vietnamese Other — Specify Indian (Amer.) Print tribe 	O White O Asian Indian O Black or Negro Hawaiian O Japanese Guamanian O Chinese Samoan O Filipino Eskimo O Korean Aleut O Vietnamese Other — Specify — Indian (Amer.) Print tribe →				
5. Age, and me	onth and year of birth	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday 1	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday f				
a. Print age at	last birthday.						
b. Print month	and fill one circle.	b. Month of 9 0 1 0 1 0	b. Month of 901010				
c. Print year in below each	n the spaces, and fill one circle number.	birth 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Sinth 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 0 0 0 0 0				
5. Marital state	us	O Now married O Separated	O Now married O Separated				
FIII one circle	2.	O Widowed O Never married O Divorced	O Widowed O Never married O Divorced				
7. Is this personal origin or de		 No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic 	 No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic 				
attended re any time? kindergarten, e	gular school or college at Fill one circle. Count nursery school, lementary school, and schooling which school diploma or college degree.	Tes, private, criticitine lated	O No, has not attended since February 1 O Yes, public school, public college O Yes, private, church-related O Yes, private, not church-related				
	highest grade (or year) of - ool this person has ever	Highest grade ettended: O Nursery school O Kindergarten	Highest grade attended: O Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 O O O O O O O O O O				
person is in.	ling school, mark grade If high school was finished cy test (GED), mark "12."	College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more 0 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended school - Skip question 10	College (ocademic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more 0 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended school - Skip question 10				
	erson finish the highest year) attended? :/e.	 Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year) 	 Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year) 				
		USE ONLY A. OIONO	USE ONLY A. OI ON OO				

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Page 3 NOW PLEASE ANSWER QUESTIONS H1-H12 If you listed more than **PERSON** in column 7 7 persons in Question 1, FOR YOUR HOUSEHOLD please see note on page 20, H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a condominium? Middle initial if the person should be listed - for example, a new baby still in the haspital, a lodger who also has another home, or a person who stays here If relative of person in column 1: O Yes, a condominium once in a while and has no other home? Husband/wife O Father/mother H10. If this is a one-family house -O Other relative O Yes - On page 20 give name(s) and reason left aut. Son/daughter a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres? O No O Brother/sister H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now --If not related to person in column 1: for example, on a vacation or in a hospital? b. Is any part of the property used as a O Roomer, boarder | O Other nonrelative commercial establishment or medical office? O Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away. Partner, roommate O Yes O No Paid employee H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed? H11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium O Male O Female unit which you own or are buying O Yes - On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one What is the value of this property, that is, how at the home address to report the person to a census taker. 0 White Asian Indian much do you think this property (house and lot or Black or Negro Hawaiian 0 condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale? Japanese Guamanian H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this Chinese Samoan 0 0 address? Filipino Eskimo Do not answer this question if this is -0 0 Aleut O One Korean 0 · A mobile home or trailer 2 apartments or living quarters Vietnamese Other -A house on 10 or more acres Specify 0 3 apartments or living quarters O Indian (Amer.) 0 A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property Print 4 apartments or living quarters tribe 5 apartments or living quarters O Less than \$10,000 O \$50,000 to \$54,999 6 apartments or living quarters c. Year of birth Age at last \$10,000 to \$14,999 O \$55,000 to \$59,999 0 7 apartments or living quarters birthday 1 \$15,000 to \$17,499 0 \$60,000 to \$64,999 O 8 apartments or living quarters \$17,500 to \$19,999 \$65,000 to \$69,999 8 0 00 0 0 9 apartments or living quarters 0 \$20,000 to \$22,499 \$70,000 to \$74,999 10 19 0 10 O 10 or more apartments or living quarters Month of 0 \$22,500 to \$24,999 0 \$75,000 to \$79,999 birth 2 0 12 0 O This is a mobile home or trailer 30 3 0 \$25,000 to \$27,499 0 \$80,000 to \$89,999 4 0 4 0 H5. Do you enter your living quarters -\$27,500 to \$29,999 0 \$90,000 to \$99,999 5 0 5 0 \$30,000 to \$34,999 0 \$100,000 to \$124,999 O Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall? 0 16 0 Jan.-Mar. 6 \$35,000 to \$39,999 \$125,000 to \$149,999 O Through someone else's living quarters? Apr.-June 7 0 i7 O \$40,000 to \$44,999 0 \$150,000 to \$199,999 July-Sept. 8 0 8 0 H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters, \$45,000 to \$49,999 \$200,000 or more Oct.-Dec. 9 0 9 0 that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or H12. If you pay rent for your living quarters shower? What is the monthly rent? Now married Separated 0 Yes, for this household only Widowed If rent is not paid by the month, see the instruction Never married 0 Yes, but also used by another household 0 guide on how to figure a monthly rent. Divorced No, have some but not all plumbing facilities Less than \$50 O \$160 to \$169 0 No plumbing facilities in living quarters O No (not Spanish/Hispanic) \$50 to \$59 \$170 to \$179 Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters? \$60 to \$69 O \$180 to \$189 Ö Yes, Puerto Rican Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms. \$70 to \$79 0 \$190 to \$199 Yes, Cuban 0 \$80 to \$89 0 \$200 to \$224 O 1 room O 7 rooms O 4 rooms O Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic 0 \$90 to \$99 \$225 to \$249 O 2 rooms O 5 rooms O 8 rooms 0 O 3 rooms O 6 rooms O 9 or more rooms \$100 to \$109 \$250 to \$274 O No. has not attended since February 1 0 \$110 to \$119 \$275 to \$299 Yes, public school, public college H8. Are your living quarters 0 \$120 to \$129 0 \$300 to \$349 Yes, private, church-related \$130 to \$139 \$350 to \$399 O Owned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household? Yes, private, not church-related O Rented for cash rent? \$140 to \$149 \$400 to \$499 O \$150 to \$159 0 Occupied without payment of cash rent? \$500 or more Highest grade attended: FOR CENSUS USE ONLY O Nursery school Kindergarten B. Type of unit or quarters F. Total For vacant units D. Months vacant Elementary through high school (grade or year, A4. Block A6. Serial number number C1. Is this unit for -1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 persons Occupied O Less than 1 month 000000 00 000 0 Year round use O First form O 1 up to 2 months Seasonal/Mig. Skip C2. Continuation 2 up to 6 months College (academic year) 0000 000 000 C3, and D C2. Vacancy status 6 up to 12 months 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more III III IIIII Vacant s s s SSS 00000000 5 5 5 5 For rent O 1 year up to 2 years O Regular O For sale only O 2 or more years 3 3 3 3 3 3 3333 O Never attended school-Skip question 10 Usual home 444 9-4 44 Rented or soid, not occupied 4-44 elsewhere E. Indicators 5 **5 5** O Now attending this grade (or year) 555 5555 Held for occasional use Finished this grade (or year) 1. O O Mail return 666 6666 O Other vacant 666 **Group quarters** Did not finish this grade (or year) 7 7 7 7777 2. 0 0 Pop./F 777 C3. Is this unit boarded up? O First form 888 8888 888

Continuation

O Yes

O No

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Please answer H30—H32 If you live in a one-family house		
A mobile home or trailer		
A house on 10 or more some	and the state of t	
If any of these, or if y	ou rent your unit or this is a , skip H30 to H32 and turn to page 6,	
A house with a commercial establishment	, and the tall to page of	
or medical office on the property)		·
What were the real estate taxes on this property last year?	c. How much is your total regular monthly payment to the lender? Also include payments on a contract to purchase and to lenders holding second or junior mortgages on this property.	
\$.00 OR O None	\$.00 OR O No regular payment required —	Shin to
What is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?		page
	d. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) includ payments for real estate taxes on this property?	ie
\$.00 OR O None	Yes, taxes included in payment	
Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property?	No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required	
Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt	e. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include	de
O Yes, contract to purchase	payments for fire and hazard insurance on this property?	
O No — Skip to page 6	 Yes, insurance included in payment 	
. Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?	O No, insurance paid separately or no insurance	
○ Yes		
O les O lito		
_	Please turn to page 6	
	Please turn to page 6	
FOR CEN	Please turn to page 6 SUS USE ONLY	
FOR CEN	SUS USE ONLY 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 4	1.
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FOR CEN	SUS USE ONLY 1 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2. 4 S.S. 1 1 1 1 1 1 5.S. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 7 7 9 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
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nge 6										QUESTIO.	NS FC
Name of Person 1	16. When was this person born?					22a. Did this person work at any time last week?					
on page 2:	O Born before April 1965 — Please go on with questions 17-33			O Yes — Fill this circle if this O No — Fill this circle person worked full If this person							
Last name First name Middle initial			April 1965 or					part time.		did not	
11. In what State or foreign country was this person born? Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of	Turn to next page for next person 17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person — a. On active duty in the Armed Forces?					such as or helpi	part-time v delivering ; ing without v husiness ;	papers, pay in	housew school	work,	
the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State.	0	Yes	0	No		a family business or farm. or volunteer Also count active duty work,					
	b. Att	ending	college?				in the /	rmed Ford	, i		
	0	Yes	0	No					Skip to		
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.	c. Wo	rking at	a job or bu	isiness?			nany hou jobs)?	rs did thi	s person w	ork <u>last we</u>	<u>eek</u>
 If this person was born in a foreign country — Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States? 	1	Yes, fu	ull time O art time	No		Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked					
O Yes, a naturalized citizen		-			duty military				Hours	-	
No, not a citizen Born abroad of American parents	j .		ine Armed i in National		ne United States? serves only,	23. At what	location	did this I	person wo	k last wee	k?
Som abroad of American parents	1		on guide.							ocation, prin	rt
b. When did this person come to the United States	0	Yes	0	No — Skip	to 19			orked most			
to stay? O 1975 to 1980 O 1965 to 1969 O 1950 to 1959			duty milita	•	•	IT One IC	cation can	not be spe	citiea, see in	struction gu	nge.
○ 1970 to 1974 ○ 1960 to 1964 ○ Before 1950	''''		<i>ror each perio</i> 975 or later	ka in which t	his person served.	a. Addre	ss (Numb	er and stre	et)		
0 1370 to 1374 0 1300 to 1304 0 5ctore 1330	0	Vietna	m era <i>(Augu</i>		rii 1975)						
13a. Does this person speak a language other than	1		ary 1955—Ju n conflict <i>()u</i>	-	nunev 1955)	If stre	et address	is not know	vn. enter the	building no	ame
English at home? O Yes No, only speaks English — Skip to 14	0		War II (Sept	•		If street address is not known, enter the building name, shopping center, or other physical location description.					
Tes Ties, only speaks English Skip to 14			War I <i>(April</i> ther time	1917-Nove	mber 1918)	b. Name	of city, t	own, villa	ge, boroug	th, etc.	
b. What is this language?											
	1	-			mental, or other for 6 or more						
(For example – Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.)	mon	ths and	which		Yes No		-			orporated (rough, etc.	
c. How well does this person speak English?	1	_	nd or amoui is person ca		 	0 1	es es	O No	, in uninco	rporated are	ea
O Very well O Not well			person from	_			·				
O Well O Not at all			vents this p	_		d. Count	ty				_ _
14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about			g public trai	sportation?	0 0						
how to report ancestry, see instruction guide.	1	•	<i>is a female —</i> abies has s	_	ne 1 2 3 4 5 6	e. State			f. ZIP Co	de	
	had,	nat cau	nting stillbi	rths?	000000	24a. Last v		_	•		erson
			her stepchildi has adopted.		7 8 9 10 11 12 or more	to get	from ho	ne to war	k (one way	()?	
(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican,		idi eri sire	nus uuopteu.		00000				Minute	s	
Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.)	1	•	<i>has ever beer</i> rson heen r		re than once?	b How	did this n	erson usi	ally get to	work last	week?
15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago		Once		More than o		If this	person us	ed more the	n one meth	od, give the	
(April 1, 1975)? If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place	b Mor	th and	vear	Month	¥————— and year			most of the			
of residence there.		marriag	-		marriage?	0 (Car Truck		O Taxio	ab rcycle	
O Born April 1975 or later - Turn to next page for next person						1	/an		O Bicyc		
○ Yes, this house - Skip to 16		onth)	(Year)	(Month)	(Year)		Bus or stre Railroad	etcar		ed only ed at home	,
√ ○ No, different house					irst marriage usband (or wife)?	0 9	Subway or	elevated	Other	T — Specify	· ——
b. Where did this person live five years ago		Yes	0		usband (or whe):	If car, truck, Otherwise, si		24b, go to .	24c.		
(April 1, 1975)?	1111	777	77777	7777	FOR CENSU			\overline{T}	7777	1111	777
(1) State, foreign country,	Per. 11		13ь.	11111	14.	15b.		23.	77, .,	0 Ar	24a.
	1 1	00	000		000000		000	000	000	0 VL	00
Puerto Rico,	No. ⊘										
Puerto Rico,	I I	1 1	111		111 111		111	111	1 1 1	111	1 1
Puerto Rico,	s s I I		3 3 3 5 5 5 1 1 1		333 333	555	3 3 3 5 5 5 1 1 1	333 555 111	SSS	3 3 3 5 5 5 I I I	s s
Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.: (2) County: (3) City, town,	3 3 3 3 4 4	11 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	333 SSS		2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	333	2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4	233 333 588	2 2 2 3 3 3 3 2 2 2	4 4 4 3 3 3 2 2 2	2 S 4 4
Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.: (2) County:	I I I 3 3 4 4 5 5 5	3 3 3 5 1 1	3 3 3 S S S		333 333	3 3 3	2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5	2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5	2 2 2 3 3 3 3 2 2 2	2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5	

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O Yes

(4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits

O No, in unincorporated area

of that city, town, village, etc.?

ASUN T UN PAGE 2		<u> </u>		Page
c. When going to work last week, did this person usually —	CENSUS USE	31a. Last year (1979), did this person work, even for a few days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?	CENSUS	USE ONLY
 Drive alone — Skip to 28 Drive others only Share driving Ride as passenger only 	21b.	○ Yes	31ь. 31	c. 31d.
d. How many people, including this person, usually rode	000	- 165 - 1NU - Skip to 31d		0 00
to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	0 5 5	b. How many weeks did this person work in 1979?		S S S 1
0 2 0 4 0 6	11 3 3	Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.	33 3	3 3 3
○ 3 ○ 5 ○ 7 or mare After answering 24d, skip to 28.	044	Weeks	1	4 4 4 1 5 5 5
25. Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job	6.6	c. During the weeks worked in 1979, how many hours did	4 1 1	6 6
or business last week?	7 7	this person usually work each week?	7 7	? ?
O Yes, on layoff	V 8 8 ○ つ り	Hours	1 1	8 8
Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.	<u> </u>			
O No	22b.	d. Of the weeks <u>not worked</u> in 1979 (if any), how many weeks was this person looking for work or on layoff from a job?	l .	32b.
26a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks?	00		0000	0000
○ Yes ○ No — Skip to 27	S S	Weeks	8 8 8 8	
b. Could this person have taken a job last week?	33 44	32. Income in 1979 —	3333	
O No, already has a job	55	Fill circles and print dollar amounts. If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.	4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5	1
No, temporarily ill No, other reasons (in school, etc.)	66	If exact amount is not known, give best estimate. For income	6666	6666
Yes, could have taken a job	77 88	received jointly by household members, see Instruction guide.	7777	7777
27. When did this person last work, even for a few days?	99	During 1979 did this person receive any income from the	9999 9999	8888
○ 1980 ○ 1978 ○ 1970 to 1974)	-	following sources?	A C	0 A 0
0 1979 0 1975 to 1977 0 1969 or earlier Skip to	28. A B C	If "Yes" to any of the sources below — How much did this	32c.	32d.
O Never worked 31d	000	person receive for the entire year? a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from	0000	1
28-30. Current or most recent job activity	DEF	all jobs Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds,	1111	1111
Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week.	000	dues, or other items.	3333	,
If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which this person worked the most hours.	G Н Ј	○ Yes → \$.00	4444	
If this person had no job or business last week, give information for	000	O No (Annual amount – Dollars)	5555	i 1
last job or business since 1975.	KLM	b. Own nonfarm business, partnership, or professional	6666	
28. Industry	000	practice Report <u>net</u> income after business expenses.	8888	8888
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.		○ Yes → \$.00	9999	
Actived Forces, print. At a und skip to question 31.	000	(Annual amount - Dollars)	O A C	O A O
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	2.2	c. Own farm,	32e.	32f.
b. What kind of business or industry was this?	3 3	Report <u>net</u> income after operating expenses. Include earnings as a tenant farmer or sharecropper,	0000	: 1
Describe the activity at location where employed.	η- η , · ,	○ V	111	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	66	No (Annual amount – Dollars)	3 3 3	
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house,	7 7	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	9.99	
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)	8 8	Report even small amounts credited to an account.	555	1
c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)		○ Yes → \$.00	777	•
Manufacturing Retail trade Wholesale trade Other — (agriculture, construction,	NW O	O No (Annual amount – Dollars)	888	· .
service, government, etc.)		e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement	999	999
29. Occupation a. What kind of work was this person doing?	29.	■ ○ Yes → \$.00	32g.	33.
	NPQ	No (Annual amount – Dollars)	0000	1
(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of	000	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with	5555	1111
order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)	RST	Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance	3 3 3 3	
b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?	000	or public welfare payments	4444	4999
·	UVW	○ Yes → \$.00	5555	
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)	000	O No (Annual amount – Dollars)	7777	7777
30. Was this person — (Fill one circle)	X Y Z	g. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments,	ខែខែខេន	8888
Employee of private company, business, or		pensions, alimony or child support, or any other sources of income received regularly	9999	
individual, for wages, salary, or commissions	00	Exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an Inheritance	└ ■	0 A 0
Federal government employee	II	or the sale of a home.		ıııı
State government employee	3 3 3	○ Yes → \$.00		8 8 8 8
Local government employee (city, county, etc.)	444	No (Annual amount – Dollars)	1	3 3 3 3 4
Self-employed in own business,	5 5 5	33. What was this person's total income in 1979?	1 1	5 555
professional practice, or farm — Own business not incorporated	666	Add entries in questions 32a \$.00	66 6	6 6 6 6
Own business not incorporated	888	through g; subtract any losses. (Annual amount – Dollars)		7 7 7 7
	1	If total amount was a loss,	88 8	8 888
Working without pay in family business or farm O	979	write "Loss" above amount. OR O None	19919	9 9 9 9 1

	1.9-	
A.		

Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

GENERALF-1	PUBLICATIONS—Con.
PUBLICATIONS F-1	HC80-5, Volume 5, Residen-
Population and Housing Census	tial Finance F-4
Reports F-1	HC80-S1-1, Supplementary
PHC80-1, Block Statistics F—1	Reports F-4
PHC80-2, Census Tracts F-2	Evaluation and Reference
PHC80-3, Summary Charac-	Reports F-4
teristics for Governmental	PHC80-E, Evaluation and
Units and Standard Metro-	Research Reports F-4
politan Statistical Areas F-2	PHC80-R, Reference Reports. F-4
PHC80-4, Congressional	PHC80-R1, Users' Guide F-4
Districts of the 98th	PHC80-R2, History F-4
Congress F-2	PHC80-R3, Alphabetical
PHC80-S1-1, Provisional	Index of Industries and
Estimates of Social, Eco-	Occupations F-4
nomic, and Housing	PHC80-R4, Classified
Characteristics F-2	Index of Industries and
PHC80-S2, Advance Esti-	Occupations F-4
mates of Social, Economic,	PHC80-R5, Geographic
and Housing Characteristics . $F=2$	Identification Code
Population Census Reports F-2	Scheme
PC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	COMPUTER TAPES F-4
teristics of the Population F-2	
PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Num-	Summary Tape Files F-4 STF 1 F-4
ber of Inhabitants F-2	STF 2 F-4
PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General	STF 3 F–4
Population Characteristics F-2	STF 4 F–5
PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General	STF 5 F-5
Social and Economic	Other Computer Tape Files F-5
Characteristics F-3	P.L. 94-171, Population
PC80-1-D, Chapter D,	CountsF—5
Detailed Population	Master Area Reference Files
Characteristics F-3	1 and 2 (MARF) F-5
PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject	Geographic Base File/Dual
Reports F-3	Independent Map Encoding
PC80-S1, Supplementary	(GBF/DIME)F-5
Reports F-3 Housing Census Reports F-3	Public-Use Microdata
troubling control troperto :	Samples F-5
HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units F-3	Census/EEO Special File F-5
teristics of Housing Units F-3 HC80-1-A, Chapter A,	MAPS
General Housing	MICROFICHE F-5
Characteristics F-3	
HC80-1-B, Chapter B,	STF 1 Microfiche F–5
Detailed Housing	STF 3 Microfiche F–5
Characteristics F-3	P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche F-5
HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro-	
politan Housing	
Characteristics F-3	GENERAL
HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject	
Reports F-3	The results of the 1980 Census of Popu-
HC80-4, Volume 4, Compo-	lation and Housing are issued in three
nents of Inventory Change F-3	forms: printed reports, computer tape

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices; and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

PUBLICATIONS

Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics—These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather

than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA'), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States. SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population—This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, iourney to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veterar. status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and cross-classified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, sourney to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

Housing Census Reports

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units-This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports— Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance— This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of non-farm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

Evaluation and Reference Reports

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

COMPUTER TAPES

Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State. the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

stf 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for ◆ areas similar to those shown in STF 2. except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5-This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts—In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas. and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

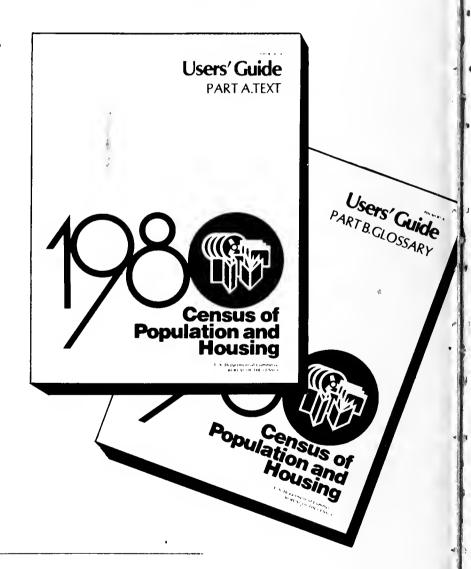
1980 Census of Population and Housing

Users' Guide

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text—Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



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Part A. Text (S/N 003-024-03625-8)—\$5.50. Supplement 1 (S/N 003-024-05004-8)—\$6.00 (includes Part B. Glossary, Sources of Assistance, and Updates)

Census HD 7293 .A56x 1983 vol. 2 pt.173 c.4 Census of housing (1980).

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